000	MR. COLES, EXAM. BY MR. MacDONALD		
1	MR. MacDONALD		
2	Yes, My Lord, the next witness is going to be Mr. Coles.		
3	MR. GORDON COLES, recalled and still sworn, testified as follows:		
4	EXAMINATION BY MR. MacDONALD		
5	Q. Good morning, Mr. Coles. Welcome back for the last time.		
6	MR. COLES		
7	You hope.		
8	MR. MacDONALD		
9	We hope.		
10	Q. Mr. Coles, we're dealing as you know with the case of the		
11	expense claims submitted by Mr. Billy Joe MacLean. When		
12	did this matter first come to your attention?		
13	A. Well, I think it was in November of '83.		
14	Q. And how did it come to your attention?		
15	A. I received a telephone call from Mr. Cormier, theI think		
16	then the Deputy Auditor General, and as a result of those		
17	conversations we arranged a meeting that I attended at his		
18	office to discuss the matter.		
19	Q. Were you advised in advance the purpose of the meeting?		
20	And perhaps I can help you, if you turn to page 27 in		
21	Exhibit 173. That is a letter from Mr. Cormier to you of		
22	November 14, 1983. Was that your first knowledge of this		
23	particular matter?		

A.

times, yes.

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Well, he makes reference to the telephone call to arrange a

- 1 | Q. Okay. Thank you.
- A. This was my first.
- Q. Now did you know which individuals, who were members of the legislature, were going to be discussed?
- 5 A. Not to my recollection.
- Q. Were you given any information in advance of the meeting in forms of documents or otherwise?
- A. No.
- Q. Was this the...was it a surprise to you that you were being asked to confer with the Auditor General on a matter such as this?
- A. Well, I don't recall having any particular knowledge of what
  the nature of the meeting was, no, I ...it didn't come as any
  surprise. I meet with senior people involved with
  government.
- Q. Were you aware that the RCMP were going to be in attendance at the meeting?
- 18 A. No.
- Q. Let me ask you to turn to page 28, which is a letter from the
  Auditor General and that letter was enclosed with the
  earlier letter I just referred you to.
- 22 A. Yes.
- Q. Now you were aware, I guess, that the RCMP had been contacted first by the Auditor General.
- A. Yes.

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- Q. But not that they were going to be in attendance at the meeting.
- A. Yes, and I did not know the nature of the contact, I didn't know any of the particulars involved.
- Q. Do you have recollection of that meeting, Mr. Coles?
- A. I have a recollection. I don't know how specific it may be, but I have a general recollection of the meeting, yes.
- Q. Tell me as best you can then what took place?
  - Well, I was accompanied by Mr. Gale of our department, director of criminal, and when we arrived there, the two police officers were there, it's my recollection they were there. We exchanged pleasantries and I don't think there was anything else said and we were taken into the board room and there I think Mr. Sarty, the then Attorney General, Auditor General, sorry, and Mr. Cormier, and I think he had another staff member there. I'm not certain of that. think we were then made aware that the RCM Police that were out there had been invited and I think I expressed the opinion, "Well, let's see what this is all about before we involve the RCM Police," and...or words to that effect. So we met and they identified the particulars of their concerns that they, as I recall, their concerns were largely and exclusively about the supporting documentation that was submitted in support of a claim for reimbursement for expenses, and identified the areas of the concerns and

that...and informed me or informed us that they had discussed this with the RCM Police and my recollection of their advice was that, well, it's a matter you should refer to the Attorney General's Department. And they were, in fact, so referring it to the...to us and that was in essence the meeting. I think the RCM Police then were invited to join and I'm not sure that we stayed, Mr. Gale and I stayed, throughout the meeting with the RCM Police or not. I think they were told when we were there that they had referred this matter to us and that was in essence my recollection of the meeting.

- Q. What was it being referred to you for? What did you understand you were being asked to do?
- A. Well, at the time I...that it was referred for our consideration, nothing more and nothing less. They...
- Q. Consideration of what?
- A. Of whether or not this material that was submitted to support the claims had any...there was any fraudulent aspects to it. I left with the feeling that the Auditor General quite properly raised concerns in respect to this material and considered it his obligation to refer it, identify those concerns and refer them, which is in fact what he did and what I understood he intended to do.
- Q. You were to look at the information and determine whether in your opinion there...

- A. Whether there was any action to be taken with respect to that matter.
- Q. Any action...
- A. I had the feeling it was left with us.
- 5 Q. Yes.

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- 6 A. But I wasn't...
- Q. Any action to be taken in the form of what, whether an investigation should be conducted?
  - A. I don't think there was any specific references to what it was...he had...he had concerns, he identified them and he referred them to us which I concluded that that was he...that's what he thought was his responsibility and having done that, then it was up to us to do whatever...whatever in our opinion that material warranted.
  - Q. Okay. And I suggest to you that one of the things you would have to look at is whether the information made available to you was such that an investigation should be carried out to obtain additional information.
  - A. Well, that may be. I'm not sure we...I specifically addressed anything. We took the material back and we were going to look at it and see whether there was anything irregular and if so, if there were irregularities whether or not they were actionable, whether there was any wrongdoing involved.

    And if there was wrongdoing involved, of course, then we would have presumably asked for an investigation. I'm not

- sure at this point of what...at that meeting that these were the things going through our heads. We went down to find out what it was all about and this is...this is what we were told.
- Q. Were you aware that the RCMP had already looked at the information and had determined, to their satisfaction, that the matter did require investigation and that there appeared to be criminal activity involved?
- A. Not at that time or any time subsequent.
- Q. Thank you.
- A. I might say I did express concern that...where they were...the Auditor General had decided that they were going to refer this matter to us, I expressed concern that they would seek an opinion in advance from the RCM Police, they had said they had discussions with the RCM Police for an opinion. I wasn't too sure why they would consult the RCM Police for an opinion, but that's my recollection of what was said. It seemed to me they were putting the cart before the horse.
- Q. Well, why is that? Surely there is nothing wrong with going to the police and saying "Here's the information. In your view does this warrant investigation? Is there evidence of some criminal activity?"
- A. No. I didn't say there was anything wrong with. I expressed surprise that they...that they did that where they

#### MR. COLES, EXAM. BY MR. MacDONALD

obviously were of the view they were going to refer it to us for our consideration. I...it just seemed to me to be doing the things wrong way to, if they were going to refer to the RCM Police for whatever reason, fine. I had no objection to that. I just expressed concern that they would seek an opinion, well, that's what I...my recollection of what I was told, and the opinion was referred to the AG's Department.

10:20 a.m.

- Q. Look at page 28. Again, I think you have it opened there.
- A. Yes.
- Q. The last paragraph where it says "The RCMP have now responded to us. Based upon the evidence that we laid before them, they feel there is justification to take the matter further." What did you understand they were telling you there?
- A. I'm not so sure I understood anything from that. I...this was material for the meeting. At the meeting I understood what they said, they were referring the matter to us and I didn't understand anything further than that. I didn't...I presume if I had addressed that, I would have thought that meant holding a meeting with us and referring the matter to us. Certainly the advice that I recall or the information I recall getting at the time was they were advised by the RCM Police to refer the matter to the AG's Department and that's what I...

- Q. But you had a letter that was saying based upon the evidence that the RCMP had looked at, they felt there was justification to take the matter further. Now I suggest to you that necessarily that would mean that the RCMP looked at the materials and concluded that there was some sort of an investigation was necessary.
- A. Well, I didn't interpret it that way. I, as I say, I don't recall paying particular attention to that, but if I had, it would have meant that's what the purpose of the meeting was, to refer the matter to the AG's Department.
- Q. Now is that a normal sort of thing to happen, that matters are referred to the Attorney General's Department for consideration whether, I think you said, there was any wrongdoing involved?
- A. Well, I don't know how normal it is. It has happened.

  We've had instances that I recall speaking of in the previous session I was here about departments having matters, but the Attorney...the Auditor General was in a very special position. His function is to audit and satisfy himself on the legitimacy of it and having done so, he doesn't get involved in a prosecutorial sense that I'm aware of.
- Q. What information was given to you by the Auditor General at that meeting?
- A. It wasn't very much. There was specimens of statements of expenses primarily.

- Q. Just specimens, you weren't given the entire file.
- A. Oh, I don't think I had the entire file. I think there was selected specimens, not specimens, they were copies of actual material in support of the claim.
- Q. Did you consider you had all the information required to enable you to make a determination whether there was any wrongdoing, to use your words?
- A. Well, this was the material that they identified that concerned them, and I expected they gave to us what they thought were sufficient samples for us to consider whether or not they represented any wrongdoing or what the nature of them may have been.
- Q. Regardless of what they did, Mr. Coles, did you consider, sir, that you had sufficient information, sufficient documentation, to enable your department to determine whether there was any wrongdoing taking place here?
- A. Well, I would have to answer yes to that. I left it to Mr. Gale to consider the matter and give me his opinion and advice and I presume that he must have been satisfied that he had sufficient evidence or information to respond to.
- Q. How long was the meeting?
- A. It wasn't a very long meeting. I'm not certain. I would think probably, certainly less than half an hour, an hour. It was a relatively short meeting. They had the material ready that they wanted us to have and it didn't take very

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- long for them to identify their concerns with that material.
  - Q. I think you said earlier you said when you arrived that the RCMP were there and you said, "Let's find out what it's all about first before we involve the RCMP," words to that effect.
- 6 A. Well, I'm not so sure I said that to anybody. That's...
- Q. That's what you said this morning, at least that's what I understood you to say.
  - A. Well, I may have said that when I was inside when they said, "Shall the RCMP come in?" and I may have said that; that was certainly my attitude.
  - Q. So you wanted to be briefed, if you will, by the Auditor General before the RCMP came in to the room.
- 14 A. Well, certainly.
- 15 Q. Why?
- A. Well, I didn't know what I was there for and I wanted to...I
  wanted to know. It seemed to me to be appropriate that if
  they had any instructions or anything to turn over, had any
  questions of me, I didn't see any need for the RCM Police to
  be present.
  - Q. But you knew the RCMP had already been involved and, in fact, had determined that based on the evidence before them they thought there was justification to take the matter further. I don't understand why you want to exclude them.
- A. Well, I had...I acknowledge I had this copy of the letter. It

- didn't mean much to me. I didn't know what the subject matter was. I didn't know what the particulars were. I didn't...I didn't pay particular significance to the letter.
- Q. Let's look at the letter again on page 28. You're advised by the Auditor General, in the second paragraph, that his department has uncovered two situations "Where based upon the evidence before us, it appears to us that abuses of the system of a fraudulent nature may have occurred." So you knew you were going to be dealing with something, at least the Auditor General concerned...was concerned that may be fraudulent.
- A. Um.
- Q. And then you were aware that the RCMP, commercial crime division, had looked at it and based on their review of the evidence, considered there was justification to take the matter further.
- A. Oh, sure, I presume I read the letter, was aware of it.
- Q. And when you arrive at the meeting you tell the Auditor General "I'd rather meet with you alone without the RCMP first, until I understand what this is all about." Is that generally...?
- A. Words to that effect, yes.
- Q. Okay. And the Auditor General then lays before you the information that you consider is sufficient to enable you to understand the nature of the...their concern.

