



Report
of the Board of Trustees
of the

PUBLIC ARCHIVES OF NOVA SCOTIA

For the year 1977

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES
OF THE
PUBLIC ARCHIVES OF NOVA SCOTIA

For the Year 1977

To His Honour

The Honourable Clarence Lloyd Gosse, M.D., C.M., F.R.C.S.
Lieutenant-Governor of Nova Scotia

May it please Your Honour:

I have the honour to submit the report of the Provincial Archivist to the Board of Trustees of the Public Archives of Nova Scotia for the year 1977, together with a statement of receipts and disbursements for the period April 1, 1977 to March 31, 1978.

Respectfully submitted

A handwritten signature in black ink, reading "Gerald A. Regan". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style with a long horizontal flourish at the end.

Gerald A. Regan
Premier

BOARD OF TRUSTEES
PUBLIC ARCHIVES OF NOVA SCOTIA

The Honourable Clarence Lloyd Gosse, M.D., C.M., F.R.C.S.
Lieutenant-Governor of Nova Scotia

The Honourable Gerald A. Regan, Q.C.,
Premier of Nova Scotia

The Honourable Ian M. MacKeigan, M.A., LL.D.,
Chief Justice of Nova Scotia

Mr. John M. Buchanan, Q.C., M.L.A.,
Leader of the Opposition in the House of Assembly

The Honourable Henry D. Hicks, B.Sc., B.C.L., M.A., D.Ed., LL.D.
President of Dalhousie University

Very Reverend Dean E.B.N. Cochran
President, Nova Scotia Historical Society

Anthony MacKenzie, M.A., Ph.D.

Peter B. Waite, Ph.D.

Hugh A. Taylor, M.A.
Provincial Archivist

Mrs. Marjorie McElmon
Secretary

REPORT
OF
THE PUBLIC ARCHIVES OF NOVA SCOTIA
For the Year 1977

The Board of Trustees of the Public Archives of Nova Scotia

Gentlemen:

I have the honour to present the annual report of the Public Archives of Nova Scotia for the year 1977. In doing so, I refer to the growing realization of the need for additional space suitable for the accommodation of public records and private papers, to previous discussions of the functions of archives buildings and record centres, to the importance of machine-readable records, and to the use of computers in archival operations. Recognizing the basic requirement to be increased space, it was decided in 1977 to proceed with the erection of a new archives building.

Information was obtained about archives buildings in the United States and in other parts of Canada. Two architects and the Provincial Archivist visited the Public Archives of Canada in Ottawa and the Provincial Archives in Winnipeg and Edmonton. Preliminary plans for the proposed new building were prepared and possible sites were considered. Before the end of the year, a press release relating to the new building and its location was issued.

Several other members of the staff of the Public Archives of Nova Scotia and I conferred with Dr. F.W. Matthews of the School of Library Service, Dalhousie University, and one of the students, Miss Anne Simpson, about computerized projects. Thereafter a "Kwic Index" to some of the correspondence of E.N. Rhodes held in the Public Archives of Nova Scotia was made. It is a sample of what may be done and it provides an indication of the cost of the use of computers.

During the year the Archives Building was open, excepting statutory holidays, from Monday to Friday, inclusive, from 8:30 a.m. to 10:00 p.m., on Saturday from 9:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m., and on Sunday from 1:00 to 10:00 p.m. On evenings and weekends, one regular employee and four casual employees are on duty. For improved service and greater security, consideration might well be given to hiring commissionaires or other employees.

Statistics indicate a gratifying development. During 1977 there were 12,160 registered visitors, an increase of nearly one thousand over the previous year. The number of researchers was 13,031, exceeding the number of the preceding year by 1,629.

Other figures confirm an increasing use of the resources of the institution. Books consulted numbered 14,173 being over 2,000 more than in 1976. Manuscripts made available to researchers numbered 11,038, being 3,732 more than in the previous year. The number of microfilms used in 1977 was 17,702, over 2,300 more than in 1976. Visitors were also assisted in the use of 996 maps and 3,286 pictures, the figure for maps being lower and that for pictures higher than in the previous year. The number of newspapers consulted was 2,628, which was over 270 more than in the preceding year. Outgoing letters again numbered more than 4,000.

During 1977 a number of pieces of equipment and furniture were acquired. Those items included steel shelving for our archival materials in the Twin City Dairy Building on Windsor Street, seven filing cabinets, two map cases, three microfilm readers, two oak tables, one typist's chair, and a rug for the secretary's office.

A variety of records of government was transferred to the institution in 1977. It included records of the House of Assembly of 1975, plant and process drawings of Cardinal Proteins Ltd., Canso, records of the Department of Public Works, and electoral lists of 1967, 1970, and 1974, as well as of by-elections during the period.

Quite a number of registers of schools was obtained during the year. It included the following:

Cumberland County

Conn's Mills, 1894-95, 1899-1932, 1937-1953
Pugwash District High School, 1962-1977

Halifax County

Albert School (Seabright), 1959, 1962-1966
Atlantic Memorial (Bayview), 1962-1966
Black Point, 1966-1967
East Dover, 1945-1958
East St. Margaret's Consolidated, 1959-1975
Five Island Lake, 1952, 1962-1966
Glen Haven (Victoria School), 1962-1966
Head Harbour, 1919-1920, 1930-1950, 1961-1966
Herring Cove (Wm. King Memorial), 1965-1966
Lakeside, 1965-1966
Lakeside—Beechville Consolidated, 1967
St. Margaret's School, 1960-1966
Terence Bay, 1962-1968
Timberlea, 1941-1966
Upper Tantallon, 1959, 1961-1969
Waverley, 1909-1966

Hants County

Enfield, 1967-1969

Pictou County

Fraser's Mountain, 1935
Glenfall, 1966-1967
Little Harbour, 1952-1967
Loch Broom, 1925-1940, 1943, 1945-1971
Pictou Landing, 1934, 1936-1957, 1965-1968
Springville, 1955-1962
Sundridge, 1954, 1958-1964

Shelburne County

Allendale, 1936, 1940-1966
Birchtown, 1946-1976
Black Point, 1950-1957
Churchover, 1929-1961
Clyde River, 1912-1933, 1942-1964
East Jordan, 1947-1962
East Sable Island, 1940-1960
Gunning Cove, 1905-1961
Jordan Bay, 1957
Jordan Falls, 1933-1965
Louis Head, 1957, 1959
Lower Sandy Point, 1916-1958
McNutt's Island, 1923-1954
North East Harbour, 1937-1962
Osborne, Osborne Harbour, see Ragged Island
Ragged Island, 1900, 1904, 1953-1976
Rockland, 1923-1953
Roseway, 1933-1961
Sable Island, Sable Island Consolidated, 1959-1976
Sandy Point, Sandy Point Consolidated, 1941-1976
Upper Sandy Point, see Sandy Point
West Green Harbour, 1921-1976
West Head, 1943-1960

Additions were also made to our collection of municipal records. These included more than 200 copies of proceedings and reports of cities, towns, and rural municipalities.

