Paddy O'Neil Restx105BN@x1

Reel 105BNo.1

Oh ye sons of high birth as you're snug on dry land Round your turf-sparklin' fire and whiskey and ham, That near takes a heal th, neither thinks of the boys Who That are fighting through battles, through tempest and noise. Come and list to my ditty, 'tis true I declare, Such shanking and swimmin' would make youse all XMEARX stare, Such storms, squibs, an dcrack rs both whizzed at my tail Since the press gang got hold of poor Paddy O'Neil. 2

It was Augustithe first I set out like a b ol From Kilkenney to Dublin to see Larren's stool, My brothers, their cousins, had often wrote down They bid me come see how they flourished in town. But I scarce had set foot in thathorrible place When I met with a spalpen stared me in the face, He beckoned the press gang to come without fail Sure in he gobbled poor Paddy O'Neil.

ye

How eager they run as they though with their prize, They took me for a sailor rigged up in disguise, But a hell of a blunder they'd made in their strife, For I'd ne'er seen a ship nor the sea in me life. But away to Otunda(?) they bid me prepare, Such terriblest devils and master was there, I cursed and I swore but it did not avail In acell oh they plugged me, poor Paddy O'Neil.

Then a big wooden monster rode out on the tide, With a large row of teeth oh stuck fast to his side, They bid me to mount it my hands for to keep, To hang on with my trotters for fear I would slip. I let go with my hands to hang on with my toes, But the thing gave a roll an daway my head goes, I fell in the water and splashed like a whale And was boathooked and fished out, poor Paddy O'Neil.

Now a shout, andwith laughten they histed me in, To a huge wooden whirl full of riot and din, Such blocks and such pullin', such sticks made me high, And big were the blankets hung out for to dry. They stuck sticks in the capstan as they afterwards found, And a lad sittin' tight while they twisted him round, The ship weighedher anchors, red wings, and set sail, Was afraid of live lumber and Paddy O'Neil.

Then to go down below I expressed a great wish, What he lived under waterlike so many fish, I was mixed in a dish with some more of the crew They called in Ban Yanger, but they gave me bergoo, And a bed in a sack about as high as me chin, They called it a hammock and bid me get in,, I took holt, gave a jump, but my foot in was frailsed, And they tossed me over, poor Paddy O'Neil. F5630 23.238.2 MF289.474 With some help I got in where I rocked all the night, But when day broke my rest broke in a horrible fright, Up hammocks, down chests, was the cry from all parts, There's a French ship in sight, up and down went me heart. To a gun I was stationed, I said with an oath, To take off its bridgen and muzzle its mouth, To lift up the apron that govered its tail, And to lead in string gib to poor Paddy O'Neil.

And away we went at it without hub or calm, As the Frenchman gave up as he thought a bad job, To leave him behind along port did it bring And we towed him along like a pig in a string, And away to old England we dragged the French boys, And the sight of the land made me seasick for joy, They'd made a new peace, for the wars had grown stale, They said all hands adrift, and poor Paddy O'Neil. 9 straight

Now safe on dry land a **xxie** course I will steer, Not a cat head nor cat block or bosun or cat fear, To be shot ina a lockup or cursed I'll be bound For Saturday night should last all the week round. But should peace go to sleep and the wars come again, By the powers above I will venture again, Take another dry voyage and bring home a fresh tale, And you'd laugh till you cried at poor Paddy O'Neil.

Sung by Mr. Scott Stuart, St. Andrews, N.B.

Question: Where did you learn your songs, Mr. Stuart? Answer: From Uncle Sergeant Stuart, the mostof them. As I was telling you, my old uncle was a sailor. Oh I heard a few ofid ones. I've fordotten them all. I don't know any now. I don't use them. When I was a young fellow along with the boys I sang a lot of them but after I got married and settled down here never bothered with them. You see I didn't see the young fellows at all. I never sing alone, unless somebody comes along and says, 'I heard you singing a song, and would you hum it over for us?' So perhpas under those circumstances I might sing for them. That's the only time I sing, outside of some proposition like this. Q: You have no trouble remembering the words?

