15284	MR. GALE, EXAM. BY MR. SPICER 12:10 p.m.
1	MR. CHAIRMAN
2	Yes, Mr. Spicer?
3	MR. SPICER
4	Thank you, My Lord.
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6	GORDON GALE, recalled and previously sworn, testified as
7	follows:
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9	EXAMINATION BY MR, SPICER
10	
11	Q. Mr. Gale, if I could ask you to turn to page seven of that
12	volume in front of you? It's a note of April the 10th which
13	indicates reference to one of those Thursday meetings. Have
14	you had an opportunity to review this volume in the last little
15	while in preparation for these hearings?
16	A. Our counsel went over it with me one day.
17	Q. Okay, if I could just direct your attention to this note. It
18	indicates that you brought up, on the third line:
19	
20	Mr. Gale introduced a matter of present controversy relating to the Honourable Roland
21	Thornhill and possible contravention of the Section 110 of the Code.
23	Do you remember doing that?
24	A. I don't have any direct recall of that particular meeting.
5/17/84	and an appropriate announce stimus, indicating activities and the figure by the contraction of the contracti

While you may not have any specific recollection of that

Q.

- meeting, do you remember bringing up with the R.C.M.P. the question of Roland Thornhill?
- A. I recall it was brought up with the R.C.M.P. Now I...
- Q. Do you remember bringing it up yourself?
- A. I may have brought it up myself. I really can't recall this meeting. I know there was a meeting but I can't recall whether I brought it up or they brought it up or it was known that this was going to be brought up at the meeting.
  - Q. The note would seem to indicate that one of the factors that might have caused it to have been brought up was the fact that the Premier had mentioned outside the Legislature that Thornhill had accepted the benefits, financial benefits, while holding office as a Minister. Does that twig your memory at all as to whether or not that was a factor?
  - A. Well, that could certainly be one of the factors for bringing it up because of...
  - Q. Prior to the knowledge or the statement by the Premier that Thornhill had accepted the benefits while holding office, did you have any knowledge of any inquiries being made by the R.C.M.P. concerning Mr. Thornhill?
  - A. No, I don't recall having any knowledge of any inquiries about Mr. Thornhill prior to that time.
  - Q. Prior to that point in time, and that would have been around April or so of 1980.
- 25 A. Yes.

5	MR	. GALE, EXAM. BY MR. SPICER
1	Q.	Do you have any recollection of Chief Superintendent Feagan
2		indicating to you that the R.C.M.P. would be proceeding with
3		an investigation and you agreeing with that?
4	A.	I don't have any direct recollection at this point in time. I
5		certainly would not I certainly would have agreed with
6		them to proceed with an investigation.
7	Q.	Once the investigation had commenced, do you remember
8		whether or not you would have advised Mr. Coles that that, in
9		fact, was taking place?
10	A.	Oh, yes, I would have advised him that that was taking place.
11	Q.	Would you have advised anybody else in the Attorney
12		General's Department that it was taking place?
13	A.	Mr. Herschorn, undoubtedly.
14	Q.	Would you have had any discussions with Mr. Thornhill about
15		it?
16	A.	No.
17	Q.	If I could ask you to turn over to page 10, there's a note, a
18		letter directed to yourself of May the 21st. I just want to
19		direct your attention to the last paragraph. Page 10.
20	A.	Yes.
21	Q.	The last couple of sentences of the last paragraph:

As you know, inquiries made in February were preliminary in nature and were carried out to determine if there was any grounds to the allegations being circulated at that time.

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- Did you have any knowledge in February that inquiries were being carried out?
  - A. I can't recall any knowledge prior to the April date that any inquiries were being carried out. Now whether they told me in April that such inquiries had been done before, I don't recall either.
  - Q. Once the investigation was under way, did you give any direction to the R.C.M.P. as to whom they were to report to in respect of this investigation?
  - A. Yes, I gave the R.C.M.P. the direction that was given to me by the Deputy Attorney General, that the R.C.M.P. were to report to the Department and that when they had concluded their investigation, that the matter would be reviewed within the Department to determine whether or not there was a basis for prosecution and if there was, that the, a prosecutor would be appointed for that prosecution.
  - Q. Are you able to tell us at what point you gave that direction to the R.C.M.P.?
  - A. Well, I'm not able to tell you whether it was at the meeting with Feagan or MacInnes, or whether it was shortly thereafter.
  - Q. Are you able to tell us whether, if it wasn't at the meeting, whether it was indeed shortly thereafter or some time later, a month later?
- A. Well, I don't think it would have been anything in the range

