ROYAL COMMISSION ON THE DONALD MARSHALL, JR., PROSECUTION

2544 254 Vol 4

#### Volume 84

Held:

September 13, 1988, at the St. Thomas Aquinas Church Hall,

Halifax, Nova Scotia

Before:

Chief Justice T.A. Hickman, Chairman

Assoc. Chief Justice L.A. Poitras and

The Honourable G. T. Evans, Q.C., Commissioners

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MacAlpine

Mr. Charles Broderick: Counsel for Sgt. J. Carroll

Messrs. S. Bruce Outhouse, Q.C. and Thomas M. Macdonald: Counsel

for Staff Sgt. Wheaton and Insp. Scott

Messrs. Bruce H. Wildsmith and Graydon Nicholas: Counsel for

the Union of Nova Scotia Indians

Mr. E. Anthony Ross: Counsel for Oscar N. Seale

Mr. E. Anthony Ross and Jeremy Gay: Counsel for the Black

United Front

Court Reporting: Margaret E. Graham, OCR, RPR

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# MR. QUINTAL, EXAM. BY MR. MACDONALD Tuesday, September 13, 1988

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## MR. CHAIRMAN

Before we start, I regret what apparently is the unavoidable delay in commencing this morning. We, as I said yesterday, intend to keep the schedule that has been allocated for the next two weeks. According to the schedule, we have two witnesses today that we will hear. I'm aware that the press have certain deadlines, but I'm sure they will appreciate our unswerving devotion to duty demands that we carry on until we finish these two witnesses. So we may very well keep going until late in the evening, unless the examination and cross-examination is succinct and to the point, and then I'm sure we'll be out early.

Mr. MacDonald?

# MR. MACDONALD

Thank you, My Lord. Just for a little guidance, given the fact that we're starting now at quarter to twelve...

## MR. CHAIRMAN

Well, also we're going to sit until one o'clock today.

# MR. MACDONALD

That's what I was going to ask you. Will you just take just a one-hour break?

# MR. CHAIRMAN

We'll probably compromise at an hour and 15 minutes.

# MR. MACDONALD

Thank you. The next witness, My Lord, is Mr. Ouintal.

1 RAYMOND QUINTAL, duly called and sworn, testified as follows: 2 3 EXAMINATION BY MR. MACDONALD 4 For the record, sir, what is your name? O. Raymond Quintal. Α. Your last name is spelled Q-U-I-N-T-A-L. Q. Yes. A. I'll apologize in advance, but Cape Bretoners have trouble, and Q. 9 I may call you a different name from time to time. 10 MR. CHAIRMAN 11 In Newfoundland, it's pronounced "can-tle", which means 12 112 pounds. It takes two to make a draft of salt cod. 13 MR. MACDONALD 14 At the present time, Mr. Quintal, you reside in Ottawa, do you, Q. 15 sir? 16 A. Yes, in the City of Gloucester. 17 Q. And you are retired from the R.C.M.P.? Yes. A. Q. When did you retire? 20 In July, 1981. A. 21 O. What was your rank when you retired? 22 Deputy Commissioner. Α. 23 Q. Would you just briefly for the Commissioners tell us, trace 24

your career path in the R.C.M.P., so we'll have some idea what

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## MR. QUINTAL, EXAM. BY MR. MACDONALD

you've done in your career?

- A. Well, I joined in June, 1948. After basic training, I was posted to New Brunswick in 1949, where I served in different capacities at the detachment level until 1961, and then I moved to divisional headquarters in '61 and remained there until '63. I was transferred then to the Province of Quebec and to Montreal. I was commissioned in 1964 and then I served in the Province of Quebec until July, 1970, at which time I moved to headquarters in Ottawa and served in various capacities in headquarters until I retired in 1981.
- Q. When were you appointed Deputy Commissioner?
- A. In 197... I think it was the first of January 197...
- Q. Seventy?
- 14 A. 1978.
  - Q. 78, thank you. Is there only one Deputy Commissioner?
- A. No, I don't know how many there are now but, in those days,
  there were three at headquarters. One responsible for
  administration, one responsible for Canadian Police Services,
  and one responsible for operations. Also, there was a Field
  Deputy Commissioner in British Columbia.
  - Q. What were you responsible for as Deputy Commissioner?
  - A. At first, I was responsible for Canadian Police Services, and then for operations, and that's what I was at the time I retired.
- Q. And early in 1980, what would you have been responsible

## MR. OUINTAL, EXAM, BY MR. MACDONALD

	C . O
1	for?

- A. I'm not sure. I think it was in 1980 that I moved from the Canadian Police Services to operations.
- Q. Canadian Police Services, does that include the negotiation for and the administration of the contracts entered into?
- 6 A. No, that's administration.
- Q. Pardon?
- A. That's administration.
- 9 Q. Okay. Who would you report to as Deputy Commissioner?
- 10 A. The Commissioner.
- Q. And who, in turn, would be reporting to you?
- A. In my capacity as operations?
- 13 Q. Yes.
- A. The Directors of Criminal Investigations, what we call "P directorates," which was protective policing, and the directorate of criminal intelligence.
- Q. All right, you're aware, Mr. Quintal, that we are concerned with the involvement of the R.C.M.P. in a case involving Roland Thornhill?
- 20 A. Yes.
- Q. Would you tell the Commissioners when you first became aware of that case and the R.C.M.P. involvement in it?
- A. I think it was in... I think it was in June, 1980 when I
  received an internal document from the Director of Criminal
  Investigations, who was Tom Venner at the time.

- Q. Tom Venner?
- A. Yes.
- Q. We've had marked here, Mr. Quintal, the document as I've put in front of you, Exhibit 165. Let me ask you to turn to page nine of that document, please. Can you identify for me, first of all, the persons involved here? At the top of that, it says "To" and then it has "ADCI Federal, OIC, CCB." Who would that be?
- A. "ADCI Federal" is the Assistant Director of Criminal
  Investigations for the federal. We had also contract policing,
  and that's the distinction made.
- Q. Would you be able to say who, what person this would have been in 1980?
- A. The initials, I think it's Chief Superintendent Riddell.
- Q. Riddell?
- 16 A. Yes.
- Q. And it's coming from... What's that over on the side?
- A. DCI, which is the Director of Criminal Investigations.
- Q. Is that an Ottawa thing as well?
- A. Yes, that would be Assistant Commissioner Venner.
- Q. Would Venner be someone who would report to you?
- A. Yes.
- Q. Let me take you through some of the comments in this and ask you to either... Let me back up and say it appears that the date is, the total date is cut off, but I believe this is written in

## MR. QUINTAL, EXAM. BY MR. MACDONALD

April of 1980. Would that be the normal way to write the year, then the month, and then the day?

- A. Yes.
- Q. Do you recall ever seeing this document before?
- A. I don't. I may have, but I don't see my initials on it, so I can't say for sure.
- Q. Let me just take you through some of this and ask you if you were made aware of the contents of the memo; if not by being given the memo, but by being told what was in it. It says:

Re Roland Thornhill, who was Minister of Development of Nova Scotia. In breach of Section 110 in that he had a substantial debt written off at small per cent of the dollar. Media speculation and government has admitted Minister did settle accounts while a Minister. Debt was over (I don't know if that's 40,000 or 400,000) and in return for concessions. Halifax CCB investigating and report will be forthcoming.

Halifax CCB is what, Commercial Crime Branch?

A. Yes.

Q.

AG Gale has been told that R.C.M.P. wish to investigate and he agreed they should. There has been attempt to use R.C.M.P. by suggesting that they have looked at Mr. Thornhill's transaction and can find nothing wrong. "H" Division are not prepared to let this be said, so wish to investigate fully ASAP.

Were you made aware of that, of those events?

A. Probably not at the time.

- Q. What would you expect to happen where the Halifax
  Commercial Crime Branch is investigating and the report will
  be forthcoming? Who would it be forthcoming to?
- A. A copy would probably, would normally be sent to the Commercial Crime Branch in Ottawa.
- 6 Q. That's a normal...
- A. Procedure.
- Q. Procedure, is it? All right. Let me take you to page 11. Is that a memo from Mr. Venner to you?
- 10 A. Yes.
- Q. As Deputy Commissioner?
- A. Yes.
- Q. And, again, I apologize, the date isn't fully on there but it appears to have been written in June, is that correct on the date?
- 16 A. Yes.
- Q. And that, I believe what you said earlier, you think it was

  June that you were made aware of these events?
- A. That's right.
- Q. What do you recall being told? What were you told? What generally do you recall being advised in June? What was brought to your attention?
- A. I don't recall anything except I would have read this.
- Q. Let me take you through this then, Mr. Quintal. "I think the time..." [POWER INTERRUPTION.]

12:13 p.m.

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## MR. CHAIRMAN

I've been asked to request that whenever those involved speak be sure and turn on the mike. Hopefully we can proceed now with the utmost dispatch. It's a bad day.

## MR. MacDONALD

Q. We were trying, Mr. Quintal, to look at page 11 of Exhibit 165. This is from Mr. Venner to you where he says, "I think the time has come to draw the line," there's a blanked out portion, and for the benefit of your Lordships these documents have been blanked out to take out reference to cases and materials that are not relevant to this particular issue.

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I think the time has come to draw the line and for other reasons with the Attorney General of Nova Scotia. Either we are running the police force and directing the conduct with investigations or they are. And if the latter is the case then a police force other than the RCMP must be what they should have.

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## **COMMISSIONER EVANS**

Then, the word "then".

# MR. MacDONALD

Then, "other than the RCMP."

Q. "I would like to discuss with you and some of my "C"division officers." Who are "C" division, is that head office?

- A. That's "C" directorate.
- Okay. Is that the head office?
- A. That's a...no, yes. That's the directorate of criminal investigation.

The prospect of meeting with AG, Deputy AG, etcetera, such a meeting not to exclude the possibility of threatening to recommend non-renewal of policing agreement if we can't reach a better understanding. They had been pushing and pushing and I don't see how we can keep backing up without losing credibility and integrity.

Now that appears to be pretty serious stuff, would you agree with that?

Yes.

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Q.

- Was there such a meeting with the Attorney General and his officials?
- A. No.
- Was the possibility of non-renewal of the policing agreement ever raised with the Attorney General or any of his officials in Nova Scotia?
- A. Not to my knowledge.
- What action, sir, did you take or did the force take in response to this memo from Mr. Venner?
- A. The last sentence is my writing where I directed that he develop the policy position and a control system.
- Q. That is your writing then on the bottom?