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- A. Well, I don't want to be picky. But I don't know if I
  considered it sufficient. This is the information that, in
  respect to which he had his concerns and which he was
  referring to us for our consideration. I don't think there was
  anything more said or...than that.
  - Q. But surely now as a lawyer taking a briefing, you're going to be satisfied that you're being given sufficient information to enable you to understand what you're being asked to do and to give an answer.
- A. Well, we...at that point we were not in any position, or
  certainly I was not in any position, to make any comment on
  it. This is the material they...that they represented as
  evidence of their concerns and asked us to consider it.
- Q. And then they explained what their concerns were to you.
- A. Yeah, that it ...that in their opinion it didn't satisfy the rules required to support the claim.
- Q. Well, did they not tell you that they considered it to be fraudulent?
- A. Yes, well, I think they said and it may be fraudulent and that's what they wanted us to consider.
- Q. Thank you. Then you brought the RCMP into the room, is that correct?
- 23 A. Well...
- Q. Or then the RCMP was brought into the room.
- A. Yeah, I don't think I had any say about them coming or

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A.

No.

# MR. COLES, EXAM. BY MR. MacDONALD

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1		going.
2	Q.	Well, you had something to say about them not coming.
3	A.	Well, I suggested that we meet and I find out what it's all
4		about and that's right, sure, and Mr. Sarty agreed to that.
5	Q.	And then, in any event, the RCMP then were brought into
6		the room, sir.
7	A.	At thetowards the end of ourthe briefing that we had
8		received, yes.
9	Q.	Chief Superintendent MacGibbon was there.
10	A.	Yes.
11	Q.	And Inspector Blue.
12	A.	I presume so. I don't specifically remember Inspector Blue
13		or not.
14	Q.	Now what input did they have then? What did they add to
15		your briefing?
16	A.	I don't recall any input. I don't recall anything said. I
17		thinkI think they were told that the matter wasthat they
18		had referred the matter to us and that was it and I think at
19		that point Mr. Gale and I left. I don't recall them having any
20		input.
21	Q.	Wouldn't you want to know why these senior people in
22		commercial crime division in Nova Scotia considered that

to take the matter further?

there was justification based on their review of the evidence

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- Q. You weren't interested in the views of these senior Mounted Policemen.
- 3 A. The only...
- 4 Q. Why they considered the matter should be looked at?
- A. Well, you know, counsel I don't want you to put words in my mouth. The only advice, only information I recall getting as to the views of the RCM Police was that the matter should be referred to the Attorney General's Department.

  That's the only advice I recall being told at that meeting.
  - Q. I understand that, sir, but what I'm trying to determine is why you wouldn't have been interested to know why they considered the matter should be referred. The police who looked at this independently and came to that conclusion.
- A. Well, you know, I don't know what conclusion they came to and I don't know what they looked at.
- Q. Well, you know that. It's in the letter of...
- A. Well, I'm sorry, I don't...
  - Q. That's sent to you by the Auditor General.
- A. I don't read the letter that way, Mr....
- Q. Well, how do you read it? I can't read it in any other way.
  - A. That they had some involvement with the Auditor General and that based on what they saw that there is justification to take the matter further, and my information that I was told was that their advice was to refer it to the Attorney General's Department. That's all I concluded from it.

- Q. Wouldn't you conclude that when the RCMP suggest that a matter be referred to the Attorney General, it's because they believe a crime has been committed?
  - A. Not necessarily.

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- 5 Q. Okay. Having left the meeting...
- A. If they believe there is a crime that was committed, I would have thought they would have taken charge of the investigation at that point. They refer for legal opinions on a whole range of things, not necessarily because there's a crime.
- Q. Was it your expectation at the end of that meeting then that you were going to give a legal opinion to the RCMP?
- A. No. I had no expectations that there was anything required of us to go the RCMP. We will look at it, and consider it, and if there was a nec...in our opinion a basis for an investigation, then we would have asked the RCMP police for an investigation. That's the way I would have thought.
  - Q. So you were going to look at whether in your opinion there would be a basis, a requirement for an investigation to be carried out.
  - A. No, no, to see whether or not the documentation evidenced any wrongdoing and if so then there would, of course, have to be an investigation.
- Q. Okay. After the meeting then, Mr. Coles, sir, what did you do?

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1	Α.	Oh, I don't recall specifically. At some point after the
2		meeting I called the Speaker, the Honourable Arthur
3		Donahoe, to inform him that we had met with the Auditor
4		General and that we had certain material that we were
5		considering and that I think at that time I probably
6		mentioned to him that we would need to have copies of the
7		rules that were in force during that period. It wasI think
8		it was a period in '82, I'm not sure right now, I think it was
9		in two short periods in the year 1982. And I think that was
10		the meeting, and I understood him to say that he was going
11		to be meeting with Mr. MacLean to ascertain explanations
12		that weren't, you know, apparent and that he would advise
13		me or get back to me or words to that effect. So I don't
14		think I did anything further priorother than that.
15	Q.	When you advised the Speaker of the involvement of your
16		department, he was already aware of that, was he not, or
17		aware that you were going to become involved?
18	A.	I think so. I think so. He wasn't surprised to hear from me.
19	Q.	And why is it that you were in contact with the Speaker?
20		Why would you do that? The Auditor General asking you

- Why would you do that? The Auditor General asking you for advice, why would you go to the Speaker and inform him what you were doing?
- A. Well, the Speaker really wasn't in his capacity as Speaker, it was in his capacity as chairman of the Internal Economy

  Board and that was a board that controlled members'

- expenses and provided for them and had the rules that
  pertained to them, and so I had to contact him, in my
  opinion, to have access to that material.
- Q. He also indicated to you, I believe you said, that he was going to be meeting with Mr. MacLean?
- A. It's my understanding that it was at that time that I learned that...that he said that he would be meeting with Mr.

  MacLean.
  - Q. Was...could that have been a suggestion from you that he meet with Mr. MacLean to get an explanation?
  - A. It could have been. I don't recall.
- Q. You would see, I take it, nothing wrong with the Speaker interviewing Mr. MacLean and getting his explanation.
- A. No, I don't see anything wrong with it.
- Q. There was a suggestion yesterday, Mr. Coles, and perhaps I can get you to look at page, I think it's page 23. In the...at the top of that page, and these are notes made by Staff Sergeant Leigh and I'm not suggesting that you've seen them before, but...
  - A. Well, I haven't.
- 21 10:35 a.m.

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Q. At the top of that page, it says "telephone call from Paul Cormier, Deputy Attorney General of Nova Scotia. He advised that yesterday on the advice of the..." And there's a blank there. That says "Premier" in the original. "On the advice of

- the Premier and Art Donahoe, Speaker of the House, he attended a meeting at the Speaker's office." Did you have any discussions with the Premier concerning this, what was being done with the Attorney General?
- A. None whatsoever.

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- Q. Did you have any discussions with the Attorney General telling him what you were doing?
- 8 A. At this point in time?
  - Q. At the point in time that you were reviewing this matter to determine whether, in your opinion, any wrongdoing had taken place?
- A. Oh, I'm sure I had with the Attorney General, but I don't recall. They wouldn't, it would not be other than just to say that we have been asked by the Auditor General to consider this matter. I doubt if there was anything more than that.
  - Q. Did you review the information given to you by the Auditor General?
  - A. Oh, I was familiar with it but I asked Mr. Gale to consider the matter and give me his opinion and advice. I was waiting on Mr. Gale's advice on the matter, but I was familiar with it, yes. There wasn't that much material.
  - Q. What type of materials were there?
- A. Well, as I say, my recollection was that there were copies of statements that were submitted in support of the expense claims for lodgings and food and normal type of expenses.

- Q. Did you notice that all of the receipts were sequentially numbered, for example?
- A. Yes.
- Q. You noticed that.
- A. Yes, and they were all run through on what we learned to be a hotel stationery.
- Q. And the hotel being the Sheiling Hotel in Port Hawkesbury?
- A. That is correct. The hotel was not, that part of the... That part of the invoice was cut off. There was no representation that it was the Sheiling Hotel.
- Q. But you did subsequently learn that that's where they came from.
- 13 A. Yes.
- 14 Q. And that they were sequentially numbered.
- 15 A,. Yes.
- Q. Did you also note that there was claims for taxes and meals on those receipts?
- A. Well, I don't recall. If they were there, I would have noticed it. I don't recall.
- Q. And that they were used or submitted as expense receipts for expenses incurred while the Member was in Halifax.
- A. I'm not sure. They were expense receipts. They were statements of expenditures.
- Q. were they not submitted as receipts?
- A. They were submitted in support of the expenditures and the

- explanation that I understand, that I recall, was they were not intended to be receipts per se. They were an accounting of the monies expended.
- Q. Who gave you that explanation?
- A. I think that was set out in a letter I received from Mr.

  Donahoe following the meeting he had with Mr. MacLean.

  Either that source or when I received Mr. Gale's opinion.
  - Q. All right, let's go to the letter to you from the Speaker, and that's on page 29. Did you consider it important that Mr. MacLean be interviewed and explain what the various receipts were intended to be?
- A. No, I don't think I considered it important. It was useful to have an explanation of what they were.
- Q. Let me take you to page 30 of that letter and the second full paragraph where it starts out "The procedure..." Do you see that?
- A. Yes.

Q. "The procedure he followed..." That's Mr. MacLean, "was to keep track of these trips." He's talking about trips he took to Halifax and had stayed in other people's apartments and so on. "On his return to Port Hawkesbury, he would advise a female employee of the motel, have her ring through receipts for accommodation after first clipping off the name of the motel from the receipt form and submit these receipts in support of his expenses." Now you know that's not correct.

- That can't possibly be correct, given the information you have.
- A. Well, at that time, no, they were not receipts on the face of them, no. Of course not.
- Q. Neither was it... This is telling you, isn't it, Mr. Coles, that as a regular procedure, Mr. MacLean would go to Halifax. When he come back, he would give his employee advice, have her ring through a receipt, and he'd then submit it. That's what you're being told. Isn't that correct?
- 10 A. That's what it says, yes.
- Q. Well, how could you possibly then end up with sequentially numbered receipts, if you followed that procedure?
- A. Well, your point is well taken. I don't know and I don't know when we noticed they were, you know, when they were examined. They were examined subsequent to this letter by Mr. Gale.
- Q. But you said you yourself were aware.
- A. I was aware, yes. I'm not sure of the exact point in time I was aware of it.
- Q. Let me just quickly, we'll come to this in detail, but turn to page 35. That's your letter to the Attorney General, in the second paragraph.
- A. That's my report, yeah.
- Q. In the second paragraph, the second letter, you say:

15589	MR	L. COLES, EXAM. BY MR. MACDONALD
1	ſ	Mr. MacLean's explanation of the manner in
		which he filed his Statement of Travel and Living Allowances is, in our opinion, a reasonable
2		explanation.
3	A.	Yes.
4	Q.	Now I put to you, sir, that it can't be reasonable because it, in
5		fact, is implausible.
6	A.	Well, may we look at Mr. Gale's opinion?
7	Q.	Certainly. That's on page 32.
8	A.	My My report there, I think, is based on what Mr. Gale
9		advised me on the top of page two there. That was based on
10		the explanation I was referring to.
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12		supporting receipts, however, these were
13		simply used as means of accounting for his expenditures as he stayed at private
14		accommodations.
15	Q.	I'm sorry, where are you looking at?
16	A.	I'm sorry, at the top of page 33, the top paragraph.
17	Q.	Okay, I understand that that's what Mr. MacLean said, but
18		I'm
19	A.	Well, you're asking me why I made that statement. It was
20		based on Mr. Gale's advice and opinion to me, which is what I
21		relied on.
22	Q.	But you also had a letter from the Speaker in which he sets

out what he was told by MacLean. You had no interview with

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A. No.

MacLean, did you?

- 1 | Q. And you know Mr. Gale had no interview with MacLean.
  - A. Not that I'm aware of.