#### MR. GALE, EXAM. BY MR. SPICER

- of a month. I would think that if it was not at that meeting, that it was within a week of that meeting.
- Q. Did you receive the direction from Mr. Coles to so direct the R.C.M.P. That is, to tell the R.C.M.P. to report directly to Mr. Coles?
- A. To report directly to the Depart... Yes, I received that direction from Mr. Coles.
  - Q. Did Mr. Coles explain to you at the time why it was that he wanted that done?
  - A. My recollection is that it was because he did not want anything to get out on the matter. That he wanted it treated as... So that information would not get out, that he felt that that would be best done by having it dealt with entirely within the Department as opposed to involving prosecutors. That Mr. Thornhill was a member of government and that it should not have this matter go, become public knowledge unless there was something to it.
  - Q. Did Mr. Coles express any concern to you that if it were left in the hands of the prosecutors that it would become public?
  - A. Not in such words, but he indicated that he wanted it kept entirely within head office, if you will. The reports would come to me but they would be addressed to the Deputy Attorney General. But normally they have attention to my name. So that when the mail came in, I would see the report.
  - Q. Did you also indicate to the R.C.M.P. that in addition to

#### MR. GALE, EXAM. BY MR. SPICER

- reporting to the Attorney General's office, that they were not to have contact with any prosecutor?
- A. Well, I thought that I had given them the instructions in such a way as to tell them that we did not want them to lay charges until such time as the investigation had been completed, they had been reviewed by the Deputy Attorney General and a decision made as to whether or not the evidence supported charges. And I thought that implicit in that was that they not go to anyone else outside of the Department. I recall telling them that if they had any questions about the matter, that during the course of their investigation, that they should refer those to the Deputy or to myself and that we would try and deal with those questions.
- Q. Do you remember telling anybody in the R.C.M.P. explicitly that they were not to have contact with any prosecutors?
- A. No, I don't recall telling them explicitly that they were not to, but I thought that in the terms that they were told, that that got to preclude them having contact in accordance with what the Deputy Attorney General had wished.
- Q. If I could just ask you to turn to page 18. This is your letter of July 25th which comes after, I take it, you found out that the R.C.M.P., in fact, had been in contact with Kevin Burke, prosecutor. Correct?
- A. Yes.
- Q. About six lines down in that letter, it says:

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Such action (referring to the contact with Burke) by Inspector Blue is directly contrary to the instructions of the Deputy Attorney General relayed through me to Superintendent Christen, Chief Superintendent Feagan, and Inspector MacInnes.

Now do you remember telling each of those individuals that there were to be no discussions with Crown counsel?

- A. At this point in time, I can't say that I told each of them. I know that it was unusual for me to meet with Superinten...

  Chief Superintendent Feagan. So I would assume that if I had not told him of the April 10th meeting, that the direction would have been given to Christen or MacInnes.
- Q. You go on to say:

Those instructions were that no charges were to be laid nor was any contact to be made with prosecutors concerning this matter.

It looks from this letter, Mr. Gale, that you're indicating to them that you did tell them specifically that there was not to be any contact made with prosecutors. Are you not able to confirm that today?

A. Well, I'm not... I can't tell you that I said "Don't contact prosecutors." I can tell you that I told them if they had any questions arising during the course of the investigation, that those questions should be referred to me or to the Deputy Attorney General and we would give them whatever

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#### MR. GALE, EXAM. BY MR. SPICER

- assistance or advice they needed at that time. In other words, I thought that it was understood that until they had concluded their prosecutions, that we would act instead of, in the stead of a prosecutor that they might normally contact.
- Q. Some time later, Mr. Coles issued a press release in respect of this course of action and I just want to take you to that. It's on page 58.
- A. You'll have to excuse me on my slowness in gathering some of the pages, but some of them have so many page numbers.
- Q. This one says "Press Release," page 58. Have you got it?
- A. Yes.
- Q. Second paragraph:

Mr. Coles said that although he has not seen the statement attributed to the assistant prosecuting officer, he restates his previous advice that it was (and this is what I want to ask you about) that it was clearly understood policy and accepted practice between the R.C.M.P. and the Attorney General's Department that in matters of major or involved criminal investigations, particularly those involving allegations of socalled commercial crime and fraud, the police investigation into the facts is referred to the Deputy Attorney General or other senior lawyers in the Department to assess the report and determine whether the facts support any allegation of wrongdoing... (It goes on.) If the facts disclose evidence, then a prosecutor is assigned.