Materials relating to associations, clubs, and societies were also acquired. They included the following:

Minute-books of the Aylesford Agricultural Society, 1877-1882, 1908-1954;

Minute-books of the Aylesford District Federation of Agriculture, 1955-1966;

Minutes of the Nova Scotia Music Teachers' Association, 1937-1943;

Proceedings of the Nova Scotia Farmers' Association, 1915-1916;

Annual Reports of the Nova Scotia Fruit Growers' Association, 1920-1921, 1923-1924, 1929, 1932, 1934, 1937, 1939-1941, 1943, 1945, 1947-1953, 1955-1958, 1961, 1963-1964, 1968;

Records of the Nova Scotia Home Economics Association, 1936-1975;

Records of the Red Chevron Club, 1957-1964;

Scrapbook of the Provincial Chapter of Nova Scotia I.O.D.E., 1958-1975;

Minute-books of the Halifax Typographical Union, Local 130, 1947-1972;

Records of St. George's Society of Halifax.

Among the business records acquired were ledgers of William Stairs Son & Morrow, Ltd., a journal of the Round Hill Milling Company, 1921-1924, and 12 Day Books of John and Richard Mulhall, Liverpool merchants, 1872-90. Records of the Nova Scotia Co-operative Abattoir were also obtained.

Private papers of interest were also collected, including correspondence and other materials of the Honourable Angus L. Macdonald and materials of the well-known Canadian writer, Evelyn M. Richardson. Other accessions were the papers of H.S. Congdon, muniments of A.C. Fuller, and the diary of Dr. A.B. Wiswell.

In the course of the year considerable genealogical matter was obtained. It includes information about the following families:

| | |
|----------|---------|
| Anderson | Embree |
| Angevine | Forbes |
| Creelman | Fraser |
| Dartt | Freeman |
| Dodge | Gouthro |

| | |
|-----------|-----------|
| Graham | Mitchell |
| Hallamore | Moore |
| Harlow | Morse |
| Hart | Murray |
| Hiltz | Patterson |
| Hunter | Purdy |
| Jefferson | Redden |
| Jost | Shaw |
| Lane | Smith |
| Lewis | Stephen |
| Locke | Stephens |
| Lusby | Stevens |
| MacIntosh | Theakston |
| MacLeod | Troop |
| McLeod | West |
| Miner | Whidden |

Our collection of microfilms continues to grow. During the year 194 reels of positive and 71 reels of negative microfilms were procured. These include 78 reels of newspapers and 37 reels of Sessional Papers. The Public Archives of Canada provided the microfilms of Sessional Papers for 1936-1939 through its Diffusion Programme.

In the course of the year we collected or borrowed and photographed a number of church records. Among those acquired are the records of the Universalist and Unitarian Church, of Halifax, for the years 1834-1948. Those borrowed and photographed were records of St. James United Church, Antigonish, 1860-1962; the Methodist and United Church, Berwick, 1859-1976; the Methodist-United Church, Bridgetown; the Lutheran Church, Bridgewater, 1854-1942; All Saints Anglican Church, Canso; Grace United Church, Dartmouth, 1973-1977; the Anglican Church, Falkland, 1877-1977; St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, Gairloch; the Lutheran Church, Halifax, 1914-1977; the United Church, Margaree, 1822-1961; St. Paul's Anglican Church, Rosette, 1890-1956; and the Presbyterian-United Church, Waterville, 1905-1968.

Current issues of 35 Nova Scotia newspapers continue to be received. In addition, we acquired microfilms of the following, some of which were photographed in the Archives Building:

| Place | Title |
|-------------|---|
| Bridgewater | Bulletin, 1967-1971 |
| Bristol | Felix Farley's Bristol Journal, 1752-1800 |
| Halifax | Acadian Recorder, 1849, 1874 |
| Halifax | Chronicle-Herald, 1977 |
| Halifax | Mail-Star, 1977 |

| | |
|------------|-----------------------------------|
| Lunenburg | Progress Enterprise, 1973-1976 |
| Pictou | Pictou Advocate, 1967-1971 |
| Stellarton | Maritime Mining Record, 1898-1901 |
| Sydney | Steelworker and Miner, 1950-1953 |

In 1977 the library accessioned 1,522 monographs, 886 periodicals, and 168 annual reports. During the year 170 volumes were bound. In addition, several volumes, including a set of three volumes of *The Atlantic Neptune*, were restored at the Moncton Laboratory of the Canadian Conservation Institute.

Approximately 300 maps, plans, and architectural drawings were acquired or photographed in 1977. Among those items are plans of historic churches, buildings of Dalhousie University, and structures of Maritime Telegraph and Telephone Company. Other items include A.F. Church's topographical Township Maps of Cape Breton, Inverness, Richmond, Shelburne, and Victoria Counties, as well as a map of New Glasgow in 1889 and a book of maps pertaining to land use and natural resources in Nova Scotia.

More than 2,600 pictures of various kinds were received in 1977. The estate of Evelyn Richardson and the Nova Scotia Department of Public Works provided the major collections. Among the interesting items are a coloured photograph of Joseph Howe, received from a descendant in England, a photograph of General William Fenwick Williams, and reproductions of the James Collection of photographs of the Halifax Explosion of 1917 in the City of Toronto Archives.

Two attractive scenes were painted by Frederick Sidney Crawley, son of Captain Thomas Crawley, R.N., and brother of the Reverend E.A. Crawley, who was President of Acadia College. These paintings were bequeathed to the Public Archives of Nova Scotia by the artist's grand-nephew, E.A. Crawley.

A special presentation of about 20 of his historical paintings was made in 1977 to the province by the artist, W.E. DeGarthe. This splendid donation was made with the understanding that the paintings are to be displayed in Government House temporarily and afterwards to form a permanent exhibition (perhaps with additions) in the new Archives Building.

Worthy of mention are many other accessions. Among them are Major Osborne Crowell's records of the Halifax Civil Emergency Corps in World War II, proceedings of public meetings on the environmental impact assessment of the Wreck Cove Hydroelectric Project, and a minute-book of the Justices of the Supreme Court of Nova Scotia, 1892-1953.