- Q. So the only interview with MacLean and the only information that you had was on page... Was of the letter from the Speaker to you. Yes?
- A. Yes, and... Yes, that's right. But I was acting on Mr. Gale's opinion and advice and that's what... That's the genesis of that item of my comment in my report to the Attorney General.
- Q. Would you agree with this, Mr. Coles, that the explanation that Mr. MacLean gave to the Minister, I'm sorry, to the
  Speaker, which is found on page 30, in part, is an implausible explanation and certainly is not reasonable, given what you knew.
- 14 A. Well, if that... Yes.
- 15 Q. Thank you.
- 16 A. It's not...
- Q. It's not reasonable. Yes?
- A. Well, I interpreted it as saying that that was an accounting for the expenditures he made and his reference to it being a receipt. It was not a receipt and, to that extent, it was not reasonable, yes.
- Q. Well, it's implausible, sir, that, I suggest, that he followed the procedure which he told the Speaker he did follow, given the information you had.
- A. Well, that may be. I mean I don't know the mechanics of how

- you would have consecutive receipts. He may have had a special pad that he used for this purpose, I don't know.
  - Q. You know they were cash register receipts.
- A. Yes, I don't know where the marking... I don't recall right now where the markings were.
  - Q. Well, at least wouldn't it put a question in your mind that maybe this explanation is not plausible. Maybe it's not reasonable.
    - A. Well, it should have, if it didn't, but I... I left the matter to Mr. Gale to consider and advise me on it. I didn't specifically look at it in any particular detail.
  - Q. Maybe we should have an investigation. Did that ever enter your mind?
    - A. Well, I was waiting on Mr. Gale's advice and his advice gave no basis or reasons for any investigation.
    - Q. We'll come to Mr. Gale's advice to you. On page 23 again. This is the... I'm again referring to the note that Staff Sergeant Leigh made and it's at the bottom of the page that I want to refer you to and get your comments.

Cormier advised that Donahoe (that's the blank there, Mr. Coles) that Donahoe is reporting the results of his investigation directly to the Deputy A.G., Mr. Coles. Coles is not interested in having the matter investigated by the police. Mr. Gale is not opposed to a police investigation, although he will go along with Coles' wishes.

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- Did you ever convey to Mr. Gale that you did not want a police investigation to be carried out in this case?
- A. No, not to my recollection. I think at that point in time, we're talking, noting here, it's the first of... It's January of '84. I would not have been in a position to agree or disagree to a police investigation at that point. We hadn't even considered the matter, to my knowledge. And certainly I wouldn't have a police investigation unless there's a basis for one, and I certainly wouldn't oppose one, if I was advised there was a basis to one.
- Q. Did you...

- A. I don't know where that statement originated.
- Q. Did you and Gale ever discuss this topic whether or not there should be a police investigation?
  - A. Not that I recall because when I got his advice, there is no basis for a police investigation and that was it. I don't recall talking about whether there would or wouldn't be one until we got his advice on the matter. And there's nothing on that that suggested to me there should be a police investigation.
  - Q. Nothing in what?
- A. In Mr. Gale's advice.
- Q. Again, we'll come to that. The last paragraph on page 24:

From the information supplied by Cormier, it would appear that any chances for a successful police investigation are being seriously

## MR. COLES, EXAM, BY MR, MACDONALD

hampered by Donahoe's investigation.

That's the blank there.

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A. Well, I don't know what that refers to.

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Q. Would you not agree that having the Speaker interview Mr.

MacLean, disclose to him all of the concerns that could give

rise to the suggestion that there may be criminal activity, that

that's a bad way to proceed with an investigation?

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A. Well, I don't know what Mr. Donahoe may have said to Mr. MacLean. I knew that he was going to... I understood that he was going to get explanations for the material that was submitted and he is a person who has a right to have explanations, it seems to me.

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Q. In order to get an explanation, wouldn't you have to disclose

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to MacLean what it was that was concerning you?

A. Well, of course. But if there's an accounting irregularity or

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any other kind of irregularity, it seems to me that the person responsible for approving or passing the accounts has a right to an explanation. That's all I understood from the meeting

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he was going to have.

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Q. And you would not believe, then, that the Speaker carrying out an investigation could hamper a subsequent police investigation on the same matter.

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A. I wouldn't think so.

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Q. Thank you. Let me take you back to page 22. That has been identified yesterday, Mr. Coles, as a memorandum from

Inspector Blue to Chief Superintendent MacGibbon given the day following your meeting with the Auditor General and in which there is identified various sections of the <u>Criminal Code</u> which may have been violated. Do you know whether those various sections in those various potential crimes were considered by your Department? Were they considered by you?

- A. They weren't considered by me. I left the matter to Mr. Gale.
- Q. And you were content to rely on what Mr. Gale would advise you in that respect?
- A. Yes.

- Q. Thank you. Let me go then to the opinion... Well, first of all, we'll go back to page one of this booklet. These are notes that were made by Mr. Cormier. I want to direct your attention to the bottom of page one where it's... That paragraph that starts "moreover..." He's talking here about the explanation that was given to the Speaker by Mr. MacLean.
- A. Just a moment, Counsellor, I'm not sure I'm in the same...
- Q. It's on page one.
- A. the last paragraph? Oh, yes, okay.
- Q. These were Mr. Cormier's reflections, as I indicated. But he's talking there about the explanation that was given by Mr. MacLean to the Speaker. He says:

I personally find it extremely difficult to accept

the veracity of the explanation and documentation provided. Again, I will make no judgement on the legality of the matter.

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Then he says:

Consider that, first: There were 42 cases of S.M.

(That's Sheiling Motel) vouchers used. Second, they were in continuity. Third, they included meal and tax charges as well so they could not be considered as memos prepared after each trip. No explanation why this support...this type of support documentation had to be used in lieu of proper type of documentation.

Would all of those concerns not be in your mind as well from a review of the documentation and considering the explanation given by MacLean?

10:50 a.m.

- A. Well, I had left the matter to Mr. Gale. I didn't address the matter directly and personally on those matters. I left the matter to Mr. Gale and he gave me his opinion and advice on that.
- Q. Did you...
- A. I don't know as to whether or not...whether he addressed those.
- Q. Would you agree that...
- A. ...particular points or not. This was not...
- Q. Would you agree that those are points that should have been considered by your department before advising the Minister that no charges should be laid?
- A. Well, they certainly are legitimate concerns, certainly.

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- Q. Thank you. And concerns that should have been looked at by Mr. Gale.
- A. Probably.
- Q. Thank you.
- A. But I don't know what concerns, other concerns, that he may have looked at that may have have mitigated against those.
  - Q. And he'll, of course, gave us his evidence on those points. I take it Mr. Gale was asked by you and you expected that he would review all of the documentation, consider the explanation given to the Speaker by Mr. MacLean and in the context, in that context, review the authorities and advise you whether any wrongdoing had occurred, whether any investigation should be carried out, whether any charges should be laid.
    - A. I don't recall giving him specific instructions. I asked him to consider the matter and advise me.
    - Q. If you had given him specific instructions, is that not the sort of thing you would have wanted to tell him to do?
    - A. Well, sure, I don't think I would need to tell Mr. Gale those kind of factors to be considered.
    - Q. Would you be expecting then in getting an opinion from him that he would have done all of those things, he would have reviewed the documentation in detail, he would have considered the explanation given by Mr. MacLean in the context of the documentation that was available and he

- would have looked at the authorities and all relevant sections of the <u>Criminal Code</u> before giving advice to you?
- A. If I had specifically addressed myself to those issues,

  probably so. I thought, and I do have full confidence in Mr.

  Gale's ability to advise me on a matter of this kind as, in

  fact, he did.
- Q. All right. Let's go to the opinion that you received from Mr.

  Gale. It starts on page 32. Can I...am I accurate, Mr. Coles, in saying that after the meeting with the Auditor General, you took a fairly passive role; you were waiting for the advice from Mr. Gale?
- A. That is correct.
- Q. Thank you.
- A. Well, and I think I was waiting for advice, a reply from Mr.

  Donahoe. I think he indicated that he was going to get back to me or write to me or something.
- Q. When you got the advice from Mr. Donahoe, what did you do with it? We've already looked at that letter of January 13th, 1984.
- A. It would go in the file.
- Q. Would it go to Gale?
- A. Well, the file would be either in ...with Gale or myself. It would...sure, he would have access to it.
- 24 Q. Would you...
- A. I don't know at that point whether the file was in my office

- or in Mr. Gale's office, but he would have access to it.
  - Q. You would have brought it to Mr. Gale's attention.
- A. Well, but it was there for his attention. I don't recall specifically bringing it to his attention. There would be no need for me to. It would be in the file.
- Q. Is it your understanding that Mr. Gale had a copy of that letter, that he saw it, that he read it, that he considered it?
- A. Well, I would expect so. There's no reason why he would not have had it.
- Q. Thank you. Let me take you to page 33. I want to get to the essence of Mr. Gale's legal opinion, and that's the second paragraph where he says, "The only charge that could be considered is that of fraud under Section 338 of the Criminal Code." You accepted that to be the case, did you?
- 15 A. Yes
- Q. Did you ask him...did you consider, Mr. Coles, a charge of forgery?
- A. No, I didn't.
- Q. Did you consider a charge of uttering forged documents?
- 20 A. No.
- Q. Did you consider a charge of false pretences?
- A. No. I had no basis to put those questions.
- Q. But you agree that, at least on the surface, where you are dealing with a receipt from the Sheiling Motel, you now know that it's a Sheiling Motel receipt that is being

#### MR. COLES, EXAM. BY MR. MacDONALD

- submitted as an...on an expense account, that on the surface anyway that's a forgery, when it purportedly relates to expenses incurred in Halifax.
- A. Well, you know, I'm not in a position to debate the law with you, but I suppose that if it's intended to be represented, misrepresented, it could be a misrepresentation. But, you know, I don't know, I didn't consider to look in to that.
- Q. Let me go on with his opinion. "However, since it is virtually impossible to prove the LIEB regulations or that Mr.

  MacLean had knowledge of them, a charge could only be proceeded with if he had not expended the money the claimed for," I expect that should mean "He claimed for." I don't understand that. If you obtain money, if you do, by false pretences or by the use of forged receipts, you could claim...you could charge for it, couldn't you?
- A. I think you're making a presumption there that's not stated.

  I think what I would understand from that is if the money is expended and the form of proof of expenditure is different than...is not in a receipt, that doesn't mean the money has not been expended. It may disentitle you to reimbursement because you haven't complied with the rules unless there is a provision to accept an explanation for non-compliance. I don't think, I don't...
- Q. Let me go on.

#### MR. COLES, EXAM, BY MR. MacDONALD

In the material we have, it appears that the claims are not fraudulent in that he made trips and expended money although there is no hard evidence as to how many trips he made or how much he expended. But on the other hand, there is no evidence on which to contradict his assertions. If one wanted evidence to prove or disprove his assertions then a police investigation would be necessary.

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Now you read that and you understood that at the time it was told to you.

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A. Yes. Read the next paragraph too, the last sentence in the next paragraph.

Q. Okay. Let's read the whole paragraph.

A. All right.

13 Q.

In conclusion, it is a matter for the Speaker's office to determine under the LIEB regulations which, if any, of the trips are to be considered to be on constituency business. The remainder of the trips will have to be paid back by Mr. MacLean or he will have to be compensated from other sources. On the information we have, there is no basis for criminal charges in that there is no prima facie case if one accepts the explanations given by Mr. MacLean.

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And that's the basis of the opinion, isn't it?

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A. Yes.

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Q. Now isn't that the same as saying, "We have a potential accused here, but he denies that he committed a crime, therefore, we can't proceed with the investigation"?