Did you understand that to be a clearly understood policy and

- accepted practice between the R.C.M.P. and the A.G.'s office in connection with crimes of the nature referred to in that press release?
- A. No, I did not. I understood that the normal procedure was that they would have contact with prosecutors during the course of their investigation, if they felt that was necessary. That they, on high profile matters, that their reports would also be submitted to the Department so that we would be kept abreast of what was transpiring on the matter.
- Q. Indeed, isn't it the case, Mr. Gale, that this was the only case of which you are aware where this practice was followed? That is, that the R.C.M.P. were told not to have contact with the Crown prosecutor and the matter was to go directly to the Attorney General's office.
- A. Yes, this is the only case in my time there that I'm aware that this has happened.
- Q. There's a note on page 20 of this volume from Superintendent Christen dated the 5th of August. In the second paragraph, you're referred to there, and I just wanted to ask you about the sentence which says:

In view of Mr. Thornhill's position in the provincial government, it would be the wish of the Attorney General to brief the Premier concerning any decision to prosecute.

Do you remember advising Superintendent Christen of any

desire to brief the Premier?

A. I think that I... It was my understanding that the Attorney...

The deputy Attorney General, who was acting on the stead of the Attorney General. The Attorney General indicated that he didn't want to become, deal with the matter, that the Deputy Attorney General felt that if charges were going to be laid, that the Attorney General should so be advised and that the Premier, presumably, I understood, the Premier would be advised that the charges were either going to be immediately laid or had been laid.

12:25 p.m.

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- Q. And would that be, to your understanding, an advice to the Premier after the decision had been made to go ahead and lay charges?
- A. Oh, yes.
- Q. Do you have any knowledge yourself, sir, as to whether or not the Premier was being kept advised as this investigation progressed?
  - A. No, I have no knowledge.
  - Q. No knowledge.
  - A. Of whether he was advised or not.
  - Q. On page 24, it's a letter again to yourself, this time from Chief Superintendent Feagan of September 11th enclosing the RCMP investigative material. Did you review the RCMP investigative material yourself?

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- A. I read the reports when they came in and then simply either passed them on or put them in the file waiting for their final reports.
- Q. Did you consider at that time that it was any of your responsibility to analyze the RCMP reports with a view to deciding whether or not there was enough evidence to go ahead?
- A. Not at that particular point in time. I expected that after they made their concluding report in which they would give us some type of summary akin to a brief to a prosecutor on the thing that I would probably, at that time, be involved in reviewing the reports and making some assessment.
- Q. Chief Superintendent...
- A. I might add that I did not, I'm not the one that received this letter. I don't know when I saw this letter. That is not my handwriting on it.
- Q. Not your handwriting where it says, "Received September the 11th?"
- A. No, sir.
- Q. Did you ever analyze the RCMP reports yourself?
- A. No, as far as I can recall there was one meeting with Mr. Coles at which Mr. Herschorn was present and there were general discussions on the case. I had not gone into that meeting having gone through the file and reread the reports that I had received or read reports I may not have received.

- Q. On page 25 there's a memo from Mr. Herschorn to yourself.

  Can you tell us how Mr. Herschorn came to write that memo to you?
- A. I can only tell you that either Mr. Coles asked me to have a memo prepared or he asked Mr. Herschorn to have it prepared. I tend to think he asked Mr. Herschorn and that Mr. Herschorn addressed it to me as being his immediate superior.
  - Q. Did you have any understanding of what it was that Mr. Herschorn then was asked to do. What his job was with respect to this memo.
  - A. At this point in time I don't know what the purpose of the memo was. I don't know, other than looking at it to say it seems to bring out some of the facts of the case.
  - Q. Did you review it at the time?
  - A. I think I probably looked at it quickly but I don't know what the purpose of it, I cannot now recall what the purpose of it was so I don't know what attention I gave it other than to send it on to Mr. Coles.
    - Q. Do you remember whether at the time you looked at the RCMP reports to see whether or not what Mr. Herschorn was concluding was consistent with a fair reading of the RCMP material?
- A. No, and I don't really have a great recall of any, I don't have any recall of this memo as such which tends to confirm in my

#### MR. GALE, EXAM. BY MR. SPICER

- mind that it was, as one asks of Martin Herschorn by Mr.