A. Yes, sir.

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- Q. And did, in fact, Mr. Venner develop a policy position?
- A. This was done, I'm not sure whether it was done and completed before I left or not.
  - Q. Was it in the works?
- A. It was initiated and developed because we were having problems in various provinces with regards to our relationship with the Attorney General and the Crown counsel.
  - Q. What do you mean by control system?
    - A. I would take it, and it's difficult eight years later to recall exactly what that would mean, but I would take it it would probably refer to the clarification of responsibilities between the force and the Attorney General's Department with regards to investigation.

## MR. CHAIRMAN

Are the responsibilities of the RCMP, vis-a-vis the Attorney General of the province, set forth in the policing agreement between the Government of Canada and the Government of the province concerned?

## MR. QUINTAL

Yes, I think, Your Lordship, there are some sections in the agreements that deal with that.

#### MR. MacDONALD

And those agreements are filed with...

# 14707 MR. QUINTAL, EXAM. BY MR. MacDONALD MR. CHAIRMAN 1 I appreciate that. MR. MacDONALD 3 Was the contract with Nova Scotia for the provision of RCMP Q. 4 services being negotiated at this time? 5 I couldn't say whether they were actually underway. A. I think the contracts were eventually signed after my 7 departure in 1981. They may well have had some preliminary discussions but that would be handled by the Deputy Commissioner, administration and the Commissioner. 10 **COMMISSIONER EVANS** 11 Aren't the agreements for five year...a term of five years or 12 how long are they? 13 MR. QUINTAL 14 I think the last one was for ten years. 15 COMMISSIONER EVANS 16 Ten years. 17 MR. CHAIRMAN 18 And aren't they negotiated collectively, the eight...the eight 19 contracting provinces. 20

# MR. QUINTAL

I think so, sir.

## MR. CHAIRMAN

You don't do it province by province.

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14708	MR. QUINTAL, EXAM. BY MR. MacDONALD
1	MR. QUINTAL
2	No, sir.
3	MR. CHAIRMAN
4	The eight provinces gang up on the Solicitor General and try
5	to get the best deal possible.
6	MR. QUINTAL
7	Yes, sir.
8	MR. CHAIRMAN
9	And then they all sign.
10	MR. QUINTAL
11	I think so, sir.
12	MR. MacDONALD
13	Q. What type of problems were being experienced at this time
14	with the Nova Scotia Attorney General's Department?
15	A. I can't recall specifically what they were.
16	Q. Can you assist us in telling us what was meant by "They
17	have been pushing and pushing"?
18	A. I'm sorry, but I can't.
19	Q. You indicated to me earlier that it was at this time you
20	became aware of the Thornhill matter. There's no reference
21	in this particular document to Thornhill, at least not
22	specifically I don't believe.
23	A. Oh, it probably came with the Thornhill file.
24	Q. It was probably at that time you were given the Thornhill
25	file, and perhaps I can give you a little chronology that may

# MR. QUINTAL, EXAM. BY MR. MacDONALD be of assistance to you. I understand the report, at least the final report of the RCMP on the Thornhill matter was not delivered to the Attorney General's office, was not delivered until August 29th. **POWER FAILURE** MR. CHAIRMAN Why don't we break for lunch and come back at 1:45. LUNCH BREAK- 12:21

be of assistance to you. I understand the report, at least the final report of the RCMP on the Thornhill matter was not delivered to the Attorney General's office, was not delivered until August 29th.

# **POWER FAILURE**

## MR. CHAIRMAN

Why don't we break for lunch and come back at 1:45.

# LUNCH BREAK- 12:21

2:50 p.m.

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## **CHAIRMAN**

Mr. MacDonald.

## MR. MacDONALD

- Q. Mr. Quintal, when we broke we were referring you to page 11 and I was asking you if you would tell the Commissioners what it is you were advised about the Thornhill matter and there is nothing directly dealing with Thornhill in that particular memo.
- A. I don't recall exactly, but as I said, I think that this would have come with the file that we had at that time, whatever material was contained in it.
- Q. What is your best recollection today about what you knew in the summer of 1980 concerning the investigation of the Roland Thornhill matter?
- A. Not very much except that there was an ongoing investigation at that time.

- Q. Were you aware that your investigators were not to have access to a Crown Prosecutor for advice?
- A. I don't know if it was at that time but I certainly became aware of it later.
  - Q. Turn to page 12, sir, in that book. This has been identified as a memorandum to file by Inspector McInnes of the "H"

    Division. And I'm not suggesting that you had it but I want to refer to some of the things in here and see if you were familiar with these questions. This took place in July. You see at the beginning it says, "At 3:45 p.m. on July 24, 1980..." so this is after you were aware something was going on in Nova Scotia that is causing Mr. Venner concern anyway.
- A. Mmm.

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- Q. So in July Inspector McInnes was informed by Gordon Gale that he was extremely displeased because your investigator had met with the Crown Prosecutor. And he said that the investigator should not have approached counsel bearing in mind that the Attorney General's Department did not wish them to do so until after the investigation was completed and his Department members has the opportunity to review the file. Were you aware of that?
- A. At that time I'm not sure. I can't say.
- Q. You were at some time?
- A. Yes. Certainly by the meeting we had in November.
- Q. And is that something that caused you concern?

- MR. OUINTAL, EXAM, BY MR. MacDONALD Yes. It was not normal practice, although it's a, it had occurred, that some cases the Attorney General would ask 2 that the investigator's results be made available to his 3 Department. 4 Without the investigator having any access to a Crown Q. Prosecutor? 6 Well the staff of the Attorney General's Department are 7
  - Crown Prosecutors or you mean local Crown Prosecutors.
  - Local Crown Prosecutors. The day-to-day guy down in the Q. trench.
  - Yeah. Α.
- That fellow. Q. 12
- Α. Yeah. 13
- Are you aware of other cases where the investigators had Q. 14 been denied access to that type of Crown Prosecutor? 15
  - I can't tell you of a specific case. A.
    - Q. Mr. McInnes, or Inspector McInnes went on to say in the second paragraph,

I informed Mr. Gale that I was not in any position to instruct our members not to see Crown counsel, bearing in mind that it is normal practice when investigations are conducted, whether they be minor or major. Personally I feel that their advice to us not to seek views of Crown counsel in this particular investigation was tantamount to obstruction.

Are you aware of that view by Inspector McInnes?

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- A. I was certainly familiar with this in November. I...
- Q. Do you agree that the advice which apparently was given by Mr. Gale, or through him to the investigator, that he was not to seek the views of Crown counsel in this particular investigation was tantamount to obstruction.

## MR. SAUNDERS

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Bearing in mind, of course, if the witness said that and "views of Crown counsel" meant the local Crown.

## MR. MacDONALD

Yes.

# MR. SAUNDERS

Yes.

## MR. MacDONALD

Certainly. I understood that to be the case.

- A. Obstruction, it seems to me is a pretty strong word. I don't know whether the fact that they don't have access to local Crown would prevent them from continuing their investigation.
- Q. Why do police officers, in particular, members of the RCMP wish to have access to local Crown?
- A. Well I think it's explained further on with, look for advice with regards to the importance of the evidence and this indicates if you've already done some investigative work to come up with some evidence whether there is a need for certain areas, additional areas to be covered because of the

- weaknesses that may be present in their cases and, or other questions of law. I think it's a, and then what procedures are followed from there.
- Q. Now given that, and you've read the, and I believe that's from the RCMP manual, isn't it?
- A. Yes.

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- Q. Now given that fact, if that's the purpose of having access to local Crown Prosecutors, or to Crown counsel, would you say the denial of that access to the RCMP investigating officer would be tantamount to obstruction?
- A. I don't know.
- Q. It certainly would not be the normal practice, would it?
- 13 A. Not normally no.
  - Q. Were you ever advised that your investigating officer had, in fact, been instructed that he could consult if he wanted to with Mr. Gale or Mr. Coles rather than with a local Crown?
    - A. I think there were instructions from the Deputy Attorney

      General at the time that they were to consult his office or to
      report directly to his office.
    - Q. They were to report to the Head Office. But are you aware of any instruction given to your investigators that they could consult, that they could consider Mr. Gale or his boss the equivalent of a Crown attorney, Crown Prosecutor, and consult with him to obtain the type of advice that's normally available from a local Crown?

- A. I don't, I'm not aware that these were actually said to the investigator, Corporal House.
- Q. Let me take you to page 18. That's a letter from Mr. Gale to Inspector, or Superintendent Feagan. Have you ever seen that letter before?
- A. Yes.

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- Q. When would you have seen that, sir?
- A. I don't recall exactly when but it would probably be in the fall of 1980.
- Q. These were the instructions as relayed in this letter, if I can just read them to you. It's about halfway through the paragraph,

Those instructions were that no charges were to be laid nor was any contact to be made with prosecutors concerning this matter until you have finished your investigation and forwarded a report to this Department so that the matter could then be examined and the Attorney General fully apprised of the evidence. Your investigators are to cease to have contact with the prosecutors concerning this investigation and to concentrate on getting their long-awaited report in to the Department summarizing the evidence and the charges proposed based on the evidence so that it can be reviewed and then forwarded for prosecution if the evidence supports charges.

Do you take that to be an invitation to the members of your

- MR. QUINTAL, EXAM, BY MR. MacDONALD Force to consult with anybody in the Attorney General's 1 Department? 2 No. Α. 3 O. And in fact, do you take it be a direction that you are not to consult with anybody. 5 No. Α. 6 Q. Do you take it to be that instruction? 7 No. According to this is that they are not to consult with... Α. 8 And how does the investigating officer get the type of O. 9 10
  - assistance he needs as set out in your operating manual which is reported on page 13? At least the extracts are on page 13. It says, "Operating..." at the top,

Operational Manual [and it gives the number] look to counsel for these reasons. Advice regarding the importance of evidence available.

Where were your inspectors going to get that advice in investigating this particular matter?

- A. Well in this case if they needed it they would have to get it from the Deputy Attorney General or his staff.
- "Advice regarding the importance of obtaining Q. 20 additional information." 21
- Α. Same thing. 22

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- And "Advice on questions of law." Q. 23
- Same thing. Α. 24
- And do you take the invitation, or the instruction from Mr. Q. 25

- Gale, that I've just read to you on page 18, to be an invitation to come to him for that type of advice?
- No. A.

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- O. Would you agree with me that, in effect, what's happened here is the RCMP is being denied access to legal advice?
  - A. In the normal sense, yes.
- Thank you. Now on page 20, Mr. Quintal, there's a Q. memorandum from Mr. Christen, from Inspector Christen I 8 guess, to the Commission. Would you have had this memo? 9 Would this have been given to you?
  - Yes, I would have seen that. Α.
    - Q. And I would like to direct you to the second paragraph where it says,

Mr. Gale advised the purpose in wishing to review the evidence prior to assigning a prosecutor was, firstly, to determine the evidence available and if evidence to support a charge was present, the Department would then select appropriate counsel to handle this particular case. In view of Mr. Thornhill's position in the Provincial government, it would be the wish of the Attorney General to brief the Premier concerning any decision to prosecute.