During the year, I had a variety of speaking engagements. On April 14, I spoke about the *Titanic* disaster on ATV. On April 29, I took part in a workshop on multi-cultural studies in Seton Auditorium, Mount Saint Vincent University, and delivered an address on source materials and services of the Public Archives of Nova Scotia. On May 4, I participated in a program for teachers in the Town and County of Yarmouth and gave two talks on the Public Archives of Nova Scotia. On May 9, I gave an address on "The Public Archives of Nova Scotia and the School Teacher" at a meeting in the Nova Scotia Teachers College in Truro. On May 14, I was in Yarmouth for an interview on the American Broadcasting Company television program in connection with the arrival of the ferry, *Caribe*. Ten days later I was interviewed for a United States radio program on Oak Island, Flora MacDonald, Windsor and Halifax. Three days after that I spoke about the Canadian Authors Association at a meeting of the Nova Scotia Branch of that association in Middleton.

At a ceremony in Government House, Halifax, on October 24, the President of St. George's Society presented to me, for preservation in the Archives Building, memorabilia of that society which were subsequently to be transferred to that building. Four cartons of those materials were afterwards so transferred.

On November 1, I attended a ceremony in the Halifax City Regional Library, on the occasion of the North British Society of Halifax placing on display J.E. Woolford's Sketches of Nova Scotia. During the program I gave a talk on Woolford and those sketches, the originals of which were made early in the nineteenth century.

On November 5, by invitation, I attended a meeting of the National Genealogical Society in Washington, D.C., to deliver an illustrated address on "The Land of Evangeline." At the end of that month, moreover, I replied to the toast to Canada at the St. Andrew's festival of the North British Society in Halifax.

Subsequently, I was interviewed for CBC television on my career at the Public Archives of Nova Scotia. That program was broadcast on both December 28 and January 3. On December 28, moreover, I was interviewed for CBC radio on the subject of levees.

On October 1, we lost the services, through death, of Mrs. J.B. (Claire) Hankinson, an efficient, charming, and conscientious secretary. Subsequently, Mrs. John A. (Marjorie) McElmon commenced employment in that position on November 17.

To the members of the staff, I tender my sincere thanks for their efforts in promoting the objects of the institution. To all our donors I convey our warmest gratitude.

Appendix A is a list of donors for the year 1977.

Appendix B is that portion of the autobiography of James Fraser, the catechist, which relates to Nova Scotia, to which he migrated from Scotland in 1820.

Respectfully submitted,

C. Bruce Fergusson
Provincial Archivist

THE PUBLIC ARCHIVES OF NOVA SCOTIA
STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS

For the Year ended March 31, 1978

RECEIPTS

| | | |
|--|--------------|-------------------|
| Balance on hand — April 1, 1977 . . . | | \$ 11,553.36 |
| Government of Nova Scotia (part Annual Budget) | \$ 28,500.00 | |
| Government of Nova Scotia (salaries & benefits) | 320,419.84 | 348,919.84 |
| Sales, Publications, etc. | | 6,830.44 |
| | | <u>367,303.64</u> |

DISBURSEMENTS

| | | |
|--|----------------------|-------------------|
| Salaries and benefits | \$ 320,419.84 | |
| Furnishing and equipment | 6,729.03 | |
| Microfilming | 8,488.45 | |
| Maintenance & Expense of building . | 4,963.12 | |
| Office Supplies | 8,754.54 | |
| Library | 3,742.10 | |
| Bindery | 160.63 | |
| Purchase of Archival Material | 3,143.35 | |
| Transfer & Express | 422.75 | |
| Sundry Expenses | 2,559.09 | |
| | <u>\$ 359,382.90</u> | |
| Balance on hand (inc. petty cash) Mar. 31, 1978 | 7,920.74 | |
| | <u>\$ 367,303.64</u> | <u>367,303.64</u> |

For and on behalf of

BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF THE PUBLIC ARCHIVES OF NOVA SCOTIA

Hugh A. Taylor, Provincial Archivist
Marjorie McElmon, Secretary

AUDITOR'S REPORT

We have audited the records of Receipts and Disbursements of the Board of Trustees of the Public Archives of Nova Scotia for the year ended March 31, 1978, and have obtained all the information and explanations that we required.

We hereby certify that the above statement is a true and correct summary of the receipts and disbursements for the said year, and that the balance shown as on hand and in bank has been verified.

Hazen H. Veno
H.H. Veno & Company
Chartered Accountants

Halifax, N.S.

APPENDIX A

DONORS

1977

Achilles, Mrs. E., New York, U.S.A.
Alberta Culture, Edmonton, Alberta
Anderson, Mrs. C.K., Calgary, Alberta
Angevine, Mr. J. Stuart, Brantford, Ontario
Anstiss, Miss Helen, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Anti-Inflation Board, Ottawa, Ontario
Armitage, Mrs. C., Halifax, Nova Scotia
Aronson, Mr. Stephen, Dartmouth, Nova Scotia
Art Gallery of Nova Scotia, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Auditor General, Office of, Halifax, Nova Scotia

Balcom, Colonel S.R., Halifax, Nova Scotia
Banks, Mr. Herbert, Barrington Passage, Shelburne Co., Nova Scotia
Barker, Mr. F.P., Swampscott, Massachusetts, U.S.A.
Bishop, Dr. Roy L., Wolfville, Nova Scotia
Benoit, Miss Christine, Western Shore, Nova Scotia
Black, Mr. C.F., Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island
Black, Misses M. & V., Wolfville, Nova Scotia
Blakeley, Dr. Phyllis R., Halifax, Nova Scotia
Blakeley, Miss Shirley, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Blois, Miss Evelyn, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Boutilier, Mr. R., Middleton, Nova Scotia
Brennan, Mr. James W., Ottawa, Ontario
Brown, Mr. H.R., Pugwash, Nova Scotia
Bruce, Miss O.E., Truro, Nova Scotia

Cameron, Mr. James M., Ottawa, Ontario
Cameron, Miss M.E., Halifax, Nova Scotia
Campbell, Miss E., Halifax, Nova Scotia
Canada's Illustrated Heritage, Toronto, Ontario
Canadian Development Corporation, Vancouver, British Columbia
Canadian Press, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Canadian Red Cross Society, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Carr, Professor Harold M., Charlotte, Vermont, U.S.A.
Chaison, Mr. Gary N., Fredericton, New Brunswick
Christie, Mrs. P.S., Halifax, Nova Scotia
Church, Mrs. H., Ayer's Cliff, Quebec
City of Halifax, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Clan Donald Association of Nova Scotia, Antigonish, Nova Scotia
Clarke, Mrs. Lexie, Glace Bay, Nova Scotia