  Coles and that for some reason Mr. Herschorn directed it to
  me and that, and since it seems to be something that is
  abstracting from some of the reports that I just sent it on. I
  have no conscious recollection of this particular memo.
- Q. You indicated to us a couple of minutes ago that this was the only case of which you were where the RCMP had been told to report directly the Attorney General's Department and not to have contact with the prosecutor.
- A. Yes.
- Q. Was it your view also in this case that it was the Attorney General's office that was going to make a decision as to whether or not a charge was to be laid?
  - It was my understanding that a decision would be made as to whether or not there was a case to go forth to the courts. Whether we agreed with the RCMP recommendations or conclusions. That if we thought that there was a case that looked as if it could go forth to the courts that a prosecutor would be assigned and it would then take its normal course on the matter. I have always understood that it's the right of the police to lay a charge. They often consult with the Crown and whether it be a prosecutor or someone else in the Crown. That they retain and it's the right to lay a charge and we retain the right to just continue proceedings by entering a stay here.

#### MR. GALE, EXAM. BY MR. SPICER

- Q. Did you have any idea from your understanding of what the position in the Attorney General's Department that this case was being treated differently in that respect?
- A. Well, you know, this case was, I'm not sure I understand your question, quite frankly.
- Q. Look at page 18, last part of that letter.

Your investigators are to cease to have contact with the prosecutors concerning this investigation and to concentrate on getting their long-awaited report into the Department summarizing the evidence and the charges proposed...

A. Right.

- Q. "...based on the evidence so that it can be reviewed and then forwarded for prosecution if the evidence supports charges." You're the author of that letter. Was it your intention in writing that letter to be saying to the RCMP, "We're the ones that are going to decide whether or not charges should be laid here."
- A. It's difficult to answer directly. We, as I recall, we were going to look at the reports to determine whether or not there is, what appeared to be a *prima facie* case. But the use of the word "charges" is probably unfortunate in that it's really, as I understood it, to be a review to determine whether or not the evidence would support charges, prosecution. I might add that as it turned out that charges, that it was decided that

#### MR. GALE, EXAM. BY MR. SPICER

- there was a case that if the charges were laid that we weren't going to prosecute that I had expected that there would be a discussion with the police prior to any final decision being taken on that or a public position being taken.
- Q. Well what did you mean then, Mr. Gale? You wrote the letter. You said, "Charges proposed based on the evidence so that it can be reviewed and then forwarded for prosecution if the evidence supports charges." What were you trying to tell the RCMP?
- A. Well that if we agreed that there is a basis for the charges then we would forward it on to arrange for a prosecutor.
- Q. And if you didn't agree?
- A. Well that, if we didn't agree then I would have expected that in the normal course of events there would have been some discussion with the RCMP and, to show them why we thought the case would, if charges were laid, that we could not prosecute the case.
- Q. And in this particular case, are you able to tell us whether or not in your view as the person writing this letter of July 25th to the RCMP, in your view, if there hadn't, if the AG's Department had concluded there wasn't sufficient evidence, did you think it was the right of the AG's Department to say, "We don't think a charge should be laid in this case."
- A. No, I think, yes, I think the Attorney General's Department has the right to, acting as a legal adviser, to say that we don't

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#### MR. GALE, EXAM. BY MR. SPICER

- think a charge should be laid based on the evidence, the law.

  But that does not preclude the police from laying a charge if they're of a different mind or different view.

  Q. And it's your view, I take it, at the end of the day the RCMP
  - Q. And it's your view, I take it, at the end of the day the RCMP or any police force have that right regardless of what the view is of the AG's...
  - A. Yes, that's right.
  - Q. Even though you may not want to go ahead and prosecute.
  - A. That's correct. If they say, if we tell them we don't think there's a basis for it, they say they're going to lay the charges and I think at that point in time it's understood that they are going to lay the charges, they have the right and that there undoubtedly will be a stay of proceedings put in.
  - Q. I just direct your attention to page 77 and 78, in particular, 78, is a reference to a conversation with yourself. And the first full paragraph on page 78.

In speaking with Mr. Gordon Gale, Director of Criminal, on the 14th of November [this is Superintendent Christen] he implied both he and Martin Herschorn supported the Deputy AG's findings and again referred to the Queen v Cooper.