A: No, I have no trouble remembering the words. If I can remember half a piece, usually I can remember the whole of it, but some of them gets away from me altogether, and I can't remember any of them because perhaps I didn't just choice them as a songy you see. Q. Did you learn them by seeing them written down, or just by hearing them sung?

Recorded from Mr. Scott Stuart, June 1959, by Helen Creighton.

Story of the song, The Ghostly Sailors, and Talk Reel 105BNo.2 About Grand Manan

Question: You were speaking about the Ghostly Crew, Mr. Stuart? Answer: Yes, that 's the name we got it by. We always knew it by that name. You call it the Ghostly Sailors? It's the same thing.

Q: What's the story about it?

A. They were fishin' on Geroges , fishin' mackerel, and accordin' to the way we have heard the story told, they were tryin to get the first mackerel to shore to get the highest price. And they both loaded the same time, the two vessels. Well they was racin'. It amounted to speed to know who was going to get there, and good judgement if it came thick, you see, to make the market. Well it has been said that the two vessels were so near matched in speed that it was a case to know which would land first. MIn the middle of the night in a snowstorm, the fellow behind, thinkin' that the other fellow was going to beat him to it, ran over him a-purpose to put him out of business. Q: You'd think he'd be afraid to; that he might put himself out of business.

A: You'd think so, al though I never believed that. I wouldn't say that out there on a thick night - well that was their plea, that it was so thick they didn't see her, but what appalledme more than anything, if the two vessels were near the same speed, as they say they were, I don't see how the hind fellow could run the other fellow down . He couldn't catch him, but some other people had it that one of them was layin' to waitin' for clear weather. They laid to, you know, with ride-in sail or the mainsail refred down. So they lay easy, andpeople say - oh this is jast a snapshot anyway -thatone ran into the other, and then it come out afterwards that it was done a-purposely, but then of course they'd say that anyway. to make a story of it. But that's the idea anyway, that one ran the other down a-purposely.

Q: I thought there was a big stormand they lost control of the ship, the Charles Haskell so that she ran the other one down.

A: If they lost on the l of her, I don't know in what way that could be. If she run the other one down they'd be still controlling her or they couldn't have run her down.

Q: I mean they didn'tlint end to run her down but they lost control. A: Well if they hit her in thick weather, thatwould account for them running her down , that it was not done purposely. That's proof enough. We'll never know. Yep.

Q: That was the story told aro undthe shore, wasit?

A: Yes, round among the fishermen, and the old residenters that had come from Gloucester and hadfish edput of there in their younger days and had then retired, you see, an dcame home for the rest of their life, they brought these stories with them. And one of the outstanding stories told - there've been so many stories told that it on't figure up the same. In order to tell the story po perly you'd have