Clifford, Mr. John, Dartmouth, Nova Scotia
Collins, Mr. Louis W., Halifax, Nova Scotia
Congdon, Mr. & Mrs. H.H., R.R. No. 2, Wolfville, Nova Scotia
Council of Maritime Premiers, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Crawley, Estate of the late E.A.,
Creelman, Mr. H. Gordon, Truro, Nova Scotia
Crosse, Mr. John, Vancouver, British Columbia
Crouse, Mrs. Albert, Lunenburg, Nova Scotia
Crowell, Dr. Harvey E., Halifax, Nova Scotia
Crowell, Major O.R., Halifax, Nova Scotia
Curry, Mr. J.H., Saint John, New Brunswick

Dalhousie University, Awards Office, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Dalhousie University, Dept. of Sociology & Anthropology, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Dalhousie University, Institute of Public Affairs, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Dalhousie University, Law Library, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Dalhousie University, School of Library Service, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Dartmouth Heritage Museum, Dartmouth, Nova Scotia
Dartmouth Regional Library, Dartmouth, Nova Scotia
Dept. of Communications, Moncton, New Brunswick
Dept. of Consumer and Corporate Affairs, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Dept. of Development, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Dept. of Education, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Dept. of Environment, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Dept. of Fisheries, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Dept. of Fisheries and Environment, Ottawa, Ontario
Dept. of Health, Fredericton, New Brunswick
Dept. of Indian Affairs & Northern Development, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Dept. of Labour, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Dept. of Lands and Forests, Truro, Nova Scotia
Dept. of Mines, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Dept. of Municipal Affairs, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Dept. of the Navy, Washington, D.C., U.S.A.
Dept. of the Provincial Secretary, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Dept. of Public Works, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Dept. of Recreation, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Dept. of Social Services, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Dept. of Tourism, Halifax, Nova Scotia
DeLong, Mrs. H.T., West Vancouver, British Columbia
Dickie, Miss Christine, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Dickinson, Mrs. Richard, Bridgewater, Nova Scotia
Dickson, Mr. Craig S., Moncton, New Brunswick
Dinwoodie, Mrs. Robert, Goffstown, New Hampshire, U.S.A.
District Planning Commission, Bridgewater, Nova Scotia
Doane, Ms. Jean, Armdale, Nova Scotia

Dodge, Mr. Richard A., Oshawa, Ontario
Duff, Dr. J.G., Halifax, Nova Scotia
Dunlop, Mrs. D.M., New Glasgow, Nova Scotia
Dyck, Mrs. Betty, Winnipeg, Manitoba

Eagles, Mr. Douglas, Sarnia, Ontario
Ellis, Mr. Walter C., Arlington, Massachusetts, U.S.A.
Embree, Mrs. C.J., Halifax, Nova Scotia
Environment Canada, Ottawa, Ontario
Evans, Mrs. George R., Halifax, Nova Scotia

Fergusson, Dr. C. Bruce, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Fielding, Mrs. R.M., Halifax, Nova Scotia
Findlay, Mrs. Warren, Wolfville, Nova Scotia
Flewwelling, Mrs. Lesley, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Flinn, Mrs. D.R., Halifax, Nova Scotia
Foote, Mrs. Thomas, Dartmouth, Nova Scotia
Forbes, Mr. Herbert E., Jr., Alexandria, Virginia, U.S.A.
Frish, Mr. Neil A., Johannesburg, Republic of South Africa
Fuller, Mrs. A.C., West Hartford, Connecticut, U.S.A.

Grant, Mrs. Douglas, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Grant, Mrs. Francis, Yarmouth, Nova Scotia
Graves, Mr. Wesley G., Aylesford, Nova Scotia
Green, Judge Nathan, Q.C., Halifax, Nova Scotia
Griffiths, Mr. George H., Berwick, Nova Scotia

Halifax Infirmary, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Halifax Typographical Union, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Hall, Mr. Arnold L., Halifax, Nova Scotia
Hancock, Mrs. L.T., Halifax, Nova Scotia
Harding, Mrs. M.J., Calgary, Alberta
Hartlen, Mr. John, Waverley, Nova Scotia
Hartling, Mr. Philip, Dartmouth, Nova Scotia
Heffler, The Rev. F.A., Halifax, Nova Scotia
Henneberry, Ms. Rita, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Henry, Mrs. E.C., Antigonish, Nova Scotia
Hirtle, Mr. C.N., Halifax, Nova Scotia
Holdway, Captain E., Pictou, Nova Scotia
Hope, Mrs. Adrian, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Hopkins, Mr. & Mrs. A.S., Halifax, Nova Scotia
Howard, Miss Maisie, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Human Rights Commission, Halifax, Nova Scotia

Imrie, Dr. John, Edinburgh, Scotland
Inglis, Judge R.E., Halifax, Nova Scotia

James, Mr. R. Scott, Toronto, Ontario
Jefferson, Mr. C.G., Linden, New Jersey, U.S.A.

Kane, Ms. E.M., Martins River, Nova Scotia
Kennedy, Mrs. C.H., Halifax, Nova Scotia
King, Mrs. Martin, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Kirkpatrick, Lieut. Colonel R.F., Port Medway, Queens County, Nova Scotia

Lacroix, Mrs. Joan K., Halifax, Nova Scotia
Lane, Mr. F.A., Halifax, Nova Scotia
Lane, Mrs. Nettie, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Leighton, Mr. Eric, Truro, Nova Scotia
Levy, Mrs. Ian, Bedford, Nova Scotia
Lewine, Mrs. J.L., West Stockbridge, Massachusetts, U.S.A.
Liverpool Regional High School, Liverpool, Nova Scotia
Lunenburg County District Planning Commission, Bridgewater, Nova Scotia
Lyons, Ms. Mary, Downsview, Ontario