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- A. Well, that's not my interpretation.
- Q. What other interpretation can there possibly be? He says we can't get any evidence to contradict MacLean unless we do a police investigation and because we don't have any evidence to contradict him, we have to accept what he says.
  - A. Well, he...he says...gives no basis or reason why you shouldn't accept the statements that he accepted.
  - Q. He never interviewed Mr. MacLean, did he?
- A. Not that I know of. But I...
  - Q. And you agree with me, you did a few moments ago, that the explanation MacLean gave on the surface anyway is implausible.
- A. Yeah, but not necessarily criminal. He may not be entitled to be reimbursed if he expended the money and the receipts were not, were not acceptable or the evidence was not acceptable, but that doesn't necessarily make it wrong, criminally wrong.
  - Q. What the person has told the Speaker cannot be true.
  - A. It may not be true but it's not necessarily criminal.
  - Q. Well, if an accused tells you a story that cannot be true in justification for what he did, do you accept that as saying, fine, we don't have any other evidence to the contrary so we won't charge you?
- A. Well, all I know is that it was...this was the basis of this conclusion that, in my opinion, that was...that was it.

- 1 | Q. But you...
- A. I accepted it.
- Q. You accepted it. But, Mr. Coles, isn't that what you're being told here, that MacLean denies it, we don't have any evidence to the contrary, so we won't lay charges and we couldn't get evidence to the contrary unless we did a police investigation?
- A. I didn't see or read into this that...the words that you're
  suggesting it says. My reading of it at the time was that
  there is nothing...there is no evidence to contradict his
  assertions but there is no recommendation or suggestion
  that there...that it ought to be checked out, that on the face
  of it it appeared acceptable and negated any charge of fraud.
  That's what I read from this.
- Q. Do you agree with this, Mr. Coles? The only evidence you have at that time, the only evidence Mr. Gale had, is Mr. MacLean's explanation.
- A. I think you have to ask that of Mr. Gale. I...
- 19 Q. I'm asking you, sir, because you accepted it.
- A. I presume that's what he had, but I, you know, I'm not in a position to say that's all he had.
- Q. You're not aware of anything else.
- A. I'm not aware of it, no.
- Q. And the explanation, you will agree, on the surface of the procedure that Mr. MacLean says he followed is implausible.

#### MR. COLES, EXAM. BY MR. MACDONALD

A. On the face of that explanation, that's right, I can't think of any other explanation for it.

## MR. MacDONALD

Do you want to take a break?.

## BREAK - 11:03 a.m.

11:25 a.m.

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Q. Mr. Coles, we were referring to the opinion that was given to you by Mr. Gale and I was putting to you my reading of the advice that you received. But could you tell me what you understood the opinion that you were being given by Mr. Gale? What were you being told?

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A. Well, I suppose it's best expressed by the last sentence of the third paragraph on page 33 in which Mr. Gale says "On the information we have, there is no basis for criminal charges and that there is no prima facie case if one accepts the explanations given by Mr. MacLean." And there is nothing in that that made me not accept the explanations and so that's the basis... That's the bottom line of what I understood, plus some recommendations as to how the system ought to be improved.

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of the interview which the Speaker had with Mr. MacLean.

A. The only information I had?

Q. The only information the Attorney General's Department had.

The only information you have, and just so I understand it, is

what was given to you by the Auditor General and the results

### MR. COLES, EXAM. BY MR. MACDONALD

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- A. To the best of my knowledge. Well, we also had access to the rules and the acts that were involved, the <u>House of Assembly Act</u>. You know, we had the statutory documentation.
- Q. Chief Superintendent MacGibbon testified yesterday that the information that was given to the R.C.M.P. by the Speaker, by the Auditor General, the same information we understand that was given to the Attorney General.
- A. I don't know what was given to...
- Q. No, I'm telling you what our understanding is. That based on that information alone, it wasn't difficult to make out a prima facie case of forgery. That's what MacGibbon said. Would you agree with that or did you ever direct your attention to that?
- A. No, there's no information that came to my attention that put in issue the genuineness of the...
- Q. No, I'm sorry, I said based on the documents only, which are documents from the Sheiling Motel in Port Hawkesbury and which were advanced as receipts for expenses incurred in Halifax, based on the documents alone, it's not difficult to establish a prima facie case of forgery.
- A. Well...
- Q. Do you accept that?
- A. I'm not in a position to respond to that. Mr. Gale was not of that opinion, obviously, or he would have said so. I did not consider it.
- Q. I suggest to you that what you're being told here by Gale is

### MR. COLES, EXAM. BY MR. MACDONALD

1		that based on the documents we have and what Mr. MacLean
2		says, Mr. MacLean's explanation, there's no prima facie case.
3		That's all you're being told. Isn't that correct?
4	A.	I have no difficulty with what you're saying. I mean, sure.
5	Q.	And isn't that the same as saying that the accused has given
6		us an explanation which, in the absence of investigation, we'll
7		accept and, therefore, we're not going to press ahead with an
8		investigation. And we're not going to lay any charge.
9	A.	Well, I understood it more than that. That there was nothing
10		about the explanation that warranted or was a basis or reason
11		for having an investigation. I didn't read anything in Mr.
12		Gale's opinion or advice that suggested that there should be a
13		police investigation.
14	Q.	Did you read anything at all? Did you read what the Speaker
15		said about his interview with MacLean?
16	A.	Oh, I think I read it. But, as I say, the matter, I was leaving
17		the matter for Mr. Gale to advise me on and I don't think I, in
18		hindsight, one might have treated it differently. But, at the
19		time, I didn't.
20	Q.	"Didn't even justify an investigation."
21	A.	Well, I was relying on the opinion and advice of Mr. Gale and
22		I didn't see that being suggested or recommended.
23	Q.	But he also said "If one wanted evidence to either prove or
24		disprove what MacLean said, a police investigation would be

necessary."

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### MR. COLES, EXAM, BY MR. MACDONALD

- A. Yeah, I didn't interpret that as a recommendation or a basis that he was saying there should be.
- Q. But he did advise you that in order to either prove or disprove MacLean, a police investigation would be necessary.
- 5 A. Well, that's what he says there, but I...
- Q. And then he says that "If you want to accept what MacLean says, then no charges are warranted."
  - A. Yes, and he didn't say there was any reason not to accept the explanation and, in the absence of that, I didn't... I didn't take that position.
  - Q. Surely you're not suggesting that every accused in Nova Scotia is given that benefit.
    - A. I don't know. I'm simply saying that this is the advice, the opinion I acted on, accepted and acted on.
    - Q. Okay. Now you know the advice is, within a year or so is wrong, that an investigation, in fact, was carried out by the police and that, in fact, there was evidence to warrant the laying of charges and, in fact, support a conviction.
    - A. I'm not saying that this opinion and advice at that time was wrong. Certainly in hindsight, there should have been an investigation, of course.
  - Q. Well, the advice is wrong, isn't it?
- A. Well, considering what Mr. Gale looked at. He did not,
  obviously, see that that material supported a charge under
  338 and all I'm saying is that right or wrong, that was his

### MR. COLES, EXAM. BY MR. MACDONALD

- opinion and that was the opinion I accepted and acted on.
- Q. Let me just see if I can summarize. You're told by Mr. Gale that if one wants to prove or disprove what Mr. MacLean says, his explanations, you must carry out a police investigation. If you want to accept what MacLean says, then there is no evidence to justify laying charges.
  - A. Yes, that's what he...
  - Q. That's what you're told.
- A. That's right.
  - Q. And I put to you then, you must have formed the independent conclusion that I will not ask for an investigation to either prove or disprove what MacLean says.
    - A. Well, I keep repeating myself and you keep putting the same question to me. I did not read into this opinion a basis not to accept or reject the explanation. And if Mr. Gale had thought otherwise, I would have expected him to have recommended a police investigation.
    - Q. Okay. Now we come to your advice to the Attorney General.
    - A. Well, it's more of a report.
    - Q. Yes, you enclose Mr. Gale's report. And then you say, in the second paragraph:

It is Mr. Gale's opinion, with which I concur, that the irregularities in Mr. MacLean's compliance with the general regulations made pursuant to the <u>House of Assembly Act</u>, are more accounting irregularities rather than such as to warrant any

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### MR. COLES, EXAM. BY MR, MACDONALD

further criminal investigation.

Now that was based on Mr. Gale's opinion, was it?

- A. Yeah, that was my conclusion of what he said, yes.
- Q. And I suggest it must have been for you to say you concurred with it, you must have accepted Mr. MacLean's explanation as well.
- A. Yes.
- Q. But the explanation, I think we've already looked at, is not plausible.
- A. Well, as I look at it now, that's right. But at the time, it... My reading of it, I did not, I did not see anything that suggested otherwise to me at the time.
- Q. Mr. Cormier testified yesterday on several occasions that the minute he heard the explanation, he knew it was implausible. But you didn't. When you saw the explanation, it didn't register with you.
- A. No, no.
- Q. Is it the first time you considered it implausible when I suggested it to you today?
- A. Yes.
- Q. Thank you. You further advised the Minister, and we've already looked at that, that Mr. MacLean's explanation is a reasonable explanation. Do you still consider that it was a reasonable explanation?
- A. Well, in hindsight, as I say, in hindsight, I think, obviously,

### MR. COLES, EXAM. BY MR. MACDONALD

- one would have had a police investigation. But, at the time, that did not seem required or called for.
- Q. Would you agree with this that had you carefully considered the documents and what Mr. MacLean had told the Speaker in 1984, January, 1984, that you would have ordered a police investigation at that time?
- A. Well, you know, it's easy to say yes, but I mean it's hypothetical. I don't know. I was relying on the advice that I got from Mr. Gale.
- Q. Okay. You also, in this letter to, or report to the Minister in the fourth paragraph say:

We have communicated our opinion in the matter to the R.C.M.P.

How did you do that?

A. Well, it's my recollection is, I asked Gordon to tell them that, not that we not under any obligation to tell them, but I, my recollection is that I would have asked Gordon to say, "Well, you'd better tell the R.C.M. Police of our position." I would never have reported that to the Minister at that time if I hadn't, and I just presumed that he had. After all, you must remember the R.C.M. Police are dealing, or Mr. Gale is dealing with the R.C.M. Police on a daily basis and meeting with the C.I.B. officer on a weekly basis, on a regular weekly basis and I presume that he carried out that.

### MR. COLES, EXAM, BY MR. MACDONALD

- Q. Chief Superintendent MacGibbon testified yesterday that he was never advised, that the R.C.M.P. were never advised.
- A. Well, if he wasn't, I don't know, you know, if he wasn't, I
  don't know Mr. Gale's position. My understanding was Mr.
  Gale was going to advise them. I would not normally be
  advising them and I just presumed that Mr. Gale had done so
  because, otherwise, I would not have written that in that
  report.
  - Q. In writing it to the Attorney General, it was your understanding that the R.C.M.P. had been advised and I think...
- 12 A. Yes.

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- Q. You said earlier this morning that you had told Mr. Gale to advise the R.C.M.P.
- 15 A. Yes.
- Q. So you just assumed that he did.
- A. I don't know if I told him. You know, I said, "We'd better tell the R.C.M. Police and do so."
- 19 Q. Okay.
- A. Or words to that effects, I presume.
- Q. What did you mean when you told the Minister that, in that same paragraph...
- A. Before you leave that. You know, I didn't feel any obligation to the R.C.M. Police. I had no knowledge of their so-called "waiting for advice from us." That was news to me when I

#### MR. COLES, EXAM. BY MR. MACDONALD

- heard it through testimony reported yesterday.
- Q. Whether you felt an obligation or not, you intended that they be advised.
- A. Oh, sure, because I knew that they had been contacted initially by Mr. Sarty.
- Q. What did you mean by this comment, in the same paragraph?