to fix the story up yourself to suit yourself. You understand that. But this one, the story seems to be the same. I think the name of the other fellow was the High Flyer. I think so. I know the one that run her down was the Charles Haskell. I've been abord of her, right down in the Irish Channel where I lived. Yes, the captain was standin' on the deck and my father and I was goin' fishin', and when we come along so we could read her name he says, 'Ah son, there she is. There's the ghost ship, the Charles Haskell. ' Well I'd heard the song, and I says, 'So it is.' He says, 'Let's go aboard her so you can say you've been aboard. ' The captain seen is comin'. He was a perfect gentleman. He says, 'Come aboard me, come aboard, ' He was layin' there to get what we call bait. Sardine herrin' from some of the weirs. He was takin' them down to Gloucester to the fishin' fleet. There used b be a lot of them American sharpshooters come in there, and take bait, and them some way through the trouble between American and Canadian waters they put a ban on it and the American vessels never come back. And when the American vessels left, the big herring left. They've never come back since. And that's the truth. Sardine down there around Deer Island were al ways quite plentiful and when it would come late in the season the big herrin' - the great big herrin' - would come in all around Fish Island Harbour, a little place about 3 or 4 mile in circumference. Probably about a mile across her, about a mile. It would be just a-bubbling with them great large herrings . They'd set their nets out, you know? In the mornin' when they'd go on their watch their nets would have so much weight of herrin' they'd be sunk. Q: Why are there not so many now? A: Well they don't know, but there's the story. When they drove the American fishermen out the herrin' left, so they have never made any use of their nets since. Q:Going back to the Charles Haskell, who ownedit when you saw it? A: A company in Gloucester. A company owned at 1 the vessels excepting a very few men were able to build and own their own vessels. Q: Were they able to get a crew for it after A: Oh gracious goodness yes, just as soon as one man volunteered. he al ways had to llowers. He told my father, and I set there and listened; he says this vessel, after this happened, was hauled up in Gloucester for nine years and she never was used. And he said after the expiration of nine years I seen her layin' there. Well he says, you know, we dismissed her. He says, I don't believe in that kind of stuff, and I asked why they never used her, and they said there was a sad story told about her, and nobody would take her since. ' Well he says, 'Is she al right? Is she tight? ' and they said, 'Yes, she's quite a new vessel .' Well he says, ' I'd like to have he rif no one else has spoke for her. ' 'Well you're very welcome to her, and do you think you can get a crew? ' 'I can get a crew sall right, ' so it was only just jig time he fore he got the crew. He said, 'I've had her 9 years since I hauled her off'. He says, 'She's as nice a little thing as I ever stepped my foct aboard of. ' My father says to him, 'And you've never seen anything

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out of the way aboard of her?' 'Not an earthly thing that we couldn't account for.'

Q: Well they probably never wentover the same spot again. A: I don'tknow. The chances are that there would be quote sharp shooting if they did, but in either case there wouldn't be nothing on that man. His conscience was clear. But that's the story he told. He says is he was hauled up for nine years and I've had her for nine years, 'an dI never stepped aboard anything nicer in my life. She was allittle sharpshooter, I would sa y, about 70 or 80 tons, perhaps. Two topmasts, and a pretty/little thing with a gasding cut water - a gilded cut water, and the old sharpshooter stern, what they call a V stern, kind of tapering and then come al ong round, you know. She was a pretty thing. Q: She didn'thave a figurehead, did she ?* A: Oh yes, she had the figurehead forward. Crew all set to make a fine figurehead to ornament above the boom. Yes, she hadafigurehead. That's what is known round here as a cut water, but of course it's bove the water, you know. A figure right up under the bowsprit, just at the head of the stem. It's made apart from the vessel, and put on. Some people build it right on but the most, especially the later vessels, - in n fact they've nearly all gone out now - they made this thing apart.from the vessel, and put it on the stem so if they happened to want to shift, they could take it off, do you see? Yep. So they made the thing, in lots of cases, long after the vessel was finished. The cap tain would say, 'Boys, I think you'd better make her a figurehead, ' when they wasn't doing

anything, so there was a song made up of it. It was made up about the figurehead, andother thim s with it. I forget the song now. I just remember a little bit of it. When the captain gave the order to lower the boat and save the crew, he said, But

When the crew all sat and made a fine xxaxent figurehead To ornament the Bugaboo.

You see they didn'tpay any attention to the vessel sinking at all, they was making a figurehead for her. It was the <u>Bugaboo</u>. These items that I just remember, you know, since I was a child hearing the old fellows.

Told by Mr. Scott Stuart, St. Andrews, and recorded by Helen Creighton, JMANE 1959 May