Mabey, Mr. E., Truro, Nova Scotia
Mack, Mr. Stanley Z., Ottawa, Ontario
MacChesney, Miss M., Toronto, Ontario
Macdonald, Mrs. Angus L., Halifax, Nova Scotia
MacDonald, Mr. D.W., Halifax, Nova Scotia
MacDonald, Dr. M.R., Halifax, Nova Scotia
MacDonald, The Rev. Neil, Antigonish, Nova Scotia
MacDonnell, The Rev. Malcolm, Antigonish, Nova Scotia
MacKay, Miss M.E., Wolfville, Nova Scotia
MacKeigan, Honourable I.M., Halifax, Nova Scotia
MacLeod, Mr. C.H., Hatchet Lake, Halifax County, Nova Scotia
MacLeod, Mr. Munroe, Edmonton, Alberta
MacNutt, Mrs. Scott, Dartmouth, Nova Scotia
Macpherson, Mr. Kenneth, Toronto, Ontario
Mailman, Mr. Roy, Digby, Nova Scotia
Mann, Mr. R., Halifax, Nova Scotia
Marble, Dr. A.E., Halifax, Nova Scotia
Maritime Provinces Higher Education Commission, Fredericton, New Brunswick
Maritime Telegraph & Telephone Co. Ltd., Halifax, Nova Scotia
Marshall, Mr. H.L., Liverpool, Nova Scotia
Martell, Mrs. James, Halifax, Nova Scotia
McCann, Professor L.D., Sackville, New Brunswick
McClean, Mrs. Robert, Liverpool, Nova Scotia
McCulloch, Mrs. A.C., Westville, Nova Scotia
McDonald, Mr. Joseph, Halifax, Nova Scotia
McHale, Mrs. H., Halifax, Nova Scotia
McKinlay, Mrs. Barbara, Los Angeles, California, U.S.A.

McNamara, Mrs. Paul, Toronto, Ontario
Metropolitan Area Planning Commission, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Metson, Mr. G., Halifax, Nova Scotia
Miller, Mr. F. Graham, London, Ontario
Mills, Miss K.V., Annapolis Royal, Nova Scotia
Mining Association of Canada, Toronto, Ontario
Ministry of Industry & Tourism, Toronto, Ontario
Mitchell, Mrs. Cedric, Dartmouth, Nova Scotia
Moffatt, Dr. Garfield MacL., Fredericton, New Brunswick
Morehouse, Mrs. F.G., Yarmouth, Nova Scotia
Morris, Mayor Edmund, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Morrison, Mr. D.R., Peterborough, Ontario
Morse, Mr. Denis S., Willowdale, Ontario
Mullenger, Dr. J.K., Halifax, Nova Scotia
Municipality of the County of Halifax, Nova Scotia
Municipality of the County of Victoria, Baddeck, Nova Scotia
Munroe, Mr. George, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Murphy, Mr. D.T., Halifax, Nova Scotia
Murray, Mr. John, Tampa, Florida, U.S.A.
Murray, Mr. R.B., New Glasgow, Nova Scotia

National Library of Canada, Ottawa, Ontario
National Museums of Canada, Ottawa, Ontario
Native Communications Society, Sydney, Nova Scotia
Nova Scotia Fire Marshal, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Nova Scotia Golf Association, Dartmouth, Nova Scotia
Nova Scotia Institute of Technology, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Nova Scotia Law Reform Advisory Commission, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Nova Scotia Museum, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Nova Scotia Power Corporation, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Nova Scotia Research Foundation Corporation, Dartmouth, Nova Scotia
Nova Scotia Teachers Union, Armdale, Nova Scotia

Obendorf, Lieut. Commander P.J., Bear River, Nova Scotia
Odell, Miss Vida H., Halifax, Nova Scotia
Office of the Legislative Council, Nova Scotia
Oland's Breweries (1971) Limited, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Oliver, Mrs. W.P., Lower Sackville, Halifax County, Nova Scotia
Osborg, Father B., Hampton, Nova Scotia

Parker, Mr. K.M., Kentville, Nova Scotia
Patterson, Mr. D.F., St. Catharines, Ontario
Pauley, The Rev. Frederick, Durham, Pictou County, Nova Scotia
Payzant, Mr. & Mrs. L.J., Dartmouth, Nova Scotia
Peck, Mrs. Mary, Fredericton, New Brunswick
Piercey, Mr. Reg. M., Halifax, Nova Scotia

Piers, Rear Admiral D.M., Chester, Nova Scotia
Porter, The Rev. Dr. R.W., Halifax, Nova Scotia
Presbyterian Church of St. David's, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Prout, Mr. Peter F., Wolfville, Nova Scotia
Provincial Archives of New Brunswick, Fredericton, New Brunswick
Public Archives of Canada, Ottawa, Ontario
Punch, Mr. T.M., Halifax, Nova Scotia

Raymond, Mrs. Ann, Yarmouth, Nova Scotia
Registrar of Joint Stock Companies, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Rhodes, Mr. E.N., Ottawa, Ontario
Richardson, Estate of the late Evelyn M.,
Roper, Mr. C.P., Halifax, Nova Scotia
Roy, Miss Louise, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Rowlings, Mrs. Edith, Dartmouth, Nova Scotia
Russell, The Rev. C.W., Stellarton, Nova Scotia

Sarty, Mr. Roger, Toronto, Ontario
School Board, Enfield, Hants County, Nova Scotia
Scott, Dr. David B., Halifax, Nova Scotia
Scott, Mrs. Howard G., New Glasgow, Nova Scotia
Shaw, Mr. W.S., Halifax, Nova Scotia
Silver, Mrs. Basil C., Berwick, Nova Scotia
Sinclair, The Rev. Dr. D.M., Halifax, Nova Scotia
Smiley, Mrs. B.G., Lower Sackville, Halifax County, Nova Scotia
Smith, Mr. Chester, Bedford, Halifax County, Nova Scotia
Snyder, Professor J.K., Halifax, Nova Scotia
Somers, Mrs. Carin, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Stevens, Mr. Robert Kim, Bethesda, Maryland, U.S.A.
The Speaker, Nova Scotia House of Assembly, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Spinelli, Miss Helen, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Sport Nova Scotia, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Spurr, Mr. Vernon, Dartmouth, Nova Scotia
Statistics Canada, Ottawa, Ontario
Steele, Sister Rodriguez, Antigonish, Nova Scotia
Stevens, Mr. E., Owen Sound, Ontario

Taylor, Mr. John D., Saint Paul, Minnesota, U.S.A.
Taylor, Mr. Paul, Halifax, Nova Scotia
Titanic Commutator, Indian Orchard, Massachusetts, U.S.A.
Town of Bridgewater, Bridgewater, Nova Scotia
Town of New Waterford, New Waterford, Nova Scotia
Troop, Captain J.D.E., Sutton West, Ontario
Tuck, The Rev. R.C., Charlottetown, Prince Edward Island

Union of Nova Scotia Indians, Sydney, Nova Scotia
United Church of Canada, Toronto, Ontario
Universalist & Unitarian Church, Halifax, Nova Scotia

Van Been, Mrs. G.J., Williamstown, Ontario
Vickery, Major E.J., Yarmouth, Nova Scotia
Vincent, Dr. Thomas, Kingston, Ontario
von Bitter, Dr. Peter H., Toronto, Ontario

Wainwright, Ven. Archdeacon H.B., Armdale, Nova Scotia
Whiston, Mrs. D., Kingston, Massachusetts, U.S.A.
Whitmore, Mr. C.E., Hantsport, Nova Scotia
Wilson, Mrs. Dorothy, Weymouth, Dorset, England
Wilson, Miss Isaline, Barrington Passage, Nova Scotia
Wilson, Mr. Lloyd J., Halifax, Nova Scotia
Wiswell, Dr. Douglas M., Tunbridge Wells, Kent, England
Wright, C/Supt. D.J., Halifax, Nova Scotia
Wulff, Mrs. Walter, Truro, Nova Scotia

Young, Mrs. T.K., Homestead, Florida, U.S.A.