Did you consider that would be a normal and appropriate thing to do?

- Well, I think yes. Α.
- And why would that be? 24 Q.

## MR. QUINTAL, EXAM. BY MR. MacDONALD

- The, when it involves a Minister, whether it be provincial or federal, I think it is proper to inform the Premier or the 2 Prime Minister. 3 At what time would that decision, would the advice be given Q. 4 to the Premier or the Prime Minister, sir? 5 I would think when the investigation is pretty well complete. Α.

  - Would it be after a decision had been made to prosecute or Q. before?
    - Well it could be either one but ... Α.
  - It could be either one. Q.
    - A. Yes.

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- Q. Did you see anything wrong in advising the Prime Minister or a premier that an investigation of one of his ministers was being carried out and there may be charges going to be laid but no decision has been made as yet?
- A. I'm sorry, I missed that.
- Q. Do you see anything wrong, or would there be anything wrong in your view, if a premier or a prime minister were advised that one, an investigation was being carried inspecting one of his ministers and that charges may be laid, but no final decision has yet been made?
- Would it be improper to let him know? Not if the A. investigation is completed.

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# MR. QUINTAL, EXAM. BY MR. MacDONALD 2:10 p.m.

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Q. As long as the investigation is completed, you see nothing improper in advising the head of a government that charges may be laid, no decision having been made as yet, no final decision.

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A. It would be preferable to have the decision made first and then inform the authorities accordingly.

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Q. Yes, it may be preferable but I understood from your evidence that you would see nothing improper in having advised the Premier first.

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A. No.

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Q. Wouldn't you be concerned that the Prime Minister may be able to exert some pressure on his Cabinet colleague, the Attorney General, not to lay charges?

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A. Well, normally the advice to the Premier or Prime Minister would be done by the Attorney General.

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Q. Yeah. I'm not concerned who is the actual carrier of the news.

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A. No.

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Q. My concern, sir, is that if the head of government is advised before the actual decision is made to prefer a charge or to lay a charge that there at least is the possibility of some political influence being brought to bear on the Attorney General.

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A. No, no, because you have, you know, when you obtain search

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- warrants, for instance, to search offices or residences or the
  business of Cabinet Ministers, this then becomes in the pubic
  area which the Premier can very well become aware of, and
  that's way before a decision is made with regards to
  prosecution.
- 6 Q. But something public has happened there.
- A. Yes.
- Q. There's been an issuance of a search warrant.
- A. Uh-hum.
- Q. But nothing public has occurred when the RCMP has carried out an investigation of an alleged criminal activity, has there?
- A. Well, in this particular case there was quite...there was some publicity in the early stages when there was a press release issued by the division that they were not going to carry out a further investigation and then I think this was in April.
  - Q. But that may be, but my concern is this, that normally when the RCMP are carrying out an investigation, that's private, isn't it?
- 20 A. Yes.

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- Q. That's confidential.
- A. Well.
- Q. And the advices given to the Attorney General are confidential.
- A. Yes.

- Q. And how could there ever be an excuse or a reason that the
  Attorney General, before any public charge is laid, for the
  Attorney General to breach that confidentiality and advise
  the Premier or the Prime Minister?
- A. Well, it would be up to the individual Attorney General to decide.
- Q. But in any event, you as a deputy commissioner of the RCMP would see nothing wrong with an Attorney General doing that.
- 10 A. No.

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- Q. Thank you. If I could finish this paragraph that I referred you to on page 20. Mr. Gale advised that there was no intent to interfere with our investigation, and if any advice or direction was required, it would be provided by their office rather than a local Crown prosecutor. So I take it from that that indeed Mr. Gale did advise at least Mr. Christen that if the investigating officer needed any assistance he should go to Gale, or at least someone in Mr. Gale's office.
- <sub>19</sub> A. Yes.
- Q. Do you know if that advice was passed along to the investigator?
- A. If I know.
- Q. Do you know?
- A. Not personally I don't.
- 25 Q. Thank you.

- A. Although I see there's a note there a copy was sent to the officer in charge of the commercial crime section.
- Q. And would that be a Halifax...
- A. Yes.

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- Q. ...person? Thank you. You did obtain a copy, I think you said in the normal course, of the report that was filed by the investigating officer in Halifax and delivered to the Attorney General, a copy of that would have been forwarded to Ottawa as well?
- <sub>10</sub> A. Yes.
- Q. And would that be the same with any interim reports that were made available?
- A. Well, yes, I would think so with most of the reports.
  - Q. Thank you. Give the witness Exhibit 164, please, that's the statement of facts. Mr. Quintal, for your information, sir, an agreed statement of facts or a statement of facts has been prepared and filed here and on page 4 of that Exhibit 164...do Your Lordships not have your copies?

# **COMMISSIONER EVANS**

Not yet, it's coming.

## MR. MacDONALD

Q. On page 4, paragraph number 17, what that is an extract from the final report which was submitted by the investigating officer and forwarded to Mr. Gale on September 11th of 1980. Do I understand the procedure

- either one.
- Q. By the time it gets to the Attorney General's Department though it's been looked at by two or three levels in the division.
- A. Yes.
- Q. What about when it gets to Ottawa? Is it something that's looked at up there?
- A. Yes.

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- Q. And who would be looking at it up there?
- A. Well, it would be the staff in the commercial crime branch, it would probably go to the officer in charge of the branch. He may decide to refer it to, what at that time was his immediate supervisor, which was the DCI federal and, or it could go directly to the DCI.
- Q. And what are they looking for when they review it?
  - A. They look at the investigative report to see whether in their judgement the investigation is complete or whether there are areas that may be lacking that they could be further investigated and to provide necessary instructions to the division if need be.
  - Q. Can we assume, therefore, that when the report is delivered to the Attorney General it's been looked at by sufficient number of people in the RCMP that any...that the RCMP are, in fact, endorsing what is contained in the report?
  - A. Unless there are comments to the contrary.

#### MR. OUINTAL, EXAM, BY MR. MacDONALD

- Q. Thank you. Now here is what was said then and it's in paragraph 17. It's said in the report, and I'm just going to concern myself with recommendations if I can. The investigating officer said, "I would like to make the following recommendations. First, that I have established a prima facie case of section 110(1)(c) Criminal Code against Mr. Thornhill." Do you have that, sir?
- A. Yes.

Q.

- "Therefore a prosecutor should be appointed to take this matter before the courts." That's his first recommendation. Secondly, "That I have shown some evidence that Mr. Thornhill obtained funds by false pretences and I would like to further discuss this matter with a prosecutor," and he refers to the relevant sections of the <u>Criminal Code</u>. Third, that the four chartered banks involved in this settlement had violated the <u>Criminal Code</u>. And he is referring to Sections 110(1)(c) and section 21(1)(b) of the <u>Code</u>, and I understand what that is is, in effect, someone who is an accomplice to the commission of a crime, isn't that correct?
- A. I haven't read the <u>Code</u> since.
- Q. Okay. "And consideration should be given to charging them," and finally, "That there was evidence that the four chartered banks, Mr. Thornhill, et al, have conspired to have Mr. Thornhill receive a benefit." And he goes on to say, "I would like to discuss the matter with a Crown prosecutor to

#### MR. QUINTAL, EXAM. BY MR. MacDONALD

- get certain things." And that's to get the advice or the information and the assistance that your operation's manual contemplates an investigating officer can get from a Crown, isn't it?
- A. Yeah.
- Q. Now what did you anticipate would happen or what could normally happen with such a report being delivered to the Attorney General?
- A. Well, normally it would...I would expect it would be reviewed by the staff in the Attorney General's Department and evaluated.
- Q. Would you expect that the Attorney General would appoint a prosecutor as asked for by the RCMP?
- A. They would if they felt that there was evidence to prosecute.
- Q. Would you expect they would make the prosecutor available for the purposes of the investigator discussing the matter with him further to get his advice regarding the importance of seeking additional evidence, regarding the importance of the evidence available, his advice on questions of law?

  Would you expect that a prosecutor would be appointed for that purpose or those purposes?
- A. Um. Those cases are rather few, that's not...that's not the normal course of events and, well, I can't recall other cases where this has occurred so I don't know what the practise

1	1	would be, although these would be the sort of a senior
2		Crown counsel's within the, ah, law offices of the province, I
3		guess it would be up to their discretion whether they wish
4		to appoint another prosecutor to review that or do it
5		themselves.
6	Q.	Now, Mr. Quintal, it's your operations manual that says your
7		investigating officers, the RCMP operations manual, it says,
8		"An investigating officer should be able to have access to a
9		Crown for the following reasons."
10	A.	Yes.
11	Q.	A report is submitted to the Attorney General's office which
12		has been reviewed or normally we can assume has been
13		reviewed by various levels.
14	A.	Yeah.
15	Q.	Of the RCMP in which the investigating officer has asked
16		"Let me have access to a prosecutor to discuss these points."
17	A.	Um.
18	Q.	Wouldn't you expect that a prosecutor would be appointed
19		for that reason?
20	A.	It should, normally I don't see why the province would
21		object.
22	Q.	Do you have any example of any other case where the RCMP
23		has asked for access to a prosecutor for the purpose of
24		getting that type of assistance and has been denied, in any
25		province?

#### MR. QUINTAL, EXAM. BY MR. MacDONALD

- A. Oh, I don't know, personally I don't know.
- Q. But you know that's what happened here.
- A. Yes.

#### MR. SAUNDERS

My Lord, I hesitate to rise when my friend is doing his direct examination, and I recognize that he has been trying to at times get into cross-examination, but I think in fairness, my friend ought to put the cover letter that came from the CO of "H" division with the report in which Mr. Feagan, who testified last day, made requests of my department and asked them whether it was their wish that a local Crown prosecutor be appointed to handle it. And I urge my friend to put to this witness page 24. Surely that's what my department would have been expected to respond to.

## MR. CHAIRMAN

But I presume that's coming in time, isn't it?

### MR. MacDONALD

Yes, My Lord, I don't know if I had or not but I certainly don't object to putting the question from page 24 to Mr. Feagan, Mr. Quintal, sorry.

- Q. What is on page 24, Mr. Quintal, is a covering letter from Mr. Feagan which sends along the final report from the investigating officer. Had you seen that before?
- A. I can't recall.
- Q. But you did see the report that was prepared by the

### MR. QUINTAL, EXAM. BY MR. MacDONALD

investigating officer.

- A. Yes, I've...
- Q. Were you surprised?

#### MR. CHAIRMAN

And presumably this letter of September the 11th from Chief Superintendent Feagan to the Deputy Attorney General encloses the report of August 29th.

### MR. MacDONALD

That's correct, My Lord, yes, at least that's my understanding that that was enclosed.