We have communicated our opinion in the matter to the R.C.M.P. who, although they were not formally asked to investigate the matter, nevertheless were made aware of the concerns of the Auditor General, since Mr. Arnold Sarty had spoken to them on an informal basis before bringing the matter to our attention.

What do you mean by the phrases "formal" and "informal"?

- A. Well, that goes back to what I understood from Mr. Sarty at the time at our meeting that I understood that he had discussed it with the R.C.M. Police and got an opinion and the opinion was that they should refer the matter to the Attorney General. And my understanding was they had been asked for an opinion, not asked to conduct an investigation.
- Q. So a formal request to conduct an investigation is one that, how was that communicated to the R.C.M.P.? You say that they were not formally asked.
- A. Well, my understanding was that they... My information was limited to what Mr. Sarty told us at that meeting and if you're formally asked, you're asked to investigate and they would go

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### MR. COLES, EXAM. BY MR. MACDONALD

- ahead and do their investigation. I had no knowledge that
  they were asked to or, in fact, did any investigation. But I
  was told that they gave an opinion.
  - Q. And the opinion being?
  - A. That the matter be referred to the Attorney General's Department.
    - Q. Thank you. And you then drafted a letter for the Minister to send to the Speaker in his capacity as Chairman of the Internal Economy Board, is that correct?
  - A. That's correct.
- Q. And that was the end of the matter, as far as you were concerned until, for that period of time.
  - A. Yes.
    - O. When did it next raise its head then?
- A. I think my recollection is as what you have in the book here is when I received a copy of a letter from Mr. Herschorn, who was then the Director of Prosecutions, to the Minister asking to set up a meeting to discuss the question of plea bargaining.

  This was later on after charges had been laid and the accused is represented and counsel for the accused approached the prosecuting officer and made certain representations.
  - Q. Do you, in your capacity as... Did you in your capacity as

    Deputy Attorney General review the report of the Auditor to
    the Legislature as a matter of course?
  - A. Did you ask me whether I read it?

# MR. COLES, EXAM, BY MR, MACDONALD

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1	Q.	Yes.
2	A.	Oh, sure.
3	Q.	Was there anything in the report of the Auditor General, the
4		1984 report, that would have caused you to reflect on the
5		decision that was made by you in When was it? April of
6		1984?
7	A.	I don't recall.
8	Q.	Let me take you to some of the contents of that report. On
9		page 8 of Exhibit 173.
10	A.	Yes.
11	Q.	The comments on page six. It says: "On April 18, 1984"
12		That's down towards the bottom, Mr. Coles.
13	A.	Um-hum.
14	Q.	
15		The Attorney General in a letter to the Chairman of the Board presented his Department's reply to
16		our request of November, 1983, regarding certain expense claims. The letter was made
17		public by the Attorney General at a press
18		conference on November 1, 1984.
19		What was made public was the letter to the Speaker. The
20		opinion you had from Mr. Gale was never made public, was it
21		or your advice to the Minister?
22	A.	Not to my knowledge, but it may have. I don't recall it.
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MR.	COLES.	EXAM.	BY	MR.	<b>MacDONALD</b>
11:4	0 a.m.				

- Q. And then over on page 9, and I'm referring to the last paragraph on page 10 of the report, and over to the next page.
- A. I'm afraid there's no numbers on my pages.
- Q. I'm sorry.
- A. Oh, I'm sorry, unless...is that...
- Q. They're wrong.
- A. I'm sorry.
- Q. I'm sorry. I'm referring to page 63, I guess, of the report.
- A. Okay.
- Q. It's page 9 of Exhibit 174. It's the one over in the right-hand corner.
- A. Okay.
- Q. Where it talks about "one member's expenses" and it refers to Mr. MacLean. And it refers, again, to the April 18 letter which indicated there was no basis. And the Auditor goes on to say this,

It should be clearly understood that it is not within the responsibility or the competency of my office to make judgements with respect to legal matters which have been referred to the Attorney General for his opinion or action.

Then on the next page,

However, as Auditor General, it is my opinion that the documentation employed and the

### MR. COLES, EXAM, BY MR. MacDONALD

explanations provided by the member for certain expense claims are inappropriate for the expenses claimed and unacceptable from an audit standpoint.

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Would you have seen that at the time it was published?

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A. Well, it was available to me. I presume I did.

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Q. If you had directed your attention to that...those particular paragraphs, would that have caused you to perhaps reassess the opinion you had given earlier?

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A. I don't think so. I would interpret that he's talking about accounting procedures. There's some questions whether those expenses ought to have been paid because of the form of the documentation. But that wouldn't necessarily impute any criminal wrongdoing.

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Q. Chief Superintendent MacGibbon again yesterday testified that having read the auditor's report, he considered, or was contemplating, commencing an investigation on behalf of the R.C.M.P., but there is nothing in the report that caused you to assess in any way the earlier opinion you had given?

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A. No.

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Q. Thank you. Turn to page...

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A. I might say, if that was his view, it was certainly never made known to me.

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Q. Thank you. Turn to page 46, please, of this booklet. This is a letter from Mr. MacLean, the Leader of the Opposition, to the chief R.C.M.P. officer in Nova Scotia. At this time were

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### MR. COLES, EXAM. BY MR. MacDONALD

- you being asked by the Attorney General or the Premier or anyone else to reconsider this case and determine whether charges, whether an investigation should be called for?
  - A. No.
- Q. Would you agree with the comments of Mr. MacLean? I 5 guess he's actually reporting what was said by the Attorney 6 General in the third paragraph, last sentence, "He," that's the Attorney General, "has refused to take any action whatsoever and has merely said the R.C.M.P. is free to investigate it if it so wishes." Would that be your 10 understanding of the role of the police, if they want to investigate any suspected criminal activity, they're free to do so?
  - Well, they have to have some basis for doing so, but they A. have...certainly have the jurisdiction to do so, sure.
  - Is it your understanding that they need any sort of special Q. direction or authorization before they can commence an investigation of alleged criminal activity by a member of the Legislature?
  - No, no, in the sense that they don't need any special A. instructions or authorization.
  - Q. And so they're free to investigate provided they have some basis on which to suspect criminal activity is taking place.
  - A. They have to have some allegations that would justify an investigation.

### MR. COLES, EXAM. BY MR. MacDONALD

- Q. And in particular, the R.C.M.P. do not require advice or consent from your office before launching an investigation in this case?
  - A. No, not unless they request such advice.
- Q. If they request your advice, and they're advised not to proceed, do you understand that was the end of it?
  - A. Well, then it opens up another...another situation, because under the contract that they're...the AG's Department is the proper source for them to take legal advice from and you would expect people who seek advice to accept the advice.
  - Q. Now you were aware, were you, that the R.C.M.P. were carrying out an investigation in 19...in response to the Leader of the Opposition's request?
  - A. Oh, I think that was general public knowledge.
- Q. And, in fact, would the R.C.M.P. not have advised your office through the regular Thursday meetings with Mr. Gale?
  - A. I would expect so. Well, I would expect so, sure.
  - Q. And you also are aware that, I assume, that following that investigation, the R.C.M.P. turned up sufficient evidence which in their opinion justified the laying of charges.
  - A. Yes.

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- Q. Are you aware whether in coming to that conclusion the
  R.C.M.P. consulted with any prosecutor in the employment of
  the Attorney General?
- A. I have no knowledge.

### MR. COLES, EXAM, BY MR. MacDONALD

- Q. Would you expect that that would have happened?
- A. Yes.
- 3 Q. It would have...
- A. In the normal course, there is no instructions to the contrary, so...
- 6 Q. No instructions not to.
- 7 A. Sure.
- 8 Q. Okay.

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- 9 A. No instructions that I was aware of.
- Q. Do you have any reason to doubt that if the R.C.M.P. had
  been instructed to commence an investigation in January,
  February, April of 1984, they would have come up with the
  same information?
- A. Oh, that's speculative, I don't know.
  - Q. Well, all of the information...you are aware that the charges laid against Mr. MacLean flow out of the same information that was available to you or to your department when you reviewed the matter in 1984?
  - A. Well, I'm not sure. We were looking at a period of several months in 1982 and I think the...I think the R.C.M. Police investigation covered a much larger period of time than that, the subsequent investigation. I'm looking here at page 53, the very first line it says, "That for a period '81 to '86."
  - Q. Yeah, well, look back at page 32. You were looking at the period from June 25, '82, to November 30, 1982.

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### MR. COLES, EXAM. BY MR. MacDONALD

- A. Yes.
- Q. Now what page did you just refer me to?

### MR. PINK

If my friend looks at the information, it shows the time range that was covered.

### MR. MacDONALD

Yes, I understand that.

### MR. COLES

- A. Well, I just happened to have the page 53 before me at the time of your question.
- Q. Look at page 47, it's the actual information. Now November...I'm sorry, the first charge is the...sort of the umbrella charge. If you go down to the next charge, it's between March, 1982, and 30th of June, 1982. Do you see that?
- A. Yes.
- Q. And the next is between August '82 and 30th of September '83. The next is the first of August '82 and 30th of September '83.
- A. I'm sorry, I thought your question related to the investigation, the subsequent investigation, and my comments are just taken from the letter I refer you to on page 53, and the first line of that letter, first sentence, if I may be be permitted to read it.
- Q. Sure.

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### MR. COLES, EXAM. BY MR. MacDONALD

- A. If you want me to.
- Q. Sure.
- A. "The R.C.M.P. investigation with regard to Mr. MacLean
  covers a period from October 6, '81, and includes up to
  February 20, '86." My only point of referring to that was I
  thought you suggested that their investigation...subsequent
  investigation covered the same period that...of the
  documents that were referred to me.
  - Q. Let me put it this way and perhaps it's more precise. That it would have included the same period of time.
  - A. Well, certainly.
- 12 Q. That you were looking at.
- A. Oh, certainly.
- Q. And you were aware that the R.C.M.P. and your prosecutor in dealing only... including the period that had been considered by your officer earlier, were of the opinion that Mr. MacLean had committed a crime.
  - A. I knew charges were laid. I was not personally aware of anything beyond that. I did not involve myself.
  - Q. You were involved in the discussions on what plea to accept, what fine to...
  - A. Yes.
- Q. So in being involved in those discussions, did you not...
- A. That was subsequent, that was subsequent to the period that you're asking the question on.

### MR. COLES, EXAM. BY MR. MacDONALD

- Q. Again my question may have been...may not have been precise enough and I apologize for that.
  - A. Oh, certainly.

- Q. What I'm suggesting is that had you asked the R.C.M.P. to carry out an investigation in the early months of 1984 that you would...they would have come up with the same information respecting the months that you had looked at as they did later.
- 9 A. Oh, of course, I would expect them to, sure.
- Q. And that that information showed that Mr. MacLean's explanation was wrong.
- 12 A. Yes.
- Q. And the crime had been committed, in their view.
- A. Yes, that warranted laying a charge, yes. That was not the opinion that I had from Mr. Gale.
- Q. But you...but Mr. Gale's opinion and which you concurred is that let's not carry out an investigation.
- A. Well, I saw nothing in the advice that I was given that
  would warrant a basis for carrying out an investigation, that
  is correct.
- Q. Did you ever reprimand Mr. Gale for giving you the advice he did which appears to have been wrong?
- 23 A. No.
- Q. Did you ever discuss it with Mr. Gale subsequently after the R.C.M.P. laid charges, after Mr. MacLean elected to plea

#### MR. COLES, EXAM. BY MR. MacDONALD

guilty?