APPENDIX B

PORTION OF AUTOBIOGRAPHY OF JAMES FRASER

... Then when we sailed away from Cromarty with Captain Kirk, in the ship called Diligence, the sea sickness began heavily on almost all the passengers, and seeing the operation, I asked the mate, "Is it possible to escape this ugly sickness". Then he drew a bucket of salt water and said, "Drink as much as you can of that sea water". And so I did, and in a little time I had to go and spue it out in the sea and felt no more danger, but had a comfortable healthy passage of five weeks, until we came to land in Pictou, Nova Scotia, and the three children were in good health also, but my wife was poorly most of the passage until she was delivered of the boy we left in the sea, and after that she got wonderful health coming to land and long after that &c. We had one night on the North of Scotland, which was very terrible by storm, so that the hatches had to be shut and covered with tar cloth, like to suffocate us, and our helms-man had to be tied to his seat, and the most of the passengers fell to crying and praying so that I thought prayer was a new exercise to them, it was only by fear. However the Lord spared us and gave us a cheerful morning, only the waves were incredible high like mountains, and no man can understand the glory of this sight, but them who saw the same and understand the 107th Psalm aright. Another curious sight we had, birds to be seen every day on the sea and also we happened to come through a shoal of whales, perhaps a thousand, spouting out water the height of a tree in the air, and some of them seemed to be as long as our ship and also like to turn our ship upside down. Came so near us that our captain and some of the men took out their guns to shoot them, and by and by they left us, or we left them without any reluctance and we thought then all danger was over, but no, the worst was before us yet. When about the banks of Newfoundland we saw a ship coming from the south and driving towards us, our captain said to us on deck, "That ship must be astray." Then he sent a boy to put up colours, but the other ship gave no sign. Then he said, "It must be a Pirate, I wish I had my cannons". Then he called all hands and gave all possible speed to our ship, and we sailed all night, but in the morning the ship was in sight and about the same distance and coming straight after us, and we were that way all day. But, at night the captain put more canvass to our ship, and we never saw them again, and in a few days were in Pictou, and immediately our Captain sent a message to Halifax, and a man of war was sent to hunt for them, and found them, and brought them to their doom. See how many were God's mercies to every one of us, for we were about 120 passengers on ship, and there were four bodies left in the sea, two of them were old people, and two were infants, and another two infants born there and lived, so we came out the same number that went in. Let us magnify and praise Him who has all power in Heaven and on Earth. It was in 1820 A.D. that we left Scotland and came to Nova Scotia, and in closing into the Harbor of Pictou we found the coast to be foggy. I asked the mate, "How should we use our ourselves about

entering on new soil", and he said, "Dig a hole in the earth and smell of it for a few minutes, till the lungs get filled with it," and whether that was any help or not we had very good health for the ten years we lived in Pictou. But the fatherly care of God's Providence was always to be seen and felt, if I would keep my mind in right exercise, for as soon as our ship anchored in the harbor, we could see canoes and boats in great numbers round about us by whites, red and yellow Indians, and fishermen (all sizes and ages, but we could not imagine that any one would own us, at least till we got on shore, and put our things in some place for safe keeping and make a search for our friends, who we knew were more than 20 miles from Pictou town. However, before we were many minutes on anchor, a little boat came and tied itself to our ship, and two smart young men sprang on deck and searched and saluted the passengers, and asking our names, I then asked their names. They told me their names were Fraser, and I told them that my name was Fraser too. They told me, "You are a school-master." I said, "I was so in Scotland". Well they said we came for your wife and children, and they showed me their father's house on the shore and that I should get out my luggage on the wharf, and they helped me with it, for the boat could not take but the wife and children, being small, until they could come again, and so they went away with my family and I saw them going safe on land. Just then a storm began so that the little boat could not come back that evening and had to stay with my luggage until morning, but was soon surrounded by fishermen running in from the storm and night. All white men and Scotchmen too, and I quenched my hunger on dry Codfish I found in the boat, but early in the morning, which was a cheerful day, they came and took me and my things away into their father's house, where we all found Kindness and friendship, and then there was intimation sent to my wife's uncle, and he sent his sons and team, and we got home when they were beginning hay-making and I could mow as well as any of them. And the school was idle at the time until harvest would be over, but they had no minister at the time, and the best man they had before was taken away by death a few weeks before I came. I told some of them if they would gather at the schoolhouse I would endeavour to lead in the worship of God for all the vacant Sabbaths, for Dr. McGregor was to preach to them one Sabbath in every month &c. Two years before I came to East River, Pictou, Nova Scotia, a great division came between the people who used to be hearers of Dr. McGregor, for they were all before they left Scotland of the Established Church of Scotland, and never saw secedars, and when Mr. McGregor came he told them he was a Presbyterian, and some of the people liked him well, for he was a worthy man, and laboured very faithfully as a minister for twenty years before there was any disturbance made, and he got other secedar ministers from Scotland to help him and they took possession of pieces of the country round about, and began a College in Pictou, and was doing well, and the Government of Halifax gave £400 to help them, and all going on cute and quiet for years. But it happened that a minister or two came from the Established church and preached boldly, and showed the people that they were stolen out of the church of their fathers and made

them secedars unknown to themselves, which grieved the majority of them that Dr. McGregor would do this for so long a time, and some of them put the question, "Why did you not tell us that you were a secedar". He answered, "Would it not be time enough when you would ask me of it". He knew well what he was doing on the simplicity of the people, and if he had honestly told at first, the matter would surely be better, for the rancour of the division never settled until the union of the churches in 1860. Kept up for more than forty-two years, between some of God's own adopted children, who are now peacefully, joyfully, constantly, and faithfully striving together to praise Him who loved us and gave Himself for us, and washed us from our sins in His own blood, Be Glory, Dominion & Power for ever and ever Amen.