#### MR. CHAIRMAN

Yes.

### MR. MacDONALD

- Q. Were you surprised, Mr. Quintal, that no prosecuting officer was appointed or no one was designated from the Attorney General's office to be made available to your investigator to discuss the points raised in the report and to obtain the type of advice that your investigator wanted to obtain?
- A. If you ask if I was.
- Q. Yes.
- A. Surprised. The problem is I don't...I can't remember exactly when this came to my knowledge, prior to the meeting in November because not all files at headquarters are necessarily referred to the Deputy Commissioner of operations.

- Q. But in June you had been told by your...by Mr. Venner that there appear to be problems in Nova Scotia.
- A. Yes.

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- Q. That the AG was, to use his words, "pushing and pushing".
  Would you not have been keeping on top of what was happening with the controversial matters in Nova Scotia?
  - A. Well, at headquarters you pretty well rely on your support staff to bring matters to your attention which they feel is...
    - Q. Okay, thank you. On page 31 there's a copy, it's the first page of a memorandum from Mr. Coles to the Attorney General, and on page 39 is a covering letter from Mr. Coles in which that memorandum is sent to Chief Superintendent Feagan. Would you have ever seen this memorandum?
- 14 2:30 p.m.
- A. Yes.
- Q. Are you able to tell us when in the course of things you would have seen it?
- 18 A. No. But...
- 19 Q. But you did at some time.
- 20 A. Yes.
- Q. Can I suggest this to you that at least you would have seen it in November of that year or very close to November.
- A. Yes.
- Q. We'll come back to that. Were you aware that the Attorney
  General's Department issued a press release on October the

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### MR. QUINTAL, EXAM. BY MR. MacDONALD

- 29th, 1980, stating that there would not be any charges laid against Mr. Thornhill or the bank?
- A. Yes.
- Q. And how did you learn of that?
- 5 A. I don't recall.
- Q. Would it be fair to suggest that your local people, your
  Halifax people, were quite upset about the actions being
  taken by the Attorney General without consultation with
  them?
- 10 A. Yes, that's what led ...that's what led to the meeting of the...
- Q. That's what led to the meeting in Ottawa.
- 12 A. On November the 5th.
- Q. Now who convened that meeting?
  - A. I tried to think, I can't recall exactly how it was convened. I don't have any notes in that regard and I can't tell you. I don't know whether it was division or it was ourselves who requested it. I...
  - Q. Who would decide who was going to be present?
  - A. Oh, the...out in the division CO, Chief Superintendent Feagan would decide who would come up from "H" division in Nova Scotia and DCI would decide which one of the staff he would bring to the meeting.
  - Q. Mr. Feagan described these people yesterday giving evidence here that "They were all our specialists in that field with lots of experience and what went on across

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Q.

Canada in commercial crime investigations." Would you 1 agree with that description of the people present? 2 I would think so. A. 3 Q. Now this is a meeting of people who have a lot of experience 4 and, in fact, are your specialists in commercial crime 5 investigation in Canada. Yes. A. Yes. 7 Q. On... In Canada, ah, the people in Ottawa would probably have a A. better idea of what was going on across Canada than would a 10 particular division. 11 Q. And the people who were here, look at page 55, there's a list 12 of who was present. There's yourself as Deputy 13 Commissioner of Criminal Operations. And then there is 14 Venner and who is that, Chief Superintendent Riddell? 15 A. Yes. 16 Q. Would they both be experienced in criminal or commercial 17 crime investigations? 18 A. Ah. 19 Q. Or be aware of such... 20 Certainly they...I don't know what their actual background A. 21 was at the time, but they certainly... DCI would be 22 responsible for the commercial crime branch, the ADCI 23 would be their immediate supervisor.

What about Staff Sergeant Jay, legal? He's from Ottawa, is

- he? Or, no, he...who is he?
- A. I don't know. I don't recall him.
- Q. He's noted to be "Legal C Director."
- A. Well, we had at that time a legal branch at headquarters.
- Q. A legal branch at headquarters?
- A. Yes, which were made up of members of the force who had law degrees.
- Q. And you have Chief Superintendent Feagan, Superintendent Christen.
- 10 A. Yes.

- 11 Q. Inspector Blue.
- A. Yes.
- Q. All from Halifax, all experienced officers in commerical crime investigation.
- A. I...they would be familiar. Blue would probably have more experience in the commercial crime investigative field than would have Christen or Feagan. I don't think that they themselves worked as commercial crime investigators.
- Q. Okay. Sergeant Plomp, legal division, did you know him?
- 20 A. No.
- Q. Was there legal staff in Halifax?
- A. Not per se, no, it's...probably we had in our commercial crime section a mixture of people with different backgrounds, some in accounting, some in legal.
- Q. I see. Then you have Corporal House, he's the investigating

- officer.
- A. Yes.
- Q. Superintendent Roy, who is he?
- A. He was the officer in charge of our commercial crime branch in Ottawa.
- Q. Would he be the head, head man for commercial crime in Canada?
- 8 A. In Ottawa, yes.
- 9 Q. And all the divisions would report to him.
- 10 A. Through that branch, yes.
- Q. Inspector, how do you pronounce that name, koz-ick.
- 12 A. Kozij, yeah.
- Q. Who is he?
- A. He was one of the officers in the commercial crime branch in Ottawa. I see here has "Policy and admin".
- 16 Q. And then we have Inspector McConnell.
- 17 A. Yes.
- Q. Who is...what's he do?
- A. I'd say he's in charge of government frauds within the section within the commercial crime branch in Ottawa.
- Q. Okay. He's in charge of government fraud?
- A. Yes.
- Q. And then Staff Sergeant Dillabugh and Sergeant Pratt.
- 24 A. Yes.
- Q. Who are they?

You kept your own notes.

- Both members of our commercial crime division in Ottawa. A. 1 Q. Was there anyone in the force available to you readily that 2 you would have wanted to have at this meeting for their 3 expertise that weren't there? 4 A. No, if we had, we would have called on them. Who would have kept the minutes of the meeting? Q. A. I don't know. 7 Would someone be assigned to do that? Q. 8 A. There probably was somebody.
- A. Yes.

Q.

- Q. At some time did you receive a copy of the minutes as prepared and circulated, and that's the final version, I believe, appears on page 55 and subsequent pages. There was an earlier draft on which there were handwritten changes and so on.
- 17 A. Well...
- Q. Would you have at least obtained a copy of the final version?
- A. I don't recall seeing them.
- Q. When had...when was the first time you had seen them, to your recollection?
- A. To my recollection is when in preparing for this Commission.
- Q. Okay. You've given me copies of your own notes and I believe we gave copies around this morning, My Lord, and

I'll have those introduced now.

## EXHIBIT 167 - NOTES BY MR. QUINTAL

- Q. So that's Exhibit 167. Do you remember the meeting?
- A. Yes.

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- Q. How long would the meeting have lasted?
- A. I recall it lasted for some time.
- Q. An afternoon, the morning.
- 8 A. It was in the afternoon.
- Q. What do you recall about the meeting?
- A. Well, we had a presentation from the members from Nova Scotia and...
- Q. What information was made available to you?
- A. At the meeting you mean?
- Q. Yes. Or prior to the meeting.
- A. It seemed to me we had a brief, but I can't...I don't see any copies of it or whether it was a verbal presentation, I can't recall.
- Q. Would you know if the file, if we can call it that, the Halifax file would have been available to Ottawa?
- A. The Halifax file, I'm not so sure. Certainly the headquarters' file would have been available.
- Q. The headquarters' file would be available. And what would be contained in the headquarters' file?
- A. I don't recall now what was in it.
- Q. If you wanted the complete Halifax file, it's something you

could have obtained, I assume.

- A. Oh, I presume, yes.
- Q. On page 55 there's a statement of the purpose of the meeting. Would you agree that that is a correct summary of the purpose of that meeting, "To discuss in depth the problems derived from the Attorney General of Nova Scotia comments to the media that no charges were warranted," is that one of the purposes?
- A. Yes.

- Q. "To provide headquarters with advice and guidance, input into a sensitive discussion in connection with a high profile investigation," was that one of the purposes?
- A. I think that is not quite correct in the sense that it's headquarters' advice, not headquarters with advice. I think if you look at the handwritten notes of the Assistant Commissioner Venner, that's what it says, it's "headquarters' advice" and not "headquarters with advice."
- Q. Yeah, on page 51 is the handwritten notes from, part of the handwritten notes of Mr. Venner and down toward the bottom it says, "Add some comment about our discussion on this point. We were meeting to provide headquarters' advice, guidance, input into a sensitive..." So the purpose is for headquarters to be able to provide advice.
- A. That's right, yes.
- Q. And then the next purpose was "To test the strength and

1		weakness of the investigation." That was one of the
2		purposes.
3	A.	Yes.
4	Q.	And then "To plan a course of action on how best to deal
5		with the fact that the provincial Attorney General has stated
6		his opinion to the press without giving the RCMP an
7		opportunity of rebuttal or comment." And that was another
8		purpose.
9	A.	That was.
10	Q.	Were there any other purposes, to your knowledge?
11	A.	No.
12	Q.	Now is that how the meeting started, that there was a
13		presentation given by the Halifax group of what this was all
14		about?
15	A.	Yes.
16	Q.	Let me take you over to page 56. Just before that listing 1,
17		2, 3, 4 in the middle of the page, it says, "A well-prepared
18		submission touched on the essential ingredients of a charge,
19		that is" and it lists out the ingredients. That's of a charge
20		under section 110(1)(c), isn't it, of the Criminal Code?
21	A.	Yes.
22	Q.	And it's noted that,
23		The submission and the investigation was
24		The submission and the investigation were queried on all aspects for the investigation had

to stand the test of our own internal scrutiny so

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#### MR. OUINTAL, EXAM. BY MR. MacDONALD

as to create a united front. Case law and other precedents were cited to support the necessary elements required to support a charge.

Is that an accurate reflection of what took place. This wasn't just a glossing over of something. You were...you had your specialists there to look at this, to scrutinize what happened to make certain that there were the necessary elements here to support a charge.

A. Yes.

Q.

A discussion developed which fortified our prerogative to lay an information recognizing that it was within the ambit of the provincial AG as to what type of prosecution would be presented if any. A further brief discussion was held on the fact that the force was morally obligated to lay an information if the evidence supported such action.

Is that an accurate reflection of what was said at the conclusion of the meeting?

- A. I don't recall exactly. I know there was some discussion if you follow that where we said, in fact, that this had not always taken place within the force.
- Q. No, and in fact there had been other examples that the force has had across Canada where having received written instructions from an Attorney General that they would stay a charge if it was laid, the force elected not to lay the charge.
- A. Yes.
- Q. But that's not something that's unique to the force, that's

happened before.