- A. No.
- Q. So it was just...just forgotten.
  - A. Well, it didn't reoccur. I thought he gave me the best opinion that he had at the time and I accepted that.
  - Q. And you still think it's a good opinion.
- A. Oh, of course not.
- Q. But you've never communicated that to him.
  - A. I don't think he needed any communication from me.

    Subsequent events spoke loud and clear.
    - Q. Tell me about your involvement in the plea bargaining, socalled?
    - A. Well, I attended a meeting at the...that was arranged with the Attorney General at the time, the Honourable Mr. Giffin, and by Mr. Herschorn, who is the director of prosecutions and he summarized the situation, the factual situation that, advanced the representations on the question of an offer to plea bargain on the part of the counsel for the accused. There was a general discussion of those recommendations and the consensus of the three of us were that it was an appropriate and proper case to bargain and some...then discussion was on the various charges, and my recollection is that the consensus was that if there was to be a bargain plea that it should be on the first or the umbrella clause, the fraud clause, but in the alternative that the Crown would be

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### MR. COLES, EXAM, BY MR. MacDONALD

- satisfied with a...with a plea of guilty on four of the specific 1 My recollection, and it's more based on having 2 reviewed it from this material, that the...the counsel for the 3 accused was asking for...to plead guilty on two counts.
  - Were the merits of the case considered? Q.
- A. Oh, I think Mr. Herschorn, as I recall, summarized the, in fact, there's a letter that we had received from the 7 prosecuting officer, Mr. Clair. 8
  - Did you understand that the Crown believed they had a Q. strong case and they could get a conviction?
- I'm not sure at this point that that was... Α. 11
- Was it normal for you to be involved in plea bargaining Q. discussions? 13
- Oh, not...we don't have that many plea bargaining A. 14 The decision and our policy is that they be discussions. 15 taken in our office and I'm involved in some of the more 16 serious ones and others the directors attend on, and I'm 17 consulted and informed about them. 18
- Q. Was this one of the more serious ones?
- A. Oh, yes.
- Serious from what point of view, the person involved or the Q. 21 nature of the crime? 22
- A. No, the nature of the crime and the ... and certainly the 23 person involved, the publicity and the public interest in this 24 matter. 25

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## MR. COLES, EXAM, BY MR, MacDONALD

- Q. Did you consult with the R.C.M.P. or the actual prosecuting officer to get his advice or their advice?
  - A. No, I was relying on the representations advanced by the director of prosecutions, Mr. Herschorn.
  - Q. What involvement did the Attorney General have?
- A. Well, in this particular case he made the decision as to
  whether there would be and what...and he agreed. When I
  say he made the decision, it was his decision, but he agreed
  with the consensus or the views of Mr. Herschorn and
  myself.
- Q. Was there any discussion about the appropriateness of an Attorney General being involved in that type of discussion where the accused is a Cabinet colleague?
- 14 A. No, not that I recall.
- Q. Do you have any view as to whether that is appropriate?
- A. Well, I didn't consider it inappropriate. I mean this is a case that he was...the charges that he was confronting were those of his own individual personal doing and I saw no conflict there, no.
- Q. Was there discussion about the appropriateness of asking for a period of incarceration?
  - A. That was raised...that was one of the, certainly one of the considerations, but my recollection is that it was thought that a substantial fine in a range that was being recommended that was appropriate in the circumstances.

### 15625 MR. COLES, EXAM, BY MR, MACDONALD

- Q. Was there consideration given to the recent Nova Scotia authorities on that issue when incarceration should be requested and when it shouldn't be?
- 4 11:55 a.m.

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- A. I don't recall specifically. Mr. Herschorn may have alluded to it, but I don't recall specifically.
  - Q. In particular, do you recall if there was discussion about the September, 1979 decision of the Court of Appeal of Nova Scotia in the matter of the Queen v. Perry?
  - A. I don't recall specifically, no.
- Q. But the topic was addressed, whether or not a period of incarceration should be recommended, and it was decided...
- 13 A. That the fine was appropriate.
- Q. Thank you. Was there any differences of opinion between yourself and Mr. Herschorn on that matter?
- A. Not that I recall. As I recall, the recommendation was fine,
  and there wasn't a big discussion on it. As I recall, the
  question came up what about incarceration and the consensus
  and agreement was that the fine was appropriate.
  - Q. And that was concurred then by you and the Attorney General.
- 22 A. Yes.

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Q. All right. Now, Mr. Coles, we've spent some time in the last week or so, you and I discussing the involvement of the Attorney General's office in a couple of cases that have, at

### 15626 MR. COLES, EXAM. BY MR, MACDONALD

- least one common denominator was dealing with Cabinet
  Ministers. Have you ever been asked in your position as
  Deputy Attorney General to consider or give any advice on
  whether there should be a Director of Public Prosecutions in
  Nova Scotia?
- A. Oh, I think I may have been asked in an informal way. I don't recall being asked to do research or give an opinion on the matter.
- Q. As a man who has had your experience as Deputy Attorney General, what do you say to that proposition, that there should be or there shouldn't be a Director of Public Prosecutions in this province?
- A. Well, I think you have to define what you mean. You know, we do have a Director of Prosecutions in the province in the person of Mr. Herschorn, but he is accountable to the Attorney General and...
- Q. Well, let's define what we're talking about. What do you understand the Office of Director of Public Prosecutions to be in those jurisdictions that have such an office?
- A. Well, the only jurisdiction that I have any general knowledge of, and it's not specific, is in England and there, I understand, there is an office of Director of Public Prosecutions.
- Q. Who is he responsible to?
- A. I'm not, I don't know. I don't know how he's accountable or responsible, or to whom or through him he reports.

### MR. COLES, EXAM, BY MR. MACDONALD

- Q. Let me put this to you then. Do you believe, based on your experience as Deputy Attorney General and, in particular these two cases that we've talked about, that there should be a system in Nova Scotia, a person who is a Director of Prosecutions who is not accountable to an elected official.
- A. No, that is not my personal view. My personal view is that I think the, in this case, the Attorney General or it could be another designated member of the Executive Council, as a Minister of Justice. I think it's important in our form of parliamentary democracy that the person who is responsible ought to be accountable through the electorate process and I think that, I think the system serves us well and I think it's a proper accountable system. That's my personal view.
- Q. Have you ever thought about an office of a Director of Public Prosecutions somewhat similar to the role of the Auditor General, reportable, responsible to the Legislature only?
- A. No.

- Q. Do you think that would be the type of system that would be good in Nova Scotia?
- A. I have no views on that. I haven't thought about it. I think, I suppose my main concern with the position that I've just expressed, which is certainly a personal opinion and not one...
- Q. That's all I'm asking for, sir.
- A. And not I've expressed or had endorsed by anyone else. Is that, you know, there is an area of prosecutorial discretion

### 15628 MR. COLES, EXAM. BY MR. MACDONALD

involved and will always be involved and I think that that's								
best exercised by a person who is accountable in the normal								
way in our parliamentary process. And I think that that has								
been responsibly exercised by the Attorneys General under								
who I've served and with those whom I've been acquainted.								

- Q. Have you ever given consideration, and I'd like to have your views on this suggestion, the use of a system similar to that employed in the United States in some circumstances where an independent prosecutor, an independent investigator is appointed in matters dealing with persons of prominent, or prominence or politicians?
- A. No.

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- Q. Do you think that would be something that should be implemented?
- 15 A. I haven't considered it.
  - Q. And you don't wish to express any opinion?
- 17 A. No.

### MR. MACDONALD

That's all my questions, My Lord. Thank you.

### MR. CHAIRMAN

Mr. Ruby?

### EXAMINATION BY MR, RUBY

Q. Mr. Coles, when this matter was originally referred to you for advice in the first meeting that you've described, was the

### 15629 MR. COLES, EXAM, BY MR, RUBY

- MacLean matter referred to you solely or were there other matters as well referred to you, other persons?
- A. My recollection is it was just the MacLean matter.
- Q. I know you've told us through Mr. MacDonald that you didn't want the R.C.M.P. there at that meeting for the full briefing, but I don't understand why. Could you assist me?
  - Well, I can't add to what I've said. I had no knowledge of the nature of the meeting, apart from the general reference that it had to do with the expense account and I didn't know what was going to be asked of us and it just seemed proper that we would take our instructions without the presence of the R.C.M. Police. I had no knowledge of their involvement other than what was set out in that general letter. It wasn't a matter particularly of not wanting them. It just didn't seem appropriate that they be there until we found out what was being asked of us.

### **COMMISSIONER EVANS**

- Q. Excuse me, Mr. Ruby, that the letter to... in writing... The letter inviting you or your representative to the meeting did not state that the R.C.M.P. was going to be there?
- A. That is correct.

### MR. RUBY

Q. I don't understand why it's inappropriate. What would be harmed if the R.C.M.P. were there? What advantage would you gain by having them not there?

### 15630 MR. COLES, EXAM. BY MR. RUBY

- A. Well, I did not know the nature of the discussions. There could have been privileged discussions. There could have been all kinds of things said there that might create some difficulty for the R.C.M. Police to be privy to.
- Q. For example. I don't understand what it was that you couldn't let the R.C.M.P. know.
- A. Well, I...

- Q. What were you thinking about at the time? What crossed your mind?
- A. Well, nothing. I'm talking and answering a hypothetical here.

  I had nothing in my mind. I just did not know what the
  nature of the matter was to be and it seemed appropriate that
  if we're being called in for whatever reason, that we hear
  from our, from the Auditor General and there's no particular,
  nothing sinister or anything in our keeping them out. It's
  simply that it seemed to me that we'd better find out what
  this is all about before we open up the meeting to other
  people.
- Q. One possible inference that could be drawn is there was an attempt by you to keep control of this matter, exclusive control.
- A. Oh, of course.
- Q. And that's what I'm trying to find out if there is some other explanation. Can you name any advantage to the Attorney General's Department in proceeding this way or any

### 15631 MR. COLES, EXAM, BY MR. RUBY

- disadvantage in not doing so?
- A. No, not as it turned out, but at that time, I had no knowledge of what was going to be said.
  - Q. No knowledge at all?
  - A. Well, of course, I had the general knowledge. We were there to discuss some concerns that they had about a Member's expense account. But beyond that, I had no knowledge.

    Because the...

### MR. CHAIRMAN

- Q. You don't know that, because the letter refers to classes of persons. I take it you could assume that it had to be someone in the public service.
- 13 A. Yes.

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- Q. It could be a Member. It could be a civil servant. It could be an employee of almost any Crown corporation that's subject to the Auditor General's review, isn't that right?
  - A. You're correct, My Lord, and I thank you for drawing it to my attention. I didn't know specifically it was going to be a Member at that time.

### MR. RUBY

- Q. You said that you had no discussions with the Premier about this matter. Did you have any discussions with the Premier's office or his staff directly or indirectly about this matter?
- A. No.
- Q. My friend examined you on the question of the explanation

### 15632 MR. COLES, EXAM, BY MR, RUBY

that had been by Mr. MacLean and your acceptance of it. And he's covered the question of the serial numbers and I don't want to go over that ground again. But one of the things that you knew was part of the explanation was that the accommodation had been that of a friend. And that he paid "X" dollars. I don't have the exact receipts before me for the accommodation. And you also knew that there was a portion allotted to tax on those receipts. Correct?

- A. Well, it was there. I don't know that I specifically directed my attention to it.
- Q. But you had to know that that couldn't be true. That there had been no tax collected if, in fact, as he now is saying he was just giving money to a friend. Isn't that so?
- A. That's so, but I, as I say, I didn't pay particular attention to that at the time. I presumed that matter would all be dealt with in Mr. Gale's examination of the... in consideration of the matter.
- Q. But you said later that you accepted this explanation. I'm suggesting to you that with the knowledge you had, and you now admit you had, and the material before you about the taxes, you couldn't possibly have accepted that explanation.