Do you have any recollection of this discussion with Superintendent Christen?

A. I remember Superintendent Christen indicating that he, there was some difficulty with the Attorney General's or the Deputy

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- Attorney General's views on it. I recall that I indicated that it might well be a matter within prosecutorial discretion and that I personally did not have any great difficulty with the Deputy's view, the Deputy's conclusion not to, that charges were not warranted if one wanted to apply prosecutorial discretion to the matter.
- Q. Was the Deputy AG's conclusion that charges were not warranted one that you agreed with?
- A. It was one that I was prepared to accept if...
- Q. That's not what I asked you. I asked you whether or not you agreed with it.
- A. Yes, I agreed that this was a case where charges need not be laid so, yes, to that extent I agreed with him.
  - Q. If you'd been asked the question yourself de novo without having had the benefit of Mr. Coles' view, are you able to tell us your view would have been?
  - A. No, I'm not able to tell you because I had not given the case an in-depth study that seems to be referred to here. There was no in-depth study of this case by me.
  - Q. So when Mr. Coles indicates from time to time that cases were also considered by senior staff members, as he does on page 103, is he incorrect in that?
- 12:40 p.m.
- A. Well, I probably read the <u>Cooper</u> case. I probably read those cases which were annotated either under the section, <u>Martin's</u>

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- Criminal Code or under the section in the Tremeare's version,

  publication. And I probably looked at those cases, but that...

  But I had not sat down to give it any in-depth consideration
  and, quite frankly, would not have given those cases a great
  deal of consideration at that point in time. As I say, there's
  this one meeting. I'm not sure if there was a general
  discussion. I had not prepared for it.
- Q. Did you know what the meeting was to be about when you went to it?
- A. Oh, when I went to it, but I hadn't any great, as I recall, there was no great advance notice of the matter.
- Q. Was there any advance notice as to what the meeting was to be about?
- A. Oh, I think probably told one day that he wanted to meet with us the next day to talk over the Thornhill investigation.
  - Q. Were you ever asked by Mr. Coles to provide an opinion based on your expertise in the criminal law as to whether or not charges were warranted?
- A. No, I was not asked to provide an opinion. At that particular meeting, various, as I recall, various things were batted back and forth. But, you know, possibilities that might be considered. But I wasn't asked to prepare anything after it nor was I asked to prepare anything before it.
  - Q. Do you know when the meeting took place?
- A. No, I can't be precise. It would have been after, some time

- after he had received that letter, that report that I said I was not, had the handwriting received on and I think that was in October.
- Q. Yes, September.
- 5 A. It had to be some time between then and...
- Q. Some time between then and October 29th, I take it.
- A. Well, certainly probably before October 29th because I think
  his own opinion is dated the 23rd of October, if I'm not
  mistaken. So it had to be before that. I think when I left, my
  understanding of it was that Mr. Coles was going to look at the
  matter some more and try and reach some conclusions on it.
- Q. Was it your... Sorry.

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- A. I don't know whether I left with the view that there would be any further meetings, but it was not the type of meeting that I would have thought was conclusive.
  - Q. Was it your experience that Mr. Coles would take it upon himself from time to time to involve himself in a detailed analysis of the criminal law, in the sense of the elements and defences. Is that the sort of thing that he did?
  - A. From time to time, he would do that, yes.
- Q. Were you satisfied that he was knowledgeable enough in the criminal law to carry out that type of work? I say that in the context that he indicated to us in the last set of hearings that he didn't consider himself to be an expert in criminal law.
  - A. Well, I certainly didn't consider him an expert in criminal law.

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- His background in law had not been in the criminal area whatsoever.
- Q. Did you not think in that context that you might have borne down on this particular case a little bit and provided him with some advice?
- A. Mr. Coles, if he wanted to deal with a matter, dealt with it. If he wanted advice, he would ask for it.
- Q. Do I take it that he didn't ask for advice in this case and he just took it under his own wing?
  - A. Well, after that one general discussion meeting, it appears that he took it under his own wing, because I was never asked for any advice on the matter.
- Q. At the time that Mr. Coles issued his press release at the end of October, were you consulted at all about that, the correctness of the final conclusion reached by Mr. Coles?
  - A. No, I wasn't consulted about it. I think I found out about it.
  - Q. Did you know about it in advance?
    - A. I may have been told that there was going to be a press release and that he was dealing with the matter. Other than that, I can't really say with any certainty. I don't recall seeing the press release and the opinion at the time and I think it was some time after that I would have seen it.
    - Q. Mr. Coles' opinion to the Attorney General, on page, commencing on page 31 through to page 37. Have you had an opportunity to read through that, Mr. Gale?