A. Yes. As a matter of fact, it seemed to me in our policy review in developing a policy, we queried the divisions to determine or to find out what the local procedures were and, now I'm only going by memory, but it seems to me that the replies we got back were...showed various situations in various provinces. They weren't all the same all across the country.

## 2:45 p.m.

- Q. Let me take you to the conclusions of this meeting. And they're on page 57. "It was concluded that the investigational evidence supported a *prima facie* case under Section 110 (1)(c) against Mr. Thornhill." Is that the conclusion of the meeting?
- A. I presume it is. We...
- Q. Let me ask you to look at your own notes that were taken, they're Exhibit 167. Under the subtitle "Heading" of your notes of the 5th of November 1980, under "Decision" it says, "They are to write back to AG and say they feel very strongly about the matter and don't mind their reason why they disagree with the evaluation of the DAG. We feel a charge is warranted under Section 110 (1)(c)." So that was a conclusion of the meeting.
- A. Yes.
- Q. Did you consider there was any additional investigation that

#### MR, QUINTAL, EXAM, BY MR, MacDONALD

- would have to be carried out, any additional evidence that would have be to gathered to fortify that decision or to support that decision?
- A. I don't recall specifically but it seemed to me we felt it was a pretty complete investigation. If there had been some it would be in a minor area but...
- Q. And it goes on in the "Conclusions" to say that, "Some leeway must be given to the Attorney General." That's in the conclusions of the minutes.

Therefore, a report shall be prepared pointing out our position, outlining the jurisprudence, et cetera, which supported and asking the AG to reconsider his opinion. A report shall be prepared by "H" Division and shall be delivered by hand to the AG after review by Headquarters.

And do I take it you were contemplating "H" Division preparing a written report which would be reviewed by Headquarters and then taken to the Attorney General?

Well this was one of the purposes of the meeting in which was to plan a course of action in the light of the fact that we had not been given the opportunity to rebut our comment on the decision of the Attorney General and this was decided that that would be the course of action to take. Where they were to prepare a written submission to the Attorney General's Department outlining their reasons and reasoning for disagreeing with that decision and that was to be done in

writing. 1 O. 2 3 under Section 110(1)(c)." 5 6

- And then the final conclusion in the minute was that, "The Attorney General of the Province must be informed in writing that it is our intention to pursue a charge against Thornhill
- Well I don't recall that being said at the meeting and I don't think that Division were instructed to do that. As a matter of fact they were to prepare a submission.
  - The draft minutes, and if I can direct you to page 50...Do you Q. see that draft? It's Draft number 2. That handwriting is Mr. Venner's, isn't it?
  - Yes. A.

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- And that draft minute says that the Attorney General must be Q. informed in writing that it is our intention to pursue a charge against Thornhill under Section 110(1)(c) subject to Conclusion number 2." And Number 2 is the one immediately below that. That you're going to give him some leeway. But was it not the decision or the conclusion of that meeting that you're going to give the Attorney General notice, you were going to try and convince him of your view.
- Yes. Α.
- Q. But that in the end result a charge was going to be laid by the 22 A-, by the RCMP. 23
  - I don't, personally I don't recall making that decision. I don't think I made it at that time because if I had made it then I

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#### MR, QUINTAL, EXAM, BY MR, MacDONALD

would have made it in writing to the Division.

- Q. Why wouldn't you have reached that conclusion if after a complete presentation by the Halifax contingent, which was queried, scrutinized by the specialists in the field, a conclusion being reached that there was sufficient evidence to lay a charge, why wouldn't you have concluded that a charge will be laid? We may have to get around some of our, we may have to mend a few fences or whatever, but we are going to lay a charge.
- A. Why would not...I felt that we should proceed the way I said we should proceed which...
- Q. But exactly what were you going to try and accomplish?
- A. We hoped to convince the Attorney General's Department that the argumentation presented was valid and strong enough to bring him to change his decision.
  - Q. Were you going to let him make the final decision?
- A. As to what?
- Q. Whether charges should be laid?
  - A. Ultimately we, it would be our own decision to decide.
    - Q. You had concluded, or the meeting had concluded that there was sufficient evidence to warrant a charge. Yes? We've already agreed to that, haven't we?
- A. Yeah.
- Q. What would the Attorney General be able to present to you having gone through the type of exercise you did to change

- the collective opinion of that meeting that there was sufficient grounds to lay a charge?
  - A. I'm sorry, would you repeat that again?
- Q. What were you expecting the Attorney General, or his
  Department could bring to you, could bring to the RCMP, that
  could possibly change the collective opinion reached at that
  meeting?
- A. I don't know. What the consultative process would be afterwards, I don't...
- Q. Well did you consider the Attorney General might have some evidence that wasn't available to the RCMP?
- 12 A. No.

- Q. So you considered you had all the evidence.
- A. Yes.
- Q. Necessary. Did you consider the Attorney General might be able to convince you, and when I say "you" I'm talking about the Force, that your legal opinions were wrong?
- A. Yes. That they, their legal opinion was wrong?
- Q. No, that yours. You said, it's reported that at that meeting that there was case law and there were precedents presented to the meeting to support the conclusion that there were all of the necessary elements to found a charge here.
- A. Well the, we felt we had a prima facie case.
- 24 Q. Yes.
- A. There were other factors, there was one thing that is not

### MR. QUINTAL, EXAM, BY MR. MacDONALD

mentioned in the minutes here and, which had to do with the presentation which indicated that the proposal itself when it was made was to the effect that all the banks were to accept the proposal. And that nagged me personally from the very outset. I seem to recall asking at the meeting also whether, in fact, this type of proposal was kind of a normal practice for a person found in this type of situation where he was reportedly in a position where he couldn't liquidate his debts, whether that was normal practice for people to make a proposal to try to settle and I was told, yes, that that was a normal procedure.

- Q. You were told that at the meeting.
- 13 A. Yes.
  - Q. So notwithstanding that fact, that input, it was still the conclusion of the meeting that all of the elements existed to support a charge.
  - A. Yes.
  - Q. What I'm trying to find out, I guess, Mr. Quintal, and I'll try again, you have agreed at a high level meeting that a charge should be laid or is warranted. Now you're going back to the Attorney General, I'm not quite certain why, are you still subject to the Attorney General saying, "Well we don't care what you think, no charge is to be laid and that the Force will accept that direction."
  - A. Well not necessarily. The, we, you get legal advice and you

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### MR. QUINTAL, EXAM. BY MR. MacDONALD

- can accept it or reject it. But you don't do that lightly. When you have three senior Crown law officers who tell you that you don't have sufficient evidence, then you don't go against that unless you feel you have, you're on pretty solid grounds.
- Q. Was the opinion of the, that was given to the Attorney
  General by Mr. Coles in this case, we've already looked at it,
  was that reviewed at the meeting in Ottawa?
  - A. I can't say for sure whether it was or not.
- Q. In your notes, Exhibit 167, you refer specifically to the fact that you should outline the reason why you disagree with the evaluation of the Deputy Attorney General.
- A. Yeah. Well we certainly talked about that. But whether we actually made a review of point by point I don't recall.
  - Q. Did your legal people at that meeting in Ottawa make any reference to the quality of the opinion given by the Deputy Attorney General to the Attorney General?
- A. I don't know.

#### <u>CHAIRMAN</u>

What was the answer?

#### MR. QUINTAL

I don't know, sir.

#### MR. MacDONALD

- Q. You were aware that legal advice had been given to the Attorney General by his Deputy.
- A. Yes.

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#### MR. OUINTAL, EXAM, BY MR. MacDONALD

- Q. And you were getting contrary advice from your legal people.
  Contrary opinions.
  - A. Yes. Well...
- Q. Would they not have tried to demonstrate why their opinion of the Deputy Attorney General was not valid in their view?
  - A. When you say we got advice from our legal people, I'm not sure we referred that to our Legal Branch, I don't think we did. We have some of our representatives there...
  - Q. You have at the meeting Staff Sergeant Jay, who was noted to be legal.
- 11 A. Yes.
  - Q. "C" Division. You have Sergeant Plomp who was noted to be legal. There was a reference to the fact that there were cases and there were precedents cited to support the necessary elements. I suggest to you that the legal issues involved here must have been discussed at that meeting.
  - A. Yes.
  - Q. And that it must have been stated or suggested to you that the legal opinions of the Deputy Attorney General were incorrect.
    - A. I think there was a particularly disagreement with the question of intent under Section 110(c), I think it was.

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## MR. QUINTAL, EXAM. BY MR. MacDONALD 3:00 p.m.

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- Q. Was that section not looked at?
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- Α. Oh, I'm sure it was at that time.
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- O. What about the other charges that had been recommended or at least the investigating officer said he would like to get further investigation or some guidance on whether there are other charges that should be laid, that is, a charge of false pretences possibly, charges against the bank, charges for... Was there any discussion about those possible charges at the
- 8
- meeting in Ottawa?
- 10
- I don't personally recall that. I don't see much in here A. referring to this.
- 11 12
- Q. I don't either and I'm just wondering if you have any recollection of why it wouldn't have been discussed.
- 13 14
- A. No, I think the focus was certainly on the Thornhill aspect of the investigation.
- 15 16
- Q. Was it discussed at the meeting that if you were to lay charges...or if the RCMP were to lay charges against the advice of the Attorney General that could have serious
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A. I don't recall specifically, but it could have been.

ramifications to the force?

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> Q. And the reason I ask you that is on page 52, again these are Mr. Venner's handwritten notes having read the draft minutes, if you start on the bottom of 51, we already said.

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#### MR. QUINTAL, EXAM. BY MR. MacDONALD

To provide headquarters' advice, guidance, input into a sensitive decision in connection with a high profile investigation. This is a feature of the Commissioner's responsibility to manage the force and to assure that the quality of our criminal investigation activity is of the highest order. Given the obvious ramifications of any charge being laid against the advice of the Attorney General, it rendered it absolutely imperative that merits of the case be examined at the highest possible level within the force.

Would you agree that that was one of the purposes and one of the reasons you were going to subject this particular charge to the closest of scrutiny in Ottawa.

- A. Yes.
- Q. And having done so, I'm probably repeating myself, it was concluded that all of the evidence necessary to support a charge were there.
- A. Yes.
- Q. Okay.
- A. All of the elements, that there were sufficient elements to initiate a charge.
- Q. Sufficient evidence to initiate a charge.
- A. Yeah.
  - Q. Now when was...what was your next involvement with this matter?

## MR. CHAIRMAN

Before we move on I've been having difficulty getting this

evidence Mr. Quintal rather succinctly. I'm not sure what Mr.

Quintal is saying. Was it...is it your recollection from these
meetings that after you had...when you met, whether you had the
opinion of the Deputy Attorney General to his Minister or whether
you had a summary by those in attendance, you were aware that
the Deputy Attorney General had, in his legal opinion, advised that
consent was a necessary element.