Stories of Grand Manan

Reel 105No.3

Question: Has Grand Manan a ghost, Mr. Stuart? Answer: Oh no, not now. She was speaking about something that happened years ago. To tell the story as I heard it, there was two brothers lived, after their father died, on Grand Manan. Their father was building a nice big new house while he lived, andafter he died off, the youngest boy, so the story runs, fell heir to the house because the older brother had hired or rented an older house, you see. When the new house fell heir to the young fellow he miffed it. He didn'tlike it. He thought he should have a part in it too. Still he was married and had a house of his own. So, the way the story runs, that the young fellow begin to see ghosts in his new home after his father had died, and he couldn't account for it. At lasthe got so frightened that he couldn't live there. He was driven out. Well, there was a young gentle-man showed up from some part of the States - United States and he waslooking around. He wasgoing to stay for a time on Gran d Manan in the summer season, and he hunted around to see if there was a vacant house. They says, 'Young So and So has a house, but you can't live there because it's haunted. " 'Good gracious, I'd like to know where it is. Do you know where?' and they directed him to where the young fellow lived. He went. 'Are you Mr. So and So?' 'Yes.' 'I hear you have a house that you are not living in?' 'Yes, it's the home stead. I don't live there because I can't. ' And why can't you live there?' He says, 'It's haunted.' 'Oh, haunt ed. Is that it.' 'Yeh.' He says, 'And there's no one living there now at al 1? What's the nature of the ghost? 'Chains, groans, rattle, groan all night. ! 'At what time does this take place?' 'Oh along about midnight ' That's ghosttime, you know, and he says, 'I'd like to go and look your housepver. It would be no harm.' He says, 'Go ahead. You can look it over just as much as you're a mind to. So he went, with the young fellow's permission. He give him the key and he went in. It was all locked up, andhe gave him the key and it was in good fine shape, but Bas time hadgrown cobwebs and a little dust, but everything outside of that was in pretty good shape, so he made a fire in the big stove and warmed the place up, and in the evening he went to the fellow and he says 'Look, would you hire that's me if I can live there?' He says 'I'll hire it to anybody if they can live there. In fact you can try it an dit won't costyou anything for a while till you find out whether you can live there or not, and if you can, 'he says, 'I're hire it to you. That's fair.' So his wife was with him. She says, 'Oh I'm going ,' b her husband. He says, 'No. ' She didn'tknow an ything bout this. He says, 'No, you ain't going to-night, you'll get a cold there. ' He says, 'I'm going to stay there to-night and then you can go to-morrow night. '

So he took his big bull dog, so commonly known, and he shoved it in his hip pocket and he went to the house after it come night, an dhe built up his fire, lit his lamps, and he set b readin' to the oven door of the stove with his feet up. He wasn't thinkin' very much about spooks, you know, and right on the dot of twelve o'clock, right over the top of his head come this heavy rattle of a chain, and oh one of the most terrible groans you ever heard. It took a raise out of him for a minute and then he says ! I got down to business. What would that fellow want to ghost me for? I never hurt him. " And he say siFinnaly I heard a heavy step on the top step coming down stairs and the chain come down, partly rattled, and down come mother heavy step, 'and he said to himself, 'That's a heavy ghost. ' and he says, "it landed in the hall and the chain rattled down the stairs. And oh such alterrible groan. ' He says, ' I just took out my revolver and I wal ke do to the door and I hauledit open and I held the gun right up. ! He said, 'And there stood a cow lookin' me right fair in the face. Even the horns were illuminated. The eyes and the knuckles(?) the most. ' He says, 'Well, well, well. You're a pretty good speciman of a beastyxhux all right, but what possessed you, Mr. Cow, to come in here and ghost this man that has just left this house and can't live here? ! He says, 'You haul that off you. I'll just give you thirty seconds or I'll drill you so full of holes that you won't know whether you're a cow or an elephant. ' And he says, ' He tried to bluff me, he says, come on, I'm only going to tell you once more and I'll pull the trigger. ' He says, 'Oh mister, don't tell on me. I'm a brother to the man that lived here. I thought he wasn't using me fair. ' He says, 'You ain't got no right to ghost your brother or anybody else in a way like this. 'He says, 'Be a man and have it out with him face to face. But to come in here and try to ghost me out of here that's not your brother, and no rellation to you, and never did anything to hurt you, you get that thing off you quick or I'll change my mind and I'll kill you anyway. ' and he said he mattled the stuff off and he was a nice looking young gentleman. And he was the young fellow's brother that couldn'tlive there. His own brother had ghosted him out of this house. Now that's the story that is told, and it had to be the stranger to find it out. Q: And that happens don Grand Manan? How long ago? A: Oh quite a while ago. I think it's some where just about in my range of life. Probably 70 or 80 years ago. Yea. I heard a fisherman used to fish out of Wood's Harbour, Captain William Batchman (? }. He lived on Campobello down here. When he wasta young man he used to come to our house. He come there a lot and he told us alot of these stories, and that was among the bunch. And then I've heard someone else mention it since. Yes, that heard about it at the same time. But Captain Batchman was a great handto tell a story, and agreat singer. Oh a lovely singer.