It is in such a position as this I found the country, and I felt sorry for it, for the people who were all Highland Scotch were divided, almost every second family. And our uncle's family stood firm on the side of the Church of Scotland, and although I never saw any secedar in Scotland, still I could like Dr. McGregor and went regular to hear him when he would come once a month to preach to us. Some of them would like that I would keep meeting in the school house when he would be in the church, but I never yielded to that, for I was striving to give as much as I could the example of love and peace. Altho I could not join or take Sacrament with the secession, nor did, until we got a minister of the Church of Scotland, but I went the round of Catechist every Sabbath evening, over all the settlement, and was accepted in every Secedars house, so I was socially in friendly acquaintanceship with minister and people for the ten years I was in Nova Scotia, the history of which would make an Historical volume by itself; for we felt very happy and healthy most of the time, and got five children added to our family, and came all safe to London Ontario.

But to return, the very first I engaged in the month of September 1820 and got a lot of 200 acres of Crownland about 1½ miles from the school house, and got a house put upon it, so that in a month or two we got it ready to live in, and there was a good Government salary coming, to which I would add the scholars pay of whom there were always from 50 to 60 children attending very constantly and making very good progress, and the people were all very friendly, for they were all Gaelic, which I count yet the best kind naturally, that ever I met with in my long life, although I met and dealt with many Nationalities. And as I was getting on I took our food from the parents of the scholars, according to their share of school pay, and as we could not use the half of it in that way, I agreed with them to work for their share in clearing the land, and chopping the winter, and also helping to burn and clear in the spring, so that next summer we had more than 20 acres cleared and under crop, such as spring wheat, oats, grass seed and potatoes, and any other seed we pleased to try. But the soil was so stumpy and stoney, when the fire burned up the moss, no harrow could be used but the hoe, and it would be as much as ever a man could do to cover in a day about a busels of wheat or two

of oats, and the roots were so much on the surface of the ground, especially the beech roots, that hoeing itself it was hard to cover the seed. As the year was passing around through the summer and harvest, I came to notice the poverty of the soil, and the unfitness of such a place for my young children to be kept on such a barren place, for all the good lots of land were taken up and all the poorest left to the last &c. Although I could live very well indeed as long as matters would keep on just as they were now, it might please anybody. But it was for my children I ever thought of America, and was I sure of living long with them &c and so many things moved my mind, that I told the trustees before the first year of the school was at an end, that I was thinking of leaving the settlement and going to a place where I was to get a school, and a piece of 150 acres of good land to be easily bought, and near the school house &c and soon. They asked me, "Did you promise them to go to them". I told them, I could not do that unknown to you, and it is to prepare me for that, I called you here to-day, so I can answer them to-morrow or any day. Two men of them went aside, and spoke to each other and then came back and said. Would you be pleased if you had such land as the school house is on, I said I would and I would take any quantity of it at going price. Then said he, I will sell you 60 acres of it within $\frac{1}{2}$ a mile of the school house for 60 £. Then the other man said I will give you 100 acres connected with his for 50 £, and we intend to give you plenty time to pay it, and so we agreed &c. When we made a new agreement, I thought I was called to stay for life, as I could not but see that the people were friendly in earnest, as they had no cause in the world to sell their land, but to keep me among themselves and their children. And I never got any cause to change my opinion of them, although I stayed only nine years more among them, which was a very comfortable part of my life only we had no minister of our own church. But our new situation put us beside our uncle, who was a very kind hearted man, and so was all his family, yet he was not any of the men who kept me and gave me of their land &c. That same fall we got up a good square log-house, & a good stable for our horse and cow, and next summer we got a good frame barn, for all necessities were handy and easily got, and the man who gave the 100 acres, was an Elder before the Division came, and he stuck to the Established party, and the other man was a miller, and of the secession party, and I never felt any trouble from either party, not so much as a single argument, But matters went on among the settlement peaceable, and the Established party along with many other sections round about, sent a petition to Scotland for a minister. At last we got a young man from Inverness who had Gaelic and properly sent to us, in whom the people were well pleased, and who had about a thousand souls on his charge, in two congregations. He came among us a single man, and some years afterwards married a lady from Prince Edward Island, and me and my wife went to his wedding, as my only brother-in-law was in the Island, the pay master sergeant of the Artillery, and who on the eve of finishing his time in the Army, and making ready to go home to Scotland with his family and a good Pension for life. Thus we caught the two matters with one journey, and got our passage free, and thanks for

going, and also the good company of the ministers with their wives but got a great scare by a sudden storm that caught us when going &c. But we got all our arrangements well done, got all safe home, and all were safe at home, and still getting deeper Debts of Gratitude to the Chief Lord of Heaven and Earth and Sea and all that are therein. What shall I render to God for all His Mercies and care and keeping. Oh how little can I see of what He did for me. Sometime afterwards there came to be a Presbytery, and set on one to serve as Catechist, to go to the vacant parts of the country, and to be from home for months at a time, and labour among the people in Public or Private or Sabbath for the week, as my boys were able to keep things in order at home &c. It was a work in which I felt a great responsibility and yet a great delight indeed, and I was preserved from the climate and men and dogs and wild beasts. Are there not great and many matters here for admiration and thankfulness. For the first six years I kept steady teaching in common school in the same school house, but when they set on me to go out as a Catechist, I gave up the Common school, and went far and near, even to "Antigonish", which were mixed much with Papists and most of them Highland Scotch, having a Priest and Bishop, a namesake of my own, who talked as bold and friendly to any of us ministers or members about spiritual or temporal matters and who lodged in one of our ministers house and argued with him often, and also was the biggest and strongest man I ever saw, and had his people at his full command, and were almost altogether in that one settlement of "Antigonish" &c. which was as good a part for soil and convenience as were in all the Province. Bordering on this were stations of Protestants among which I laboured for two or three years &c also in another place called St. Mary's a long river going through it more than twenty miles from north to south, for it rose aside the origin of East River of Pictou, the two little lakes from which they sprang were near each other in the woods, hardly worth the name, lakes, but marshes, and when I laboured in St. Mary's, I cannot forget one man of the name of James Campbell, with whom I have often lodged with great pleasure, who came to Nova Scotia in the time of the American War, and was young and unmarried and a complete blacksmith by trade, and having a good lot of tools on the ship. But when 3 or 4 miles off Cape Breton the ship began to sink, having hundreds of passengers, and attempted to save themselves by the boats, but the people thronged into the boats so that every boat of them sank, and this James Campbell, seeing all this and knowing his own strength and knowledge of swimming he determined to stand on the ship as long as any man could stand on it, and at last, thinking that he was alone & horrified by seeing the multitude scattered on the waves and sinking in all directions, with all the screeching and shrieking possible, and finding the water on deck coming about his knees, he tried to throw himself on the Bosom of God's mercy, and then on the bosom of God's sea, and never noticing a young lady standing behind him, having hold of his jacket which he was buttoning tight for swimming, but when he began swimming, he found she had a hold of his clothes. At first he thought