#### MR. QUINTAL

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Yes, sir.

### MR. CHAIRMAN

Or not consent, intent.

### MR. QUINTAL

Intent.

### MR. CHAIRMAN

Intent was a necessary element. And that you had an opinion or opinions from members of the RCMP who were lawyers which indicated to the contrary, they concluded that intent was not a necessary element to sustain a charge, is that correct?

#### MR. QUINTAL

Yes, under 110(c), I believe.

#### MR. CHAIRMAN

So when I look at conclusion two, when you refer to giving some leeway to the Attorney General, it seems to me that what you're saying there is that someone from the force go back to the Deputy Attorney General or the Attorney General or someone in

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#### MR. QUINTAL, EXAM. BY MR. MacDONALD

that department and say "Here's our opinion and our reasons why we cannot accept the opinion, the legal opinion of the Deputy Attorney General." Is that correct?

## MR. QUINTAL

Yes.

### MR. CHAIRMAN

And I would...that was probably...would probably be a prudent and logical thing to do. But are we entitled to assume from paragraph 3 that if after reading, for want of a better word, your rebuttal opinion, the Deputy Attorney General was still firm in his position that his opinion was the correct one at law, that you would go ahead and lay a charge in any event, and advise the Attorney General accordingly?

#### MR. QUINTAL

No, sir, I don't think, not on November the 5th.

### MR. CHAIRMAN

I see. All right. Okay.

#### MR. MacDONALD

- Q. Well, what would you contemplate would happen if that scenario did develop?
- A. Exactly what happened. We...the further contacts with the Attorney General's Department did take place except that they did not take place in writing in the first instance, they took place verbally.
- Q. Yeah.

#### MR. QUINTAL, EXAM. BY MR. MacDONALD

- A. I think on November the 12th, I think. And then the division came back with the memorandum to Headquarters Ottawa asking for our decision, for a decision as to whether charges should be laid or not.
- Q. But...
- A. At which time this caused us to take a very close look at the total facts available in order to reach a decision whether we would proceed or not.
- Q. I thought that's what you did on November 5th. You spent a whole afternoon with specialists looking at it, scrutinizing what happened, they had a complete presentation from the investigating officer and the other people in Halifax and they all reached the conclusion that, in fact, the investigational evidence supported a prima facie case. Now are you...perhaps we'll come to it in detail, but are you saying that after the Deputy Attorney General and the Attorney General met with Feagan, there was another intense review of the facts of this case?
- A. There was a review of all, yes, after, you know, okay, after the memo was received and before we replied, yes, there was a thorough review made before we prepared the reply.
- Q. Okay. Let me come to that then, sir, if we could in chronological fashion. Let me take you to page 53. This is a memorandum as I understand it from Sergeant Pratt to Dillabaugh on the top part of the page and then the bottom

A.

## MR. QUINTAL, EXAM. BY MR. MacDONALD

1		part it's writingit's the writing of Dillabaugh, is that
2		correct?
3	A.	I take it that's his, I'm not as familiar with his writing if that
4		would be, but I would take it that's from Dillabaugh.
5	Q.	Did you see this letter or this memo prior to preparing for
6		this case?
7	A.	Prior to
8	Q.	Prior to givingpreparing to give evidence before this
9		Inquiry. Did you see at the
10	A.	Oh, yes, oh, before this Inquiry, yes, I did.
11	Q.	You did. Now on that page 53 Pratt is saying, the second
12		sentence there:
13		
14		My personal opinion on this matter is that we should proceed with a charge under Section
15		110(1)(c) in this matter. There is one rider,
16		however, and that is if we do so in this case, we must be prepared to proceed in like fashion in
17		all other divisions who are confronted with a similar situation.
18		
19		Do you see that?
20	A.	Excuse me.
21	Q.	It's on the top ofit's on page 53.
22	A.	Oh, I'm sorry, okay. Oh, that'sthat's fromthat's not from
23		Dillabaugh, that's to.
24	Q.	That's from Pratt.

That's to Dillabaugh, yeah.

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#### MR. QUINTAL, EXAM, BY MR. MacDONALD

- Q. But somebody is writing to Dillabaugh.
- A. Yes.
- Q. And Dillabaugh's reply is saying "I agree with Sergeant
  Pratt's opinion," that's why I assume that it's Pratt who is
  writing the above. "On both points and I realize the
  possible implications of going against the instructions of the
  provincial Attorney General but I believe that the
  ingredients are there for charges under 110(c)."
- 9 A. Um.
- 10 Q. "And 110(1)(b)."
- 11 A. Uh-hum.
- Q. "And it is a matter of principle involved here. I would recommend that before the charges are laid that we inform the Attorney General by written letter," and so on. Were you aware that this memo was written after the meeting in November?
- 17 A. Yes.
- Q. And, in fact, after Feagan had visited the Attorney General and the Deputy Attorney General.
- A. I presume the date is about the 23rd or 24th of November.
- Q. Yes. If you look down at the bottom part before Dillabaugh's writing, the date is there, 80-11-23. Right there.
- 23 A. Yes.
- Q. In your notes, Mr. Quintal, Exhibit 167, you have notes of
  November the 6th and I'd ask you to look at those because it

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### MR. QUINTAL, EXAM. BY MR. MacDONALD

refers to the press release from the Attorney...Deputy
Attorney General from Victoria. Do you see that, sir, down
at the bottom?

- A. Yes.
- Q. Did you review that press release?
- A. No, sir, I don't recall it.
  - Q. It's on page 58 of that booklet if you want to look at it.

    And I want to direct you to the second paragraph where Mr.

    Coles said, "That although he has not seen the statement attributed to the assistant prosecuting officer, he restates his previous advice," and this is the point I want to refer to,

That it was clearly understood policy and accepted practise between the RCMP and the Attorney General's Department that in matters of major or involved criminal investigation, particularly those involving allegations of so-called commercial crime and fraud, the police investigation into the fact is referred to the Deputy Attorney General or other senior lawyers in the department experienced in criminal law.

And he goes on to say, "It's only after that determination at that level that the necessary ingredients exist that a prosecutor is appointed." Would you say that that is a statement of policy and accepted practise?

A. Well, I think the division at that time disputed that statement.

	MR.	QUINTAL, EXAM, BY MR. MacDONALD
1	Q.	The division disputed it, and that's what's noted in
2		yourrecorded in your notes at the top of page 2, "Division
3		says this is new as a standing policy for all cases." You'd
4		never heard of that policy before, had you?
5	A.	No.
6	Q.	As Deputy Commissioner.
7	A.	Not from Nova Scotia, no.
8	Q.	Was it a policy in any other province?

### MR. PRINGLE

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I really wonder how relevant it is whether it's a policy in any other province. We're looking at this province right now.

### MR. MacDONALD

I can pass on that.

### MR. CHAIRMAN

Well, it's relevant in this sense that I take it when they say it's...when the note here indicates it's new to the force, that that's all embracing.

### MR. PRINGLE

I think, My Lord, he's saying it's new to "H" division, I believe that's what his notes say.

### MR. QUINTAL

On page 2, sir.

### **COMMISSIONER EVANS**

New to Nova Scotia.

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### MR. QUINTAL, EXAM. BY MR. MacDONALD

#### MR. PRINGLE

Yes, the top of page 2.

### MR. CHAIRMAN

I'm sorry, yes, so it does. Anyway, as far as Nova Scotia is concerned what's your...what's your reaction to the statement of the Deputy Attorney General?

### MR. QUINTAL

Well, from what the...from what Superintendent Feagan told me at the time that was not so.

### **COMMISSIONER EVANS**

What's you're saying it's incorrect.

### MR. QUINTAL

Yes, sir.

### MR. MacDONALD

- Q. Now I take it from your notes, Mr. Quintal, that you...you had no notes between November the 6th and December the 4th and on your December 4th you note that you had been away to a conference. Were you away from that period of time, sir?
- A. I think I left on the 8th of November out of the country and then didn't return until about the 2nd or 3rd of December
- Q. Okay. And when you returned, as your note indicates, Feagan had a very stormy meeting with the Attorney General and the Deputy Attorney General and "He made known our views and got rough treatment. They have sent

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### MR. QUINTAL, EXAM. BY MR. MacDONALD

in their proposed reply to the AG. DCI is reviewing and will 1 prepare a memo for me." Did you...were you given any 2 written advice from Feagan as to his reception by the 3 Attorney General or Deputy Attorney General? 4 3:16 p.m. 5 A. No. I think this was a verbal briefing upon my return from 6 Assistant Commissioner Venner. I think the meeting he's 7 referring there is probably the meeting of the 12th of 8 November.

- Q. What did you understand that Feagan had told to the Attorney General, that you say "he made known our views"?
- A. Well, I think that it referred to the fact that we disagreed with his, with the advice that he had provided and wished to further make presentations on the matter.
- Q. Look at page 63. Those are notes which Chief Superintendent Feagan says he prepared following the meeting with Messrs. Coles and How. Had you ever seen those?
- A. Just recently. I have no recollection of seeing those before. I don't know whether he would have sent those to Ottawa or these were just notes in the file at the divisional level.
- Q. And there's a report on page 68 from Inspector Blue to the Officer-in-Charge of C.I.B. in Halifax. Would you have seen that report?
- A. I'm fairly sure I did, yes.
- Q. You would have, okay.

- A. Yeah
- Q. That would have been available to you in Ottawa at the time the final decision was made.
- A. Yes.
  - Q. Down at the bottom of page 68. Inspector Blue says "It appears evident that there is sufficient evidence and grounds to support the laying of a charge under Section 110(1)C,

    Criminal Code against Mr. Thornhill. In the laying of a charge, all that is necessary is that there are reasonable and probable grounds to believe that an offence has been committed and reasonable and probable grounds to believe that the person to be charged committed that offence. The determination, once a charge has been laid, as to innocence or guilt of the person charged is a matter for the court to decide. Do you accept that as an accurate statement of the role of the police officer?
  - A. Well, it's not as simple as all that. I think that traditionally the police has exercised discretion and does not lay charges in all cases where there was evidence of a crime.
  - Q. What sort of factors would influence the exercise of that discretion not to lay a charge?
  - A. Oh, there could be a number of factors. I, myself, for instance, am sure I have not charged everybody who have exceeded the speed limit and brought them to court. There are liquor cases in the Province of New Brunswick when they had the days that they had no liquor permits... Well, we didn't

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#### MR. QUINTAL, EXAM, BY MR. MacDONALD

- prosecute everybody that had a bottle of liquor or beer.
- Q. What determines, what sort of factors?
  - A. I don't know. There is no clear set of rules. When they say these are the factors you consider, I think you exercise your judgement at the time depending on all the circumstances.