He could sing some of the most beautiful songs, but I was too

young to catch them then.

Question: Ate there any so my s about Grand Manan? A: I & n'tknow of any. There might be allot of 'em. If there are, they keep them there. Nobody don't know them here.

Q: Do you know the story of the man who was wreckedon the Lord Ashburton? And was found on the cliff side?

A: Oh I believe there was two saved. My father lived right dose to where the Lord Ashburton was lost, near, or about the same time that she was lost there. He lived at a place called Eel Brook. The Lord Ashburton was lost near what they call the Seven Days Works. There's 7 ridges in the bank that look just like they are cut out, like steps, you know? And they called in the Seven Days Works. She waspost right there, the Lord Ashburton. Q: Seven Days Works?

A: Seven Days Works. That's what it's called, and Eelt Brook stands back just a short time. There was McInnes and Lawson was saved. Lawson hada cobbler store right there, close to where father lived. "e lost his legs. They froze, you know. And Mc Innes went away somewhere. I believe Lawson - I don't know whether the died on Grand Manan, but I might infer that he did. But McInnes, I never knew what become of him; he wandered away somewhere. But right on the bank, pretty high on the cliff - my father told me manys the time I remember, that there's a rough headstone carved out there, and he says it's in memory of twenty-one men lost on the Lord Ashburton . Yea, layin' there. McInnes and Lawson was saved. I think Lawson said he was a young man very gatterly (?) when she hit on the mast. He run ashore on one of the masts, or he said he did, and McInneswashed ashore.

Q: Lawson was foundpretty high up, wasn't he?

A: He got up himself. They found McInneson the beach, but Lawson said he blew over the bank. It's up there - I don't know how far it is. It may be a couple of hundred feet, and he said the wind blew him up. It must have been blowing pretty hard. There was no houses then very close, and he wandered with his feet frozen, or half frozen, until at lasthe found some place of refuge where they was living and they got him in, and/d d all they could for him, but not until he had lost the use of his feet. They set him up in business there.

Q: They gave him a Newfoundland dog to o?

A: I couldn't say about that, but I know that they made up among the people, that they got to like, because he was very much of a gentleman, and the sad story coupled up with his hard luck, they made up andbuilt him a cobbler shop that he could work in, and got him some bois where he did very well for himself. I guess his handswere still intact.

Q: I think they had a little cart, and a dog to graw the cart so he could go about her wasplacebigeplacekand the peopless shoes. A: Very likely.

But we had an old gentleman down there on Deer Island by the name of Joe Stuart. He was a distant relative of my father's. And this man arrived to his home one day and he says, Who are you?! He was a great man to ask questions. We called him Tryas. Uncle Tryas(?). He says, 'I'm Lawson, ' he says, 'from Gran d Manan. ' ' Oh! he says, ' you wouldn't be the man that was lost on the Lord Ashburton, " he says. He says, 'No, I'm the man that was saved.' It was quite a joke afterwards. 'You wouldn'the the man that was lost on the Lord Ashburton? ' 'No. I'm the one that wassaved. ' That's the story of the Lord Ashburton. McInmes and Lawson was the only two that was saved out of her. There was some women. Captain White was there and I think his daughter, if I remember my father telling the story. I think he mentioned his wife and daughter. And I think some of the other crew members had their wives there. But they were all lost but the two men. Q: Were there ever any wrecks at Deer Island? A: No, it's not rough enough there. A boat on Deer Island comin! ashore . She might gnaw the side out of her, but no ocean sea just as so on as the tide goes down, you know -Q: What about Campobello? A: Just the same on the inside. On the outside there's been some vessels gone ashore there, because that has the rake of the wind and sea clean from Nova Scotia. Wolves is the only thing lays in the way, and that wouldn't be very much. Q: What are the Wolves? A: The long islands between Nova Scotia and the north shore. The rugged wolves lie to and fro, west by south and They're a lot of little islands. Eastern Wolf is the largest, and they've all got - there's Eastern Wolf and Fat Pot and Green Island and Southern Wolf, and oh I forget. And Popple's Island. I've been ashore there myself. There's a great well there. Q: And are there people living on these island? A: I guess about the only thing in the shape of life is at the southern head where the light is. The lighthouse, and there's somebody tends that the year round. Q: He lives there all alone? A: No no, they're married and have families. There's only the one family as far as I know, unless of late years they have built- but the Wolves - the government at one time - the Eastern Wolf was pretty well timbered, and the government sentacrew there, ownedby the government, and cut the logs off of it, and there was quite a good time on it for a while then, you know, but since that time I guess nobody lives there. Well, there may be somellive lives on the Eastern Wolf now. Maybe I'm going too far. I haven't been out there for years and years. Q: What would have taken you out? A: Fishing. We'd go ashore there to get firewood for the stove, and to get water.