A. Yes, I have.

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- Q. Did you see it at the time in October of 1980?
- A. I have no recollection of seeing it at that time. I have an impression in my mind that I saw it some time later, but not at that time. I certainly wasn't, didn't see it before it was issued.
  - Q. I just want to direct your attention to page 36, towards the bottom of the page where he indicates:

I am of the opinion that the protracted discussions, the nature of the settlement, and the circumstances under which the offer was made on behalf of Mr. Thornhill and accepted by the banks do not disclose evidence of the kind of intention necessary to constitute any criminal wrongdoing on the part of either the chartered banks or Mr. Thornhill.

Do you agree with that conclusion?

- A. Yes, I agree to an extent with it. Intention is not, in a general language sense rather than in a legal sense.
- Q. Let's go back to page 35 for a minute, third paragraph:

Similarly, for Mr. Thornhill to be guilty of any offence any Section 110, the offer made on his behalf to settle his indebtedness with the banks must evidence a criminal intention to either accept or offer to accept an advantage.

Do you agree with that conclusion, based on your understanding of the requirements of Section 110(c)?

25 A. Well...

#### MR. PINK

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My Lord, I think Mr. Coles yesterday indicated that there was a typo there and the reference there should have been to Section 110(1)a.

# MR. CHAIRMAN

That was in his evidence yesterday?

## MR. SPICER

That was evidence yesterday.

- Q. What's your understanding of the intention requested by Section 110(c)?
- A. Simply knowledge that the, that you have accepted something and that the people deal with the government, have some dealings with the government.
  - Q. And that's the extent of it.
- 15 A. Yes.
- Q. Did you ever convey that opinion to Mr. Coles?
- A. I may have during our general discussion afterwards. No, I don't think I have.
- Q. Did he ever inquire of you as to what you thought was required?
- 21 A. No.
- Q. And you don't have any direct recollection as to whether or not you told him, "Look, this is what's required here under 110(c)."
- A. Well, I suppose if we discussed the Thornhill matter at all in

#### MR. GALE, EXAM. BY MR. SPICER

- that general discussion that I would have said that what's required under 110(c) is such and such.
- Q. If you go on on page 35, that same paragraph, there's a reference to, there's a quote:

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Any matter of business relating to the government or with a guilty mind 'demand or accept from a person who has dealings with the government an advantage or benefit.'

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That's directly from 110(c), isn't it?

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A. Well, I presume it is. I haven't memorized the sections and I haven't compared all them. Well, the quotation parts are, appear, from a quick review, to have come from 110(c).

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with the Department for a number of years who has expertise in the Criminal law. You're aware that there's an important

Mr. Gale, let me ask you this, you're a person who has been

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matter being dealt with in the Department involving an analysis of the criminal law. You know, as you told us, and

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indeed, as the Deputy A.G. has told us himself, that he doesn't

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criminal law. Are you, as a person with that expertise and having been in the Department for a number of years, happy

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with the way this was handled? Are you happy with the fact

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that Mr. Coles took it under his wing, rendered the opinion

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that he did, knowing as you knew that he doesn't have the

expertise in criminal law? Are you content with that?

- A. No, I'm not content with it. I would have preferred that I or others who might have more knowledge in criminal law on a day-to-day operation review the matter and give our views to it.
- Q. Did you have a degree of discontent at the time that this was occurring that you weren't being consulted?
- A. Well, I think that after I found out the conclusion on it, yes, that I... After the general discussion and Mr. Coles said that he would work on the matter, I had assumed that, you know, he would educate himself in the reports and the law on the matter and try to get into a position to come to a conclusion on it. That he would then, any conclusion that he came to, that he would then have it vetted by...
- Q. But he didn't.
  - A. By someone else who was more experienced in criminal law.
  - Q. Right, and he didn't do that.
- A. No.

#### MR. SPICER

Thank you.

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#### EXAMINATION BY MR. RUBY

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- Q. How long, to your recollection, was that meeting with Mr. Coles and Mr. Herschorn?
- A. Oh, something of about an hour or, an hour and a half at the

very most.