### **COMMISSIONER EVANS**

- Q. But you're not talking about serious cases, are you?
- A. No.
- Q. You're not talking about bootlegging cases and speeding cases, but thefts, things like that, or robberies, you're not...
- 11 A. No. No, sir.
- Q. There is a distinction, I'm sure, that you draw, some place you draw the line.
- A. Yes, sir.

## 15 MR. MACDONALD

- 16 Q. But you can't tell us where that is.
- 17 A. No, it's...
  - Q. All right, later on I'm sure we're going to be asking why the discretion was exercised in a particular fashion in this case.

    Let me take you to page 69, and this is continuing on with Inspector Blue's comments. The first full paragraph:

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It is realized that to so proceed would place our course in direct conflict with the decision reached by the Deputy Attorney General of the Province of Nova Scotia and his assistant. However, that is a matter of policy which must

#### MR. QUINTAL, EXAM. BY MR. MacDONALD

be dealt with at a much higher level. That is, whether we abide by their decision or whether we perform our duties and responsibilities as we see them and answer to the law.

Would that be, in your view, a correct statement of the dilemma that's facing the R.C.M.P. at this stage, whether you're going to abide by the decision of the Attorney General or perform your duties as you see them.

- A. Yes.
- Q. And let me ask you about the next paragraph. This is the man in charge of Commercial Crime in Halifax at the time.

In reaching such a decision, it should be pointed out that we have dealt with the Deputy Attorney General's office throughout this matter in all earnestness and complete good faith. Previous instructions to submit reports prior to laying charges and to cease dealing with the office of the Halifax County Crown Prosecutor were followed. However, the reasons given for wanting the report prior to laying charges to cease dealings with the Crown Prosecutor's office and the use of the report dated July 28th, 1980, to make final decisions without further dialogue with this force and the manner in which the final decision by the Deputy Attorney General's Department was given to this force and then immediately followed by a press conference tends to lend itself to circumspection as to whether the ends of justice have been truly served in this matter.

Do you take that to be Inspector Blue saying the force has been dealing throughout in good faith, but I'm not certain

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### MR. QUINTAL, EXAM. BY MR. MacDONALD

about the other guy.

- A. Yes, that's what is implied here.
- Q. Did you take that into account when you were making your final decision here?
  - A. I was aware of this, yes.
  - Q. And the final question he puts there in his letter:

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Therefore a decision musts now be made as to whether our duty is to be carried out in the manner in which we perceive it or if the decision of the Deputy Attorney General and his assistant is to be followed.

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That's the decision that had to be made, isn't it?

A. Yes.

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Q. Now attached to that memorandum is a legal memorandum prepared by Sergeant Plomp. Did you see this memorandum prior to making a final determination of whether to lay charges?

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A. It was included with the correspondence.

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Q. And in the beginning of that memo, Sergeant Plomp says:

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The purpose of this memorandum is to clarify the law surrounding Section 110 of the Criminal Code and to point out the weaknesses and basic academic and factual flaws in the memorandum from Gordon Coles to Harry How.

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Did you read it with that in mind? That here is a legal person in the force saying that the opinion from Mr. Coles is weak,

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# MR. QUINTAL, EXAM. BY MR. MacDONALD

- both academically and factually.
- A. Yes.
- Q. Did you review the opinion of Sergeant Plomp?
- A. In this memorandum?
- <sub>5</sub> Q. Yes.
- 6 A. Yes, I would have.
- Q. Had you ever at any time been given any other legal opinion
  which would disagree or take issue with what Sergeant Plomp
  has said in this opinion, other than, of course, the earlier
  opinion from Mr. Coles?
  - A. Legal opinion? I didn't seek any legal opinion.
    - Q. And would you agree now, and I'll take you through it if you like, but what Sergeant Plomp is saying is that the only intent required in Subsection C of Section 110 is that do knowingly accept a gift from somebody who has dealings with the government. That's the only intent required. Yes?
- 17 A. Yes.
  - Q. So if somebody who is working for the government knowingly accepts a gift from somebody who has, or a benefit from somebody having dealings with the government, there is a contravention of Section... Subsection C of Section 110.
- 22 A. Yes.
- Q. Thank you. Now at page 77, there's a memorandum from
  Superintendent Christen to C.O. "H" Division. The C.O. would
  be Feagan, is that right?

- A. Yes.
- Q. Would you have seen a copy of this, sir?
- A. As it would be included with all the other documents.
  - Q. It would be included with the documents sent to your office, okay. At the bottom of that first long paragraph on page 77, he says this:

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It would therefore appear if we are to consider charges in this matter, we would be well advised to obtain an independent legal opinion of some consequence. Mr. Coles has indicated he does not consider legally trained members of this division sufficiently experienced to draw the proper conclusions in this case. Such being the case, I suggest Mr. Coles has opened the door for us to seek more experienced counsel.

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- In your experience, does the force ever go outside to get legal opinions?
- 16 A. The force itself?
- Q. The force or does the force draw on the Department of Justice to get opinions?
- A. Go outside the...no....Does the force go outside...
- Q. Does the force go to the Department of Justice to obtain legal opinion?
- 22 3:30 p.m.
- 23 A. The Force itself...
- Q. Boards of, does the Force draw on the Department of Justice to

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#### MR. QUINTAL, EXAM. BY MR. MacDONALD

get opinions?

- A. Outside, no. Does the Force go outside...
- Q. Does the Force go to the Department of Justice to obtain legal opinions?
  - A. Well we have gone at times. As a matter of fact now in our Headquarters there is a section of the Justice Department that provides legal advice to the Force.

### MR. PRINGLE

I'm not sure if my friend is putting the question as clearly as he might. He might talk about, with respect, to offences under the <u>Criminal Code</u> in the province. I think that's what the issue is here. But certainly the Department of Justice gives legal advice to the RCM Police.

# MR. MacDONALD

Thank you. That's what I intended to find out, Mr. Quintal.

- Q. In connection with whether or not there were sufficient grounds to, whether there's been a crime committed in a province, does the Force ever get opinions from the Department of Justice?
- A. Not that I know of.
- Q. It always relies on the Department of the Attorney General in the province?
- 23 A. That's right.
  - Q. Thank you. I want to take you to page 78.

### MR. OUINTAL, EXAM. BY MR. MacDONALD

### **CHAIRMAN**

- Q. Before we leave that, Mr. Quintal, what, in your opinion, is wrong with that suggestion that came from Christen? That where you have two diametrically opposed legal opinions, and I'm sure we have dozens of them every day in Canada amongst practicing lawyers, what would be wrong with going to get an independent opinion? If it sustained your position then you'd be in a very strong position.
- A. Well I'm not so sure what the, all I know is I have no recollection of any time we have done this.

### **CHAIRMAN**

- Q. I appreciate that and I accept it. But I gather from listening to your testimony today that this was a case, a confrontation with the Deputy Attorney General and conflicting opinions that it was not a usual, not a very usual occurrence and the local CIB Officer suggests that you get an outside opinion to try and resolve what appear to be an irreconcilable difference between the law officers of the Crown and your officer in your force.
- A. Well there's two aspects here. One is you can shop around until you get the opinion you want. Second is the, the second aspect is the financial aspect, is in order for the Force to retain outside counsel they would have to go to the Justice Department in Ottawa to, for them to authorize the funds.

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### MR. QUINTAL, EXAM, BY COMMISSIONERS

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Q. Well I don't know anything about the shopping around, That's something's that happened since I've quit practicing.

# **COMMISSIONER EVANS**

- Q. Well following up on that. I think your Department did suggest that the Attorney General of New Brunswick, I'm in the wrong province again, of Nova Scotia, might seek...
- A. Yes.

## **COMMISSIONER EVANS**

- Q. Outside advice but that your Department was satisfied, your Force was satisfied with the advice that it was receiving within the Force.
- A. Well we didn't think it would have been proper at that particular time to even suggest that to the Attorney General's Department. I think that the kind of suggestion would have been proper at the initial, and some Attorneys General, I think in some provinces, have seen fit to refer certain cases to outside counsel in order to get a legal opinion.

# **COMMISSIONER EVANS**

I think there was some suggestion in this book that somebody in your Force was suggesting the Attorney General for Nova Scotia seek outside counsel's advice. Am I wrong on that? Some place or other I think I saw...

## MR. MacDONALD

Oh yes, there's suggestion in here that the, in fact, it was the

# 14768 MR. QUINTAL, EXAM, BY COMMISSIONER

BREAK - 3:35 - 3:53 p.m.

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	MR. QUINTAL, EXAM, BY COMMISSIONERS
1	Department of Justice's advice to the RCMP, I read it, and Mr.
2	Quintal can tell us, but I understand the Department of Justice
3	suggested that that's what should happen. But the RCMP elected
4	not to do that. But we'll come to that. I may be wrong and I
5	certainly give Mr. Quintal the opportunity to comment.
6	MR. PRINGLE
7	I think Mr. Justice Evans is right. There is something that
8	somebody in the RCM Police made that reference. I'm just looking
9	for it.
10	MR. MacDONALD
11	Certainly on page 93, My Lords, but it's under Tab 93. If we
12	go back to page 84.
13	MR. QUINTAL
14	In my letter to the Division, sir.
15	COMMISSIONER EVANS
16	That's where it is, eh?
17	MR. MacDONALD
18	Q. We'll come to that, Mr. Quintal. You'll have a full opportunity
19	to comment on it. On page 78
20	CHAIRMAN
21	Are you embarking upon another area now?
22	MR. MacDONALD
23	Yes.

### MR. MacDONALD

- Q. Mr. Quintal, we were looking at page 78 and I wanted to direct your attention to the second paragraph where it starts out saying, "I further gather from your conversation..." Do you see that?
- 6 A. Yes, sir.

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Q. It's the last sentence in that paragraph I want to have you comment on. "It would appear in future any major investigations involving politically prominent persons..." I'm sorry, yeah,

...in future any major investigations involving politically prominent persons the decision as to whether there is evidence to support charges will be made at the Deputy Attorney General's level.

Do you consider that to be an accurate statement of the situation that prevails in Nova Scotia?

- A. The attitude of the Attorney General's Department.
- Q. That in investigations involving politically prominent persons in this province the decision, whether there is evidence to support charges, is going to be made by the Deputy Attorney General.
- A. It would appear that that was their stand at the time.
- Q. And that's what happened here in the result...
- 24 A. No.
- Q. No? Well we'll come to that. Page 79, that is a letter to the

### MR. QUINTAL, EXAM. BY MR. MacDONALD

- Commission from Mr. Feagan. you would have reviewed that letter?
- A. Yes.
- Q. Now that is telling me what took place in the meeting with the Attorney General and the Deputy Attorney General which you contemplated was going to occur after the November 5th meeting in Ottawa.
- A. Yes, sir.
- Q. And at that meeting, according to Mr. Feagan, in the third paragraph, the Attorney General was saying, or the Deputy Attorney General,

He emphasized the result was not a mere opinion but was a decision that no charge would be laid. And this had, in fact, been made the subject of a news release by the Attorney General and, therefore, the matter was closed. He expounded further that his Department was responsible for the people of Nova Scotia for the administration of justice and Feagan had a great deal of gall to question his decision. And that if we now considered laying a charge, it would be a very dangerous step to take.