Conversation with Mr. Scott Stuart, St. Andrews, N.B., recorded by Helen Creighton, May 1959 Ree1 105B

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1. Paddy O'Neil (pronounced O'Nail); sung by Mr. Scott Stuart, St. Andrews, N.B.; Irish folk song of the sea, comic, 9 double VS : Words compting of the sea, comic,

9 double vs.; words sometimes indistinct; conversation about learning songs.
2. Story about the Song, The Ghostly Sailors: told by Mr. Scott

Stuart: compare with story in my file Legends from Brand Manan; there is interesting dialect here where settlers were of New England stock.

3. Ghost Story & Others from Grand Manan; told by Mr. Scott Stuart; the ghost story is amusing and well told; again the dialect is interesting here.

Reel 152B17-18

Guiding oar we are going Where the swift current's flowing On my journey to my home Where the waters swirl and foam. Cho. Row on, row on, Row on, row on. When the summer's sun is sinking Overhead the swallow's winging to his home, He will fly to his nest where he is wont to rest. But I evermore shall roam. Cho. In the cool shades of evening When my journey's at an ending for a day, I will sleep basidext beneath the stars beside an open fire And dream with much desire. Cho. 4 And in the morning early I will start upon my journey to my home, And when I reach the ocean where the waters wreathe with motion I will then have reached my home. Cho. Composed and sung by Finvola Redden, aged 14. Middle Musquodoboit, and recorded by Helen Creighton, Sept. 1955. Explanation of how song composed 22-24; One day Colin.my brother, came down and was very excited and told me that he'd found a boat up the river and so he got me to go up with him and we dicided we'd bring the boatdown the river.We got started off o.k. but the river wasfairly deep in someplaces and sand bars in some other places and every once in a while we'd get stuck on a sand bar and after a while Colin got angry and declared it was my fault that we had got stuck on the sand bar and I said it was his fault. So after I while I decided I d tease him and sing to him, so I began to sing to him." I composed it as I went along. Did he like it? No he didn't.

The wind's in my feet, I'm bound to go on, I've travelled by night and by day, The wind'sin my heart, I'm bound to go on, Go on for I cannot stay, 2

I must go on 1 know not where, I hear the call of the wind, I must go on, I cannot stay here, My heart hears the call of the wind.

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I roam o'er the fields, I roam o'er the hills, I RAR hear the wind say go, I roam o'er mountains, valleys, and rills, I RER hear my heart say go.

My feet age light as the fairies that dance On a nightin the month of June, My heart is as gay as a gypsy in May That wanders beneath the moon.

The wind's in my feet, I am boundto go on, I've travelledfor many a year, The wind's in my heart, I'm bound to go on, Go on, for I cannot stay here.

Composed and sung to herown piano accompaniment by Finvola Redden, aged 14, Middle Musquodohoit, and recorded by Helen Creighton, Sept/55

Finvola cannot remember any especial inspiration for this song. She justmade it up oneday.

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