- Q. And you said that it was a general discussion. What do you pose that to? What other kind of discussion did you have in mind? This is the general.. What... I want to get some content to that.
- A. We didn't get down to reviewing each facet of the report, what it meant. We didn't get down to reviewing each facet of the case law and how that tied in or did not tie in with it. So it was not an in-depth type of discussion of that nature. It not an analysis of the, an in-depth analysis of the case.
- Q. You said that some possibilities about the case were batted about. What were the possibilities that were batted about, to your recollection?
  - about, certainly one that, you know, I had in mind at the time was, or troubled me, I suppose, somewhat at the time was is the law really such that if a person was trying to get out a financial problem of long standing, was this the type of thing that was meant, the section was meant to do. You know the general understanding is that the section is meant to deal with government corruption and was this really corruption and the questions I would have wanted to look into more would have been, was it really a benefit or an advantage to look at a little case law to see how those terms might have been described. Those were sorts of questions that were in

- my mind. So you can see that it was a very initial type of discussion on the matter.
  - Q. It's the beginning of a process, I think...
- A. Yes.

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Q. Was the way in which it was described. You've indicated that you were clearly aware of the mental element required or the intent required under Section 110(1)(c). You knew that at the time.

## 12:55 p.m.

- A. Yes.
- Q. And you would have discussed that, as well, in that meeting.

  It's one of the major issues, I suggest.
  - A. It probably was discussed that, you know, this is the type of case where there isn't that much required. He's got to be conscious.
    - Q. That's right. And that would have, of necessity, been part of the initial discussion. You couldn't have an initial discussion without raising that matter and discussing it.
    - A. Well it probably was discussed but I have no, my memories of the meeting are not detailed. They're general and, as a consequence, somewhat vague.
  - Q. You agree with me it's hard to imagine a discussion of a preliminary nature about this case and this charge that wouldn't raise that issue. It's a pretty basic part of the discussion, that commencement as you've described.

- A. Yes. I would think it was, would be, it's the sort of thing that could have been raised there and, but I can't now say it was or it wasn't.
- Q. I appreciate you can't remember that. I'm saying that,
  suggesting to you that I would be surprised if that was not
  raised at this kind of initial meeting. Are you saying you
  agree with you that or you don't agree with that?
- A. I can only answer you by saying that it is one of the things I think could well have been raised at this meeting.
- Q. It's one of the things any experienced criminal lawyer looks to at the beginning, agreed?
- 12 A. Yes.
- Q. And that's you, you're an experienced criminal lawyer.
- A. [Well....for payment?].
- Q. All right. At page 78 there's a reference to the Canadian

  Distilleries' investigation that I asked someone else about and they didn't know what that was about. Is that also, I don't want to go into it in detail, but is that a political case as well?
- 19 A. I'm sorry. I didn't catch your last remark.
- Q. If you look at page 78.
- A. Yes.
- Q. The Canadian Distilleries' investigation.
- 23 A. Right.
- Q. Is that also a political case?
- A. It involved, yes, I suppose it's a political case in that it

- involved political parties.
- Q. So it appears that there was a rule being established that was applicable in two cases, this one and Canadian Distilleries and both were political cases. Is that fair?
- A. Well in the Canadian Distillers one, I'm not aware of the police being told that it would not, that the reports were only to come to us and that they were not to have any contact with prosecutors. But certainly the police did come to us with this case and they...
- Q. Once again, in this case...
- A. They asked if they should be proceeding with an investigation and they were told to do so by the Attorney General and, but to keep us advised of what was going on.
- Q. Once again, in this case, if you read the last half of that first complete paragraph on page 78. There's a separate rule being established that in that case the prosecutor is being told not to include any recommendation just the charges in his report to the Deputy Attorney General. It's the Deputy Attorney General on his staff who will decide. That's a rule you're establishing for political cases it looks like, is that so?
- A. Well, I don't recall any such statement being made to the police, quite frankly. I would be surprised if, at that stage. I don't recall a case being dealt with other than the so-called Thornhill case the way it was and I don't recall this type of direction going to them even though it's stuck in the RCMP

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- Q. You'll agree with me that it would be quite wrong for the Attorney General's office to set up a special rule for political cases but the ordinary methods of investigating and recommending charges were not to be followed but, rather, they were all to be handled in a special way. That would be wrong, would it not?
- A. Yes, it would be wrong to handle them in a special way since it was a complicated type of case. We, I know we were having difficulties trying to find prosecutors that could be freed up to deal with the case but that was the only special consideration that I'm aware of.
- Q. And that's irrelevant to the direction that purports to be relayed in this memorandum.
- A. Yes.