#### MR. PINK

My Lord, yesterday I believe the evidence of Mr. Cormier regarding the tax issue, and we don't have receipts in front of us and it makes it very difficult. I'm not sure what tax we're talking

### 15633 MR. COLES, EXAM, BY MR. RUBY

about. Whether it were tax on meals, tax on accommodations. My friend, Mr. Ruby, suggests that taxes were not paid. I'm not sure of the basis of that. In Mr. Cormier's letter or memo of his October... his November '84 meeting with the Attorney General, he raises the issue of taxes as a problem. But we're moving into an area of specificity where we don't have the evidence before us and I just think that puts the witness as a disadvantage.

### MR. CHAIRMAN

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There was as I recall it, as I understand the evidence, in the receipts, there was a charge for tax, presumably tax on meals.

Now there was some question, I think, of the Auditor General as to whether at that period accommodation was taxable.

### MR. RUBY

I believe he thought they probably were and that was his evidence.

#### MR. CHAIRMAN

Probably were, yes.

#### MR. RUBY

He wasn't certain on the matter.

### MR. CHAIRMAN

But, in any event, whether they were or not, it's highly unlikely that some lady running a boarding house would be collecting taxes. But maybe they do.

#### MR. PINK

But there's also no evidence that those taxes were charged

### 15634 MR. COLES, EXAM, BY MR. RUBY

for. That's the point. I mean if he paid taxes on meals and claimed taxes on meals, then that shouldn't be a problem. I guess the question is, what's the premise for Mr. Ruby's question?

### MR. CHAIRMAN

All right.

### MR. RUBY

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The premise, My Lord, is this, that it appears on the evidence we have now that there was a tax on accommodation. So I'm looking at that part for the moment. Surely it's possible to get a look at one of the receipts? I've asked counsel some time ago to get a look at them. Is there anyone who has got a copy of them? Do you have them?

### MR. PINK

No, I don't.

### MR. RUBY

Someone has got them.

#### MR. PINK

The difficulty, My Lord, we have with this whole area, and I guess it really goes back to what we dealt with last week. Mr. MacLean was convicted of four counts of uttering forged documents and the Crown withdrew other charges. We've used the language of forgery, of fraud, fairly loosely in these hearings in suggesting that that was something that he did wrong. I would urge the Commission not to allow us to go down that path. It's a problem here and the reason... I'm not sure why my friend needs

### 15635 MR. COLES, EXAM. BY MR. RUBY

the documents. The matter was dealt with by the Court. He plead guilty to certain charges and other charges were withdrawn. And in my respectful submission...

### MR. CHAIRMAN

I appreciate that. I thought there was some reference...

### MR. PINK

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That should be the end of it.

### MR. CHAIRMAN

Isn't there some reference in one of the memoranda from the Auditor General with respect to taxes?

### MR. MACDONALD

It's on page one of the booklet, My Lord.

### MR. CHAIRMAN

Okay.

### MR, MACDONALD

The notes down at the bottom where the Auditor General, or Mr. Cormier is saying, "I couldn't accept it because of certain..."

And he lists it and the fact that they included meal and tax charges. Now I understood the evidence of Mr. Cormier to be he understood that that would be charges, tax on the room, although he's not quite certain whether the tax on rooms was in effect at that time. But that's all we've had. I think I support Mr. Pink that you can draw your own inferences from that. The fact that it alerted the Auditor General, the fact that taxes were being charged when they shouldn't have been should be sufficient, I

### MR. COLES, EXAM. BY MR. RUBY

think, for the questioning of the witness. However, I've considered it sufficient for my questioning and I wouldn't presume to tell Mr. Ruby what he should be doing.

12:11 p.m.

### MR. RUBY

Let me explain my dilemma. I seek to ask whether or not this witness, when he looked at the documentation, could possibly have accepted the explanation later given in the light of the fact that there were tax charges on this accommodation. Mr Pink says I can't say that because I haven't proved, and there's no evidence before us, that there was tax charged for accommodation. So I then say, all right, let's look at the actual documents and see, and he says, well, you can't do that because you withdrew the fraud charged and only proceeded in the forgery and uttering charge. It's like catch twenty-two. You can't have it both ways. Now surely we can find out whether or not these chits included tax charges. It's not a question I'm raising for the first time. I've raised it before with Commission counsel.

### MR. CHAIRMAN

Yeah, but whether it's...there is reference by the Auditor General to the fact there was a charge for taxes. Now whether it was for meals or for rooms, what difference does it make?

#### MR. RUBY

Well, let's find out if it makes any difference. It obviously made some to Mr. Pink. Perhaps I can try and explore that.

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### MR. COLES, EXAM, BY MR. RUBY

### MR. CHAIRMAN

Try, yes.

### MR. RUBY

- Q. Do you remember, first of all, whether they were tax charges for meals or for rooms?
- 6 A. No, I do not.
- Q. Would it have made any difference to you?
  - A. I don't know. I don't recall noticing them specifically. I don't know if they would have or not. I was...I was leaving the matter for Mr. Gale to consider and advise me on that. I don't know what more I can add to that question, answer rather.
- Q. You would not have assumed, I take it, tell me if this is true or not.
- A. I beg your pardon?
- Q. Tell me if it's true that you would not have assumed that
  whoever he had given the money to for meals or taxes had
  collected taxes? When you looked at these documents, did
  you think that somebody had actually taken the tax money?
- A. Well, I...it depends on who...where the meals were had.
- Q. What was your understanding of that issue?
- A. I didn't have any particular understanding. I didn't inquire into that area.
- Q. How could you accept the explanation, as you said you did, without asking that question?

### MR. COLES, EXAM, BY MR, RUBY

- A. Well, I accepted it because they were acceptable to the
  Speaker, who was ...had the responsibility to determine
  whether or not he would approve these accounts and I
  accepted them on the basis of my reading of Mr. Gale's
  opinion and advice.
  - Q. The speaker ultimately didn't accept these, did he?
- A. I don't know.

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- Q. Well, you said, "I accepted them on the basis they were acceptable to the Speaker." That's what you told me.
  - A. Well, my recollection, counsel, and the letter he gave, that suggested to me that the explanations were satisfactory to him. I...according to his letter.
- Q. I thought he made him pay it all back.
- 14 A. I don't...

### MR. PINK

Page 29.

### MR. RUBY

- Q. Where does he say that he accepted this explanation?
- A. Well, I have difficulty finding it. My recollection is that was my understanding that there had been...that he indicated that he accepted the explanation. Maybe it was from Mr. Gale's memorandum to me. It was either that letter or Mr. Gale's, was the only source I had.
- Q. At the bottom of 30 he indicates that that's what caused the..."Created the situation which gave rise to the current

### MR. COLES, EXAM. BY MR. RUBY

- cause for concern." Is he doing anything more than what he indicates in the last paragraph? "I should add Mr. Cormier has seen the contents of this memorandum and agrees that it accurately sets forth the discussion which took place at our meeting with Mr. MacLean."
- A. Perhaps not. I'm recalling my recollection and I thought that...that was my recollection, but I can't refer you to the specific part of the letter.
- Q. I take it it never occurred to you then that, as you look at these documents, that tax receipts, that they had to be fraudulent because there were notations that indicated that tax had been collected when, on the explanation given, no tax was being collected?
- A. That's right. Because I, as I've said repeatedly, I relied on the opinion and advice that I had been given and I didn't personally concern myself with the review in the sense that you're suggesting.
- Q. You say that Mr. Gale's letter is what you relied upon, correct?
- A. And it coincided with my general appreciation of what I had seen.
- Q. And you said a number of times, "I was relying on the advice I got from Mr. Gale."
- 24 A. Yes.
- 25 Q. Just as you've just said it now.

- Q. Where did Mr. Gale deal with the issue of whether the explanation is a plausible one and say that it's plausible,
- pages 35 and 36 are his letter?
- A. Well, I interpreted his opinion and advice that he had looked at the material and came to the conclusion on the information we have. There is no basis of criminal charges.
- 8 Q. Wrong page.

Yes.

- 9 A. Page 33.
- 10 Q. 33.

A.

- 11 A. Bottom of the third paragraph.
- Q. If one accepts the explanations, you'll agree with me he never says, "I accept the explanation"?
- A. No, but he didn't give me any basis for thinking that they were unacceptable.
- Q. Did you ask him whether or not he accepted the explanations?
- 18 A. Not that I recall.
- Q. So that you didn't know whether he did or did not accept the explanations, correct?
- A. That's correct. I assumed that he had or he would have said so.
- Q. In the paragraph you referred to before on page 33, the third complete paragraph, last sentence, let me draw your attention to it again. "If one wanted evidence to prove or

## MR. COLES, EXAM, BY MR. RUBY

- disprove his assertions, then a police investigation would be necessary." Did you not want evidence to prove or disprove MacLean's assertions?
- A. I accepted and took the advice from Mr. Gale that there is no evidence and I didn't concern myself about proving or disproving them. There was nothing in his opinion or advice that suggested to me that there was a basis for a police investigation. Obviously that statement that you want to prove or disprove you would have a police investigation, I suppose that's self evident. But there has to be a basis and reason for having a police investigation and I didn't see any in his advice to me.
- Q. Well, isn't, in the ordinary course of things, as a member of the Department of the Attorney General, it quite common for someone to come and say, "Here's prima facie evidence of an offence. The man gives an explanation and if you want to prove or disprove it, we'll have to have a police investigation"? Isn't that normal and common?
- A. Well, that is not the case that was represented here in this opinion.
- Q. No. Is that not a common situation? You reach a stage in the investigation where there is some evidence of a crime, there's an explanation which you accepted is exculpatory and you need a police investigation to determine which is the case.

- A. If there is any basis for accepting the allegations, if there is, you know. People make allegations but some of them on the face of them are not a basis for a police investigation.
- Q. But Mr. Gale here is saying, "Look, there's an allegation here all right, but the only reason I'm not proceeding with it at this point in time is because there's an explanation, and you've got to examine it." Weren't you at a stage where as a responsible officer you had to order an investigation to find out, as Mr. Gale put it to you in clear English, whether or not the assertions were true or not?
- A. Well, I didn't interpret his opinion as saying there's an explanation, you have to examine it.
- Q. If one wanted evidence to prove or disprove his assertions, that's all that's standing between a valid *prima facie* case and no case, isn't it, the assertions?
- A. Yes. Well, the weight I gave to his opinion, I interpreted that, that if there was a basis for doing so, he would have said so. And I didn't see that he had...he raised any basis or reason for a police investigation that would warrant having one, and that was the view I took of his opinion and advice at the time. Now in hindsight obviously, in hindsight there should have been an investigation, but I didn't have the benefit of that at the time and I didn't address...direct myself to that. I assume that Mr. Gale had had considered the material and the information we had and his opinion

## MR. COLES, EXAM, BY MR. RUBY

- was there is no basis for criminal charges, and I accepted that and reported that to the Attorney General.
- Q. Do you agree with me that if we follow this procedure, building a case, going to the accused, prospective accused, and asking for an explanation, and then not having any police investigation to determine whether it was true or untrue, in normal cases there would be very few cases tried in these courts?
- A. Well, I don't know if I agree with your premises. There is a question of whether or not...whether or not the statement of monies expended would be acceptable to the authority he had to approve of it, and that was the purpose, as I understood, of inquiring of Mr. MacLean what was intended by this particular documentation.
- Q. I thought the issue rather was whether or not he was lying or whether he was telling the truth.
- A. Well, I don't know. That was my understanding of what Mr. Donahoe was meeting for. I don't know whether he also had those issues, intended to raise those issues.
- Q. That was not what you understood by Mr. Gale's language at page 33, that the only issue left outstanding was whether or not Mr. MacLean was lying or telling the truth when he made that explanation.
- A. Well, not in those terms, no.
  - Q. You missed that point.