What did you take that to mean?

- A. I guess it was an education of the consequences that may take place if we were to go ahead and lay a charge.
- Q. Well what would be the consequence?
- A. I think it would have rendered our relationship with the Attorney General's Department a very difficult one.

### MR. QUINTAL, EXAM. BY MR. MacDONALD

- Q. In what way? Because you stood up for what you believed the Force's decision is.
- A. I would presume so because it would have made the relationship between the local, our local people here and the Attorney General's Department certainly very difficult.
- Q. Mr. Feagan goes on that "he", that's Mr. Coles, "...indicated he had no intention of altering his decision regardless of any written argument presented to him." Do you take that to be a given? No matter what you tell him, he's not going to change his mind?
- A. That's apparently what he said at the meeting.
- Q. And down at the bottom of that page, Mr. Feagan again sets out the dilemma facing the RCMP, doesn't he, "provided we do have sufficient evidence to lay a charge." The dilemma then is whether or not "we," the investigating police force, should exercise our right to initiate a prosecution when the Attorney General of the province has ruled no such action be taken. That's now in your hands, you've got to make that decision.
- A. Yes.
- Q. On the next page, Mr. Feagan refers to the possibility that if the prosecution is unsuccessful for any reason, subsequent civil litigation is a possibility. Would that be a concern of the RCMP?
- A. Not overly much, no.
- Q. Not if you believe that you had good grounds to lay a charge.

- A. That's right.
- Q. And you would only do that if you thought there were reasonable and probable grounds to support a conviction.
- A. Yes, sir.
- Q. On page 81, do you know whose writing that is?
- A. Well that's Assistant Commissioner Venner's.
- Q. Venner's?
- 8 A. Venner.
- Q. Thank you. And then on page 82, this is in November 25th, this is Mr. Kozij?
- A. Yes, sir.
- Q. This is written after Feagan met with Coles, isn't it?
- A. Yes, sir.
- Q. And Mr. Kozij says,

I am not in favour of having the case reviewed by counsel. The evidence in this case has been assembled and reviewed by experienced and competent police officers. I have faith in their convictions and opinions. The decision to be made is 'Do we proceed with charges?' I recommend we proceed.

You had that recommendation in your hand when you made your final decision.

- A. [No audible response.]
- Q. Now you returned on the 4th of December, and at that time you knew what had happened with Feagan and Coles, and a

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- decision had to be made at that stage, didn't it, whether
  charges were going to be laid or not. Now given the fact that
  in November, at a meeting of some length, all of this was
  reviewed in great detail, and a decision was made that
  charges should be laid, what did you do after that before
  writing your letter to Feagan telling him that charges would
  not be laid? What did you do?
- 8 A. Between the 5th and the 8th nothing particular in relation...
- Q. Between the 5th and 8th of November.
- 10 A. November, yes.
- Q. So you're back on the 4th of December.
- A. On the 4th. At that time I'm made aware of the latest developments in the case by Assistant Commissioner Venner.
- Q. And at that time everybody in the RCMP that we've seen, at least according to the documents, were still of the opinion that charges should be laid. Is that correct?
- A. Everybody? I'm not so sure.
- Q. Well the documents that we've looked through, Dillabaugh said that...
- A. Oh yes. Yes, so far.
- Q. Pratt said that. Kozij said that. Christen, Feagan...
- A. Um-hmm.
- Q. The conclusion of the meeting in November. All of those people that were there.
- 25 A. Yes.

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- Q. Okay. Now what took place after December 4th then which gave rise to your letter directing that charges would not be laid?
- A. I had discussions with Assistant Commissioner Venner at the time and told him to prepare a memorandum for my signature.
- Q. Well did you tell him what the conclusions should be?
- A. We certainly had discussions between the 4th of December and the 16th when he submitted his draft memorandum.
- Q. But in preparing a draft for your signature does he know what your wishes are?
- A. Normally we would review the evidence that we had, the facts that we had at our disposal at the time and come up with a direction on which the reply should take. They would have, they probably had done some preliminary staff work before I even arrived there after receipt of the Divisional memorandum of the 19th of November.

4:05 p.m.

- Q. Let me make...understand, that between November 5th, the time of the meeting and the time you were going to sign your letter on December the 16th, there are no further facts come to light, no new evidence.
- A. No.
- Q. There's no further legal review.
- 25 A. No.

- Q. Then what did you have that prompted you to say we were going to ignore or not accept the recommendation, the collective view of all of those people on November 5th that charges should be laid?
- A. The...I don't remember exactly the sequence of events, but as I say, there are some staff work must have been done before I arrived. We had discussions, Venner and I, about the case which led to the preparation of a draft memo. We must have discussed the various aspects that came within the first draft that he prepared including some elements that are in the memo and then I personally sat down to review all of this and make up my own mind.
- Q. What did you review?
- A. The complete file.
- Q. The complete file.
- A. That we had at our disposal at the time and I don't really know, but I would think that from my working habits at the time that I probably took that file home at night on the 16th and reviewed that before I made some changes to the memorandum that had been prepared for my signature and finally came up with a final draft.
- Q. But did you go back to House, the guy who did the investigation?
- 24 A. No.
  - Q. Did you go back to Feagan?

- A. No.
- Q. What about Dillabaugh and Pratt?
- 3 A. No.
- Q. Kozij.
- <sub>5</sub> A. No.

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- 6 Q. Christen.
- A. I didn't go back to the division, no.
- Q. Well, what was it then that came to your attention, what
  prompted you to say that notwithstanding the conclusion
  that was reached in November that everything was present
  to warrant charges that you were directing Feagan no
  charges would be laid?
  - A. Well, you must realize that on November the 5th as you, you know, in the space of, you know, two or three hours you get a briefing on a complex investigation. Before I wrote my reply, then I sat down and looked at all the aspects in addition to what had been prepared for my signature and came to a final conclusion. I can't tell you any more.
  - Q. Did you conclude that Mr. Thornhill didn't receive a benefit?
  - A. I think the contents of my memorandum which was written at the time when I was much more familiar with events can tell that in a much better way than I could today.
  - Q. Okay. Let's go to your memorandum then.
  - A. Yeah.
- Q. The memorandum was drafted, as I understand it, by Mr.

Venner, is that correct? 1 A. I don't know whether it was all by Venner himself or by the 2 staff and himself, but he certainly presented the draft to me. 3 In any event, it's on page...the first draft is on page 84, Q. 4 starting on page 88 is a draft which has your handwriting on 5 it, I believe, is that correct? 6 A. Yes. 7 Q. Then the final draft is on page 93. 8 Is there a difference between 84 and 88? A. 9 No, I'm saying 84 is just a ... is a draft, 88 and the following Q. 10 pages contain your handwriting. 11 Yes. A. 12 Q. Which are then incorporated in to make the final draft. 13 A. That's right. 14 Q. Which is on page 93. 15 Yes, sir. A. 16 Just before we go to 93, on page 92, can you tell me what Q. 17 that is? 18 A. Well, that's an A5 from me to Assistant Commissioner 19 Venner, who is in DCI at the time, returning the file with my 20 memorandum to the CO "H" division. 21 Q. So that's just returning the file to Venner, is it? 22 That's right. A. 23 Q. Now the first thing you deal with on your...in you letter to 24

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Feagan on page 93 is that his request that outside counsel be

#### MR. QUINTAL, EXAM. BY MR. MacDONALD

obtained will not be accepted, is that fair?

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A.

Q.

reasons.

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Yes. There had been some approaches made with the Department of Justice and...

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Yeah, let me take you back to 84, the initial draft. And in that first long paragraph it says, "We sought the advice of Mr. Rutherford on these points and he, in turn, consulted with the associate Deputy Minister. It was their feeling that the department would probably not authorize such expenditure for the following reasons." He sets out the

Then he says, it's noted in this draft,

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It would not in a situation such as this one be inappropriate for the police to urge the Attorney General himself to seek advice outside his department, indeed outside his own province, in order that whatever the advice might be, it would stand a better chance of being perceived by everyone concerned as objective and unbiased.

Do you know if that's the advice that had been received from the Department of Justice?

- A. I didn't make those contacts.
- Q. So you're not able to tell us.
- A. No.
- Q. And then it goes on to say, "In these particular circumstances, however, given the known attitude of the Attorney General and his officials and considering what all

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## MR.OUINTAL, EXAM. BY MR. MacDONALD

#### MR. CHAIRMAN

What position had they made very clear? What was the position that they made very clear?

## MR. QUINTAL

Where they're...on November the 12th, sir, when they said that their legal opinion, you know, they stood and that was it.

# MR. CHAIRMAN

How...I guess looking at page 3 of your notes, the top of the page, those your notes apparently made by you on the 10th day of December, which would be some days before this opinion was written or memorandum of instructions, and there you indicate that you had...that Feagan said to you that the Attorney General never said we could not lay the charges, but that it would be very serious in light of the legal review made by three top legal brains in his department, as well as himself.

#### MR. OUINTAL

Yes.

#### MR. CHAIRMAN

That doesn't look to me as meaning that the door was shut at the time you wrote that third paragraph.

#### MR. QUINTAL

Well, sir, then I didn't read it that way at the time because the division itself never even sent a written submission to the Attorney General's department because they felt it would be no use, that Cole would have said that regardless of any written

argument he would receive, it would not change his mind.

# MR. CHAIRMAN

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I see.

# MR. QUINTAL

And if I recall, I think that Superintendent Christen in his memorandum said that he didn't feel it would be...would serve any purpose to send a written opinion that had been prepared at their level.

# MR. MacDONALD

- Q. Because he didn't think that the members of the force had sufficient legal experience that you could rely on their opinion.
- A. Well, that was Mr. Coles' opinion.
  - Q. That's what Christen said.
- A. Yeah.
  - Q. But you wouldn't even go back to him and say, "Well, if you don't accept what the force's legal people say, why don't you get an outside opinion? Let's put this to somebody else, let's get an answer." You weren't even prepared to do that.
  - A. I don't think it would have served a purpose at that time.
  - Q. What would the purpose be?
  - A. The...well, my reading of the situation was that we wouldn't get any more favourable replies from the Attorney General's Department.
  - Q. But what if he got an outside opinion saying that this outside