# MR. RUBY

Thank you, sir.

# **EXAMINATION BY MR. PRINGLE**

- Q. Just one area area. Mr. Gale, do you remember when you, as you've testified, first spoke to the RCM Police about their not having contact with the prosecutor in this case?
- A. Well only to the extent that I answered. If it was not at the meeting with...
- 25 Q. Yes.

## 15313 MR. GALE, EXAM. BY MR. PRINGLE

Q.

- A. Chief Superintendent Feagan and McInnes that it would have been, I would have thought, within a week of that.
  - Yeah. You wrote on the 25th of July 1980 a memo to Mr. Coles and you say that you had spoke to Inspector McInnes and reminded him that that matter had been discussed with him. I can take you through these pages in some depth but I think to summarize and save time I can tell you that at page 12 of the case book that's in front you, there's a memorandum to file by Inspector McInnes saying that he thought that any such advice would be tantamount to obstruction. And that's dated the 24th of July 1980. At page 20 there's a memorandum by Inspector, Superintendent Christen, the Officer in Charge of the Criminal Investigation Officer for the province who says that, and I'll quote this,

I personally contacted Mr. Gale on the 31st of July, 1980 concerning his statement that he had advised me Crown counsel was not to be contacted on this matter until the Attorney General had been fully apprised of the evidence. I informed Mr Gale I had no recollection of his having done so and I am certain if he had I would have remembered. He acknowledged possibly he had not advised me personally of the Deputy Attorney General's wishes in this regard.

Do you recall speaking with Superintendent Christen about that?

A. I recall that there was some discussion from Superintendent

#### 15314 MR. GALE, EXAM, BY MR. PRINGLE

- Christen that that...that he wasn't aware of that particular requirement. I had a strong view that either he or McInnes had so been told and in telling one I assumed would go to the other.
- Q. Well you've seen what McInnes wrote to file about it, "that it was tantamount to obstruction in his opinion." And I can tell you that the, Superintendent Feagan testified here in Volume 83, page 14508 that he has no recollection of being told that be you and that the first, in fact, that they really heard about it was the 25th of July 1980 letter from you.
- A. Well I have testified already as to what I told them. Of how they interpreted that is a question I cannot answer. They'll have to tell you that and you'll have to make your decision on it.
- Q. Sure. Do you have any recollection specifically of meeting with any of them and telling them that?
- A. I don't have a specific date and time at this point in time, I have a view that I did tell them that. I further reinforce my view in that I would have written the letter of July 25th...
- Q. Who did you tell? Which one?
- A. Well I normally met with Christen.
- Q. Christen, okay. That's the one you pick.
- And if he was not available his assistant would come over.

  And at that time it was McInnes.
- Q. And you do have some recollection of Superintendent

# 15315 MR. GALE, EXAM. BY MR. PRINGLE

- Christen contacting you and discussing with you as he set out in page 20 of this book in his memorandum of August the 5th that he called you when he heard about that in July and said that wasn't so?
- A. I don't recall whether he called me or at some stage that I met with him and he indicated that he didn't really know that that was the way it was to go.
- Q. All right. Who had experience in prosecuting commercial crime matters in the prosecutors in Halifax at the time, 1980?
- 10 A. Nobody really.

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- 11 Q. Was Kevin Burke one of them?
- 12 A. Nobody really.
- Q. Kevin Burke had done some, hadn't he?
- A. Kevin Burke was working on the Canadian Distillers' file as I recall.
- Q. Which is prior to that.
- A. Which was prior. I'm not sure when the cases went to court.

  I haven't looked at that.
- MR. PRINGLE
- Okay, thank you.
- 21 CHAIRMAN
  - Mr. Merrick?
- 23 MR. MERRICK
- No, My Lord.

1	MR. PINK
2	We have no questions, My Lord.
3	CHAIRMAN
4	That's all, thank you, Mr. Gale.
5	1:05 p.m ADJOURNED TO 19 September 1988 - 9:30 a.m.
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# REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE

I, Margaret E. Graham, Court Reporter, certify that the foregoing is a true and accurate transcript of all the evidence taken by way of recording and reduced to typewritten copy.

Margaret E. Graham

DATED THIS 15 day of September 1988 at Dartmouth, Nova Scotia