- A. Probably, obviously. If that, in fact, was the intent of what he expresses here.
- Q. You agree it seems quite clear now, doesn't it, with hindsight?
- A. Certainly with hindsight.
- Q. And you'll agree with me if we follow the procedure of not investigating such explanations, there would be very few charges tried in the criminal courts if that was the general approach?
- A. Well, we don't investigate every explanation that's given in the course of...of allegations.
- Q. Can you think of any other case where a prima facie case of
  a serious crime has been made out subject to an explanation
  which may or may not be true and you've nothing about it?
  - A. But there...but Mr. Gale was of the opinion no prima facie case had been made out.
    - Q. If one accepts the explanations given by Mr. MacLean. You understand what we're talking about, don't you?
- 19 A. Yes, uh-hum.

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- Q. So I put it to you again, are there any other cases where
  there's been a prima facie case of serious crime but an
  explanation has been given and no investigation has taken
  place to determine the truth or adequacy of that invest...of
  that explanation?
- A. Well, now, I'm not in a position to answer that. I don't

- know.
- Q. Do you know of any?
- A. I know of none but that doesn't rule out that there may be.
- Q. Yes. Just...you have a wide experience and I suspect that there would be none other.
- A. Well, a lot of these matters are dealt with before they come to my attention.
- 8 12:25 p.m.
- 9 Q. Yes. You've never heard of such a case, have you.
- 10 A. I can't recall at the moment.
- Q. This is unique, is it not? In your experience.
- A. Well, I answered your question. I can't recall any in my personal experience but that's all I can say.
- Q. You said in your evidence that Mr. Gale accepted Mr.

  MacLean's explanation.
- A. Well that was an assumption I made from my reading of his opinion.
- Q. That was wrong, too, wasn't it?
- A. Well, I saw nothing in his opinion that suggested to me that he did not accept the explanation and I assumed that that being so, that he accepted it.
- Q. And that was wrong, too, was it not?
- A. As it turned out, yes.
- Q. That's not a, looking at this letter, a reasonable interpretation of the language which he used, is it?

- A. Well that's my interpretation of it.
- Q. It was a reasonable interpretation. You still think so.
- A. Yes. At the time, yes.
- Q. And do you think though, now, that's my question. Looking at this letter do you think that this letter is an acceptance by Mr.
  Gale of MacLean's explanation?
- A. Well, to me it meant that he saw nothing that gave rise to, or nothing to indicate that there should be a police investigation.

  I did not get any, that he had concluded there should be an RCM Police investigation.
- Q. That's not my question.
- 12 A. Well that's...
- Q. Let me put it again. Looking at this letter now, with all the benefits of hindsight I concede, do you still think that Mr.

  Gale, to use the language you've used in your evidence, accepted Mr. MacLean's explanation?
  - A. My assumption is that he had. Otherwise he would have had said I cannot accept the explanation and there is a *prima facie* case.
  - Q. And the language, in the third paragraph, fourth paragraph end, if one accepts the explanation as given by MacLean, is there anything that goes higher than that in terms of an assessment of the explanation in this letter?
  - A. No.

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Q. Well, how can you reasonably conclude that Gale accepted the

explanations?

- A. Because if he hadn't I would have expected him to advise me differently.
- Q. He didn't know whether the explanations were true or not.
- 5 A. Well, then I would have ...
- 6 Q. Right?

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- A. Then the opinion he gave, I would have expected him to say and I recommend or advise that the police, there be a police investigation. The failure, or the, I shouldn't say the failure, that not being so I assumed that the explanations were satisfactory.
- Q. And you now think that to be a reasonable explanation for this letter, reasonable assumption to make based on this letter.
  - A. Well, I'm not, you know, I'm not in a position of saying otherwise. That's what I thought at the time and going back to that, all I can say is that's what I thought at the time. And I thought it was reasonable for me to think that at the time, or conclude that at the time.
- Q. You now accept this was not, looking at it with the benefit of hindsight...
- A. Certainly.
- Q. A correct interpretation of this letter.
- A. Well as events revealed, unfolded, that is correct.
- Q. But you never say to him, what were these explanations that

you accepted?

A. No.

- Q. How could you make up your mind on the issue without getting full details from him?
- A. Well it may not be an acceptable answer to you but it's a very busy office and you have to rely on other people who are doing things, you have to rely on the advice and opinion you get. You don't have the opportunity or the time to do everything yourself. Mr. Gale's a very experienced, competent counsel and I relied on that.
- Q. You never found the time to say to him casually in the course of office conversation, "Look, do you really accept those explanations?" That wouldn't be very time-consuming, would it.
- A. No, but I didn't see a basis for doing so.
- Q. If you turn to page 35, your letter to Mr. Giffin, in the second paragraph you say, "It is Mr. Gale's opinion with which I concur that the irregularities of Mr. MacLean's compliance with the general regulations made pursuant to the House of Assembly Act are more accounting irregularities rather than such as to warrant any further criminal investigation." He never says that, does he.
- A. That was my conclusion of the advice of his opinion.
- Q. You're pushing it, aren't you? You're deliberately making the opinion to Mr. Giffin much more broader and much more

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- general than that which Mr. Gale gave to you.
- A. Well that was my reading of his opinion at the time.
- Q. Had Mr. Gale ever discussed the question of whether or not this is a mere accounting irregularity? Was it ever discussed?
- A. Discussed, no, not that I recall. That was my conclusions from his opinion.
  - Q. And then you say, three lines farther, "It's our opinion that it's a reasonable explanation." That was your opinion, too, then.
- A. Well I, yes, I concurred in his opinion.
  - Q. But you didn't tell the Attorney General that you had never examined the question of whether the explanation was reasonable. You've just told us you never did.
- 15 A. No.
  - Q. But you tell him the opposite. You say it's "our opinion".
  - A. When I concurred in Mr. Gale's opinion, that's what I, obviously, was referring to.
  - Q. Isn't he reasonably entitled when he reads this to think that you, his Deputy, has put his mind to the issue? Aren't you misleading him?
  - A. No, I don't think so. I concluded from Mr. Gale's opinion that that was his position and I accept- and I concurred in it. So I spoke in the plural.
- Q. "It is, in our opinion, a reasonable explanation." What you

- meant to say and all you could honestly say was in Mr. Gale's opinion because you'd never advanced your mind to it at all.

  Isn't that so?
- 4 A. Well, I concurred in his opinion.
- Q. You didn't convey to the Attorney General that your concurrence was limited to examining the conclusion without looking at the explanation and its adequacy at all.
  - A. No.

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- Q. Don't you think that was misleading to fail to communicate that?
- A. Well, I'm not in a position to say whether it was misleading or not. That's for Mr. Giffin to address. There was no intention to mislead. He had Mr. Gale's opinion as well as I. He could see exactly what I was referring to.
- Q. Did you ever inquire to find out if Mr. Cormier did or did not accept the explanation Mr. MacLean had given?
- 17 A. No.

- Q. When it came time to discuss the plea bargaining in this matter, what recommendation, if any, did Mr. Clair give, the prosecutor?
- A. I recall Mr. Herschorn made the representations and my recollection is it was based on his discussions with Mr. Clair.
  - Q. Were you ever informed of any position taken by Mr. Clair?
- A. Not apart from that meeting we had. And my understanding was that Mr. Herschorn was representing the position that

- was advanced or agreed to or understood by Mr. Clair.

  Beyond that I assume that Mr. Herschorn had but to answer your question the answer is no.
- Q. Were you ever told, or did you have any fear that the case was falling apart?
- 6 A. No.

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- Q. Did you do any research on sentencing law and what the appropriate sentence should be in this case?
- A. No, I depended on the representations that were made by Mr. Herschorn.
- Q. Were you aware that persons in situations akin to breach of trust where substantial amounts are involved generally go to jail in this province?
  - A. I was aware that that was an option of the court that was often imposed, yes.
  - Q. Well, were you aware that usually, in circumstances where there's a large amount of money, a substantial amount of money, and a breach of trust, barring exceptional circumstances is the usual way of framing the world, people go to jail for a substantial period of time. Did you know that?
  - A. Sure, I had a general knowledge of the sentencing practices.
  - Q. What was it in your mind that took this case out of that rule?
  - A. I think the representations, as I recall, were that, you know, there was a substantial amount of money involved that had to repaid and would be repaid and obviously in any plea

bargaining situation you have to consider the representations that would favour or as those opposed, and the plea bargaining, a whole part of the plea bargain, I don't think you could look at one as opposed to the other. They're both components of what charges would be acceptable and what the consequences of a guilty plea would be and it seemed from the representations that were made, I don't recall them specifically at this time, it seemed that a substantial fine was appropriate to, for the objectives of the prosecution which are namely, in simple forms, for punishment and deterrent. It seemed appropriate in this case where Mr. MacLean had not been involved with any previous convictions. As I recall that was one of the points that were made.

Q. I'm not going to question you about the taking of some charges rather than others because I think that, frankly, is a rather routine bit of prosecutorial discretion. But I'm concerned about the question I'd asked you before which is what factors impelled you to come to the conclusion that this case would not be governed by the general rule that a substantial period of imprisonment was imposed. And you've given me two factors so far if I understand it. One, there was a substantial amount of repayment to be made and; two, he had no previous criminal record. Were there any other factors that impelled you to that conclusion?

- presentation seemed to suggest to me that a fine, a substantial fine was appropriate in regard to this particular set of circumstances.
- Q. I know. But you also knew, you told me, the rule, the general rule for cases like this ordinarily there's a substantial period of imprisonment. So surely there must have been some factor which impelled you to conclude that Herschorn was right and that a fine was appropriate this time. What were those factors?
- A. Well I don't recall there are any factors other than what I've mentioned. The representation that was made, my understanding, was on a recommendation of the Crown and I found it acceptable to me.
- Q. All right. You knew that one of the factors that was important in this case, I suggest, was that since this man was a high-profile powerful figure he had to be seen to be receiving equal justice. You knew that.
- A. Yes.
- Q. And that would have been an important value for you to consider in weighing the appropriate sentence that you were going to recommend to the court. Yes?
- A. Yes. In the context of the plea bargaining, yes. There was an advantage, it was recommended, represented. There's an advantage to the Crown to consider a plea bargain and the sentence was a component of that.

- Q. Did you think that an ordinary non-MLA who committed a series of forgings and utterings that resulted in a \$21,000 advantage to him, a first offender, say, a doctor defrauding a medical insurance scheme by means of forged disbursement receipts and work chits or a lawyer doing the same on the legal aid scheme, did you think that a \$5000 fine would be appropriate for them, too, in those circumstances? Would that be equal?
- A. I'm not sure that \$5000 was the fine but, yeah, you have to look at each case and the circumstances. In this particular case I was persuaded by the representation that it was appropriate.
- Q. And the only two factors you can think of that persuaded you at this point were the repayment and the lack of a previous criminal record.
- A. And plus the, it was a process of a plea bargaining and, you know, the offer to, made to plead guilty had the component of the charges that the plea would be entered into and the fine.

  Or no, not the fine, and the sentence that would be a consequence of that guilty plea.
- Q. You're aware of the principle that when fines are imposed that the amount is generally geared to meet the amount of the loss involved?
- A. I'm not sure I was aware of that.