of kicking her away for she was no relative of his, but then he thought that might be murder, then he told her to come up more at his side, and to keep from his feet as well as she could, and so they followed on the best way he could till they came over 3 miles of sea to shore, which was a rocky place, and when he grasped at the rock, he found he could not come out of the water from weakness, until she crept over his shoulder, out on the rock, and help to pull him our &c. When Mr. Campbell and his lady made their journey through the long Island of Cape Briton as brother and sister, and being the only ones saved of all the hands or passengers, and finally came to Pictou town where was a great demand for blacksmiths, and great wages given, immediately he got work, and they boarded together and he sent her to learn sewing, and followed that way until next summer, and she was helping him in washing and mending his clothers &c. and he taking care of and paying for her board and schooling, no doubt intending to marry her, although they never conversed on the subject. But in next May a cousin of his came from Scotland, having written documents of his handwritten promises. He saw immediately she could use the law upon him and spoil all his doings. Then very reluctantly he cleared the other girl free from all debts and they parted from each other very sorrowful, but fair and honorable, she to hire out in the country as servant maid, and was not long until she got married to a young farmer, and came to have a beautiful family on Mount Tom, West River, which he often saw afterwards, and he married his cousin, but never got a child though he got rich and had a great farm in St. Mary's and as he told me himself, a Devil of a wife &c. This I saw and understood myself while lodging in his house, to be too true. Many a cold and wet journey I went through in these countries, but I was young and strong with a very healthy constitution, and feeling a delight in the service and in the cheerful friendship of the people everywhere and now and then coming home and finding matters as well as I could expect, and my wife so fond of my prospering in my missionary labor as could be, which gave me double energy, knowing that her faithful care and prayers were always behind me, and that I was on the care of God's people everywhere looking continually at the promise, I am with you to the end of the world. His merits and pleadings and promises, was, and is my mainstay always. To whom shall we go but unto Thee, who has the word of Eternal Life. Whom have I in heaven but Thee and none on Earth whom I desire beside Thee, Who is the Teacher, the Hearer, and the Answerer of prayers, for I had often to notice His providential preservations on unworthy me, from many dangers among wild beasts and Indians, and severe climate, when others suffered. Then who made the difference. What have we but what we have received. Can I but acknowledge his goodness, patience, for bearance, and long suffering. O that men would praise the Lord for his goodness, and for his wonderful works to the children of men. For He satisfieth the longing soul, and filleth the hungry soul with goodness. Let us exalt Him in the congregations of his people, and praise Him in the Assembly of His people sincerely, Amen.

I also got acquainted with good people from Scotland, who stayed for a little time in Pictou, and after a few years made off to Canada, and were writing back to some of my neighbours, concerning the difference in the climate, and mildness of the winter, and the excellency of the soil, and the greatness of the yielding of the crop of every kind, only that the roads in Canada were often bad, but everything else very good, and as I could not doubt their testimony, especially Old Mr. Barclay, myself, and some two or three families, took a notion that we, having great families of sons & daughters, should sell out and come to Canada. So I consulted with my wife as serious as we could, and by meditation and prayer we thought we were encouraged to come, and some of my stations were getting ministers of their own, and getting a strong Presbytery, and also took into their counsel to destroy the secession College of Pictou, by applying to government to keep back the 400 £ annually given to them, and as the case was before the Parliament of Halifax, and two of our ministers went into Halifax to watch and plead with their lawyers about this case, tidings came out that the country should be searched all over to see what the majority of the people should subscribe for the college, or against it, and in this service our Mr. McRae, who was at home, pitched on me to go and search for the Established party. And so I consented and laboured faithfully, on horseback all day, and a part of the night, and got all I could. And on the road at night I met my opponent of the secession party, a good man I believe, but we stood a long time, and both smart enough for argument about our doings. Law was on my side, but I believe right was on his side. However, I could silence him, and we parted. We would fight with nothing but the tongue but that is an evil which no man can tame &c. But when I parted with Duncan Cameron, I could not quench my own conscience, and had a bitter night of it, and a new light upon the matter. On Sabbath morning after that, I gave my papers to Rev. Mr. McRae, and when dismissing us, he called us to meet all of us, to-morrow at the church at the usual time for a special matter which he could not speak of now. And so we did, and when he opened the meeting in a worshiping form, he said that we must know that our ministers while in Halifax would be very expensive &c, that the business was ours as well as theirs, and that he called us together for money to help them. He demanded some of them to speak to answer him. I arose immediately, very near him, and took out a quarter and told him, "Although this shilling would pay the whole sum, you will not get it from me". Why destroy their college, why don't you make a college of your own. If I have a barn would you burn it because you have none of your own. Under a great astonishment he said, "I thought you would be the last man to speak that way." I told him I took the honor of being the first man &c. And after that he had to dismiss the people without getting a copper to my knowledge. After that we made up our minds for Canada, and then through that winter I gave out my lots of land for sale, and by next May we got ready with the other three families, also some unmarried lads and we never repented of it &c. And although we all met with difficulties and bereavements, but that comes to us anywhere, and we with our families might

be in a far worse part of the world than Canada, although it was very dark and dismal 47 years ago. We got hardship in getting a schooner with one little mast for sailing, and only three hands to work it, all the way from Pictou to Quebec, and met an horrible stormy night on Bay Chaleur, where we passed a ship with three big masts and all riggins, and said to have 500 passengers from Ireland on board of it, and were all lost and drowned that very night &c. We got out of our course very far among the Magdala Islands, east of Anticosti, and spent many days coming the St. Lawrence, by flowing and ebbing, until we got to Quebec, and after delaying for some hours I ran up and saw all I could see of the Lower town and Upper town of Quebec, and I thought very little of the whole, after the great name we had of Quebec, with its narrow, steep, and dirty streets. Halifax was then a beauty in my view beside Quebec, although others do not think so, every man to his fancy. But we felt cause for thankfulness, when we found ourselves safe in Quebec, and were told of the total loss of the big ship of Bay Chaleur, which we envied when running like a pigeon past it at the mercy of the wind. But He who rideth on the wings of the winds, and maketh the clouds His Chariot, and sits on the Throne of the Unniversal, spared and cared for us &c.

(This was the last publication of Dr. C. Bruce Fergusson. The original document has not yet been found and if this can be identified a note will appear in the next Annual